Weather

Hot weather with threats of rain. The maximum temperature yesterday was 90.7 and the minimum 74.5, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 91.6 and 69.3.

The China Press

大陸報

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The Mail Box

MAILS for America-Europe, Str. China, July 25.

FOR Europe and way ports, Str. Iyo Maru, July 24.

FROM America and Europe, Str. Monteagle, July 31.

FROM Europe and way ports, Str. Dunera, August 3.

ATTEMPT TO RELEASE WU FAILS; KIN-HAN RESUMES

Efforts Of Associates Frustrated By Hupeh Tuchun's Stand

MORE MUNITIONS

Trunks Of Gunpowde And Bombs Found In Chinese City

TRAFFIC NORMAL

Arrangements Made By Wang Chan-yuan To Re-open Line

(*Staff Wire To* THE CHINA PRESS)

Hankow, July 21.—Various means of attempting to release Wu Kwan-hsin, the brother-in-law of Marshal Tuan who was captured by Tuchun Wang Chan-yuan for attempted murder, have failed. Both his former associates here and in Peking are trying to effect his liberation, but Wu is still a prisoner in the yamen of the Military Governor, who is firm in his demands.

Huge trunks of bombs and gunpowder prepared by Wu Kwan-hsin to smash the administrative buildings have been discovered in two hotels in the Chinese city, laying bare the scheme of Wu to turn Hupeh topsy turvy.

It is understood that Wu's clandestine plans were dictated to him by his relative, Tuan Chi-jui, through two telegrams sent to Hankow. The through traffic between Paotingfu and this city by the Kinhan railway line is arranged by General Wang Chuan-yuan and General Tsao Kun and will begin today.

CORRESPONDENT TELLS SITUATION AT HANKOW

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Hankow, July 18.—At the beginning of the past week, things seemed to be warming up between the Anfu and Chihli factions in the Wuhan trio of cities, Wuchang, Hankow and Hanyang. But few were aware of the fact that we were living over the crater with the groups of militarists working incessantly to intrench themselves in this center apparently for a coup d'etat. Until July 16, the military situation had not been disclosed. The eruption came all of a sudden in the night of July 16, when Hankow was shaken by firing of machine guns between the Anfu and Chihli forces right near the city of Hankow.

Since the fall of Yochow, Hunan, General Wang Chan-yuan, Military Governor of Hupeh, had been devoting his whole time in preserving peace and order in the province. He took no interest in the struggle between the Anfu and Chihli parties, and was known as a fence-rider.

When General Chang Ching-yao, an important Anfu general, was routed from Hunan by the Southerners, General Wang concentrated his efforts in preventing his soldiers from going rampant. He was instructed by the Central Government to take over the charge of Chang's troops and keep them within bounds. This he did and people here are thankful for relieving these cities from molestation from Chang Ching-yao's soldiers. But that his attitude was neither pro nor anti either party was known to every observer.

ASKED TO STATE POLICY

At the beginning it is understood that General Wang received a telegram from General Tsao, Military Governor of Chihli and the great anti-Anfu leader in the present struggle. In this telegram General Tsao urged General Wang to expressly state his own policy, whether pro or anti the Chihli party. General Wang was also pressed for an early decision on this.

Meanwhile, General Feng Yu-hsiang, the Christian General, was ordered by the Peking administration to withdraw from Changteh and march his troops to Ichang and Shasi to look after the defense measures in those districts of Hupeh. General Wang telegraphed General Feng, asking him to move his forces to Wuchang and

(Continued on Page 3)

British "Flying Columns" Patrol Irish Streets

British cavalry patrolling the town of Enneskerry, County Wicklow, Ireland. These "flying columns," as they are known, are now patroling all towns and villages in the troubled districts of Ireland. The troopers are heavily armed.

ARAB REBELLION ON EUPHRATES IS SPREADING

Rumeita Relief Column Suffers Over 400 Casualties In Operations

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 20.—The War Office states: Operations of the column sent from Bagdad to relieve Rumeita (not Rumaila as at first cabled) on the Euphrates have been hampered by the Arabs continually cutting the railway.

British aeroplanes effectively bombed Rumeita and the Arabs have sustained heavy casualties at the hands of troops and aeroplanes.

The rebellion appears to have spread to the Shamiyah district, where at least one tribe has joined the insurgents, but it has not spread beyond the Middle Euphrates area.

Approximate British casualties are 160 killed or missing and 244 wounded.

REINFORCEMENTS ORDERED

London, July 20.—In the House of Commons this afternoon, replying to Mr. George Lambert (South Molton, Liberal), Mr. Winston Churchill stated that larger reinforcement had been ordered from India to Mesopotamia.

The Commander-in-Chief in Mesopotamia was fully authorised to take any measures for concentration or contraction that the situation required: therefore there was no reason for anxiety with regard to the general safety of the garrisons.

The small force at Rumeita was still holding out, being supplied by air.

FRENCH AND SYRIANS AT WAR

King Feisul's Attitude On Communications Line Is Cause

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 20.—According to a telegram from an authoritative French source, a state of war exists between the French and Feisul, King of Syria, in consequence of Feisul's temporising attitude in connection with the French endeavor to arrange the use of the Beyrout-Aleppo line via Reyak, which latter place is just within Feisul's territory.

The use of this line is essential for transport and communications for the French troops in East Cilicia who are endangered, owing to the action of Mustapha Kemal's forces, who have cut the other railway hitherto available.

The French have now, without opposition, occupied Reyak, which is the main junction for Damascus; and will probably occupy other railway strategic points.

The French point out that their action is dictated by military circumstances; that they have every intention of respecting Feisul's sovereignty under the mandate allotted to the French by the Turkish treaty and the Anglo-French agreement; but that, if necessary, they will occupy the whole Beyrout-Aleppo railway in order to safeguard the situation until Feisul guarantees unimpeded traffic.

ARMISTICE NOTE IS REJECTED BY BOLSHEVIKI

Decline To Attend A Peace Conference; England Not Impartial

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 20.—The Times states that the Bolshevik reply to the British note proposing an armistice with Poland practically rejects the British proposals.

The Bolsheviks decline to attend a peace conference in London, on the ground that England is not impartial.

The reply, the Times understands, further declines to accept any conditions regarding General Wrangel and the refugees in the South Russia, but demands their unconditional capitulation.

TONE IS SARCASTIC

The whole tone of the reply is described as "sarcastic."

Later.—The British reply to Russia was despatched tonight. It is felt that Chicherin's reply to the British note is most ambiguous, and it is now desired to get a definite explanation of the Russian note, which is open to different interpretations.

If the Bolsheviks invade Poland the negotiations for a resumption of trade with Russia will be broken off.

◆

Polish War Orphans Arrive At Tsuruga

Children On Way To America Cared For By Japanese Red Cross

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, July 22.—Fifty-three Polish war orphans, on their way from Vladivostok to America arrived at Tsuruga this morning and will arrive at Tokio tomorrow, where they will be cared for by the Japanese Red Cross until the next steamer sails for America.

Three hundred orphans altogether are coming from Vladivostok. The majority of those who have arrived are poorly dressed, some being without shoes. Many of them have received monetary donations from Japanese officers at Vladivostok.

The Japanese public is showing its sympathy for the children in many ways.

◆

WANG YI TANG IS NAMED IN WARRANT

Reports received in Shanghai yesterday were that a warrant had been issued for the arrest of Gen. Wang Yi-tang, Chief Northern Peace delegate by Gen. Li Shun, Tuchun of Kiangsu, who has aligned himself with his considerable military forces on the side of the Chihli faction in the controversy that has brought about war in the north.

It is stated that the charges set forth in the indictment against General Wang are more or less political in character and the method to be followed in serving the warrant—as Gen. Wang since he came to Shanghai a year ago has been a resident of the International Settlement, living at Hardoon's Gardens—has not yet been disclosed.

IRISH POLICE RETALIATE ON SINN FEINERS IN CO. GALWAY

Sack Town Of Tuam After Seeing Bodies Of Murdered Comrades

DAMAGE ESTIMATE £100,000

Fighting In Cork When Unarmed Soldiers Are Ill-Treated And Fired On

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 20.—A band of from 40 to 50 armed men ambushed four policemen who were motoring from Galway assizes to Dunmore last night.

Two of the constables were mortally wounded. The survivors, who had discharged all their ammunition, were overpowered, relieved of their rifles, blindfolded and sent to Tuam, where disturbances broke out.

It is alleged that the police sacked the town, houses and shops being fired, business houses demolished and the town gutted. No casualties are reported.

DAMAGE £100,000

London, July 20.—The damage at Tuam, Co. Galway, which the police are stated to have sacked, following the murder of two constables on the road from Galway to Dunmore, is estimated at £100,000.

The official account of the outbreak admits that the police broke control on seeing the bodies of their murdered comrades. The account adds that shots were fired and the police allege that they were fired on.

CURFEW ORDER IN CORK

London, July 19.—The official military report of last night's fighting at Cork says that unarmed soldiers, out walking, were ill-treated and fired at. Patrols sent into the city were fired at from houses and pavements. They returned the fire, using altogether 148 rounds. One civilian was seen to fall.

The general officer commanding at Cork has issued a curfew order which operates from ten in the evening until three in the morning.

It was found impossible to hold an inquest on the death of Colonel Smyth, as only nine jurors attended, while twelve are necessary.

BURN MILITARY CLOTHING

This afternoon three wagons of military clothing were saturated with petrol and burned at Kingsbridge station, Dublin. The guard was disarmed and the fire brigade refused to lend assistance.

◆

DYER DEBATE HOLDS HOUSE

Lords In Hot Argument On Case Of General At Amritsar

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 20.—The debate in the House of Lords on General Dyer's case, begun yesterday, was concluded tonight.

Lord Finlay's motion "Deploring the conduct of General Dyer's case as unjust to him and as establishing a precedent dangerous to the preservation of order in face of rebellion" was carried by 129 votes to 86.

In the course of the debate, Lord Milner declared that action like General Dyer's at Amritsar tended to undermine rather than strengthen authority.

"TERRIBLE ERROR"

The firing was a terrible error of judgment involving fearful consequences, but the Government would have committed a more terrible mistake, if for fear of unpopularity they had hesitated to condemn General Dyer's action.

Lord Milner contended that the Government had dealt considerately and leniently with General Dyer.

Lord Meston, who was formerly a leading member of the Indian Civil Service, described General Dyer's action as unjustifiable. He denied that the security of the Punjab had depended on it.

Lord Curzon said that the condemnation of General Dyer rested on his own statements. Lord Curzon particularly denounced the humiliating order which General Dyer had given that Indians should crawl on their stomachs down a street where a European lady had been assaulted.

British Suffer Casualties In Mahsud Attack

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 21.—The India Office announces that a British force on July 10, bombarded the hostile Mahsud stronghold at Makin in Waziristan and met with little opposition, but the tribesmen actively followed up the force as it returned to camp, killing 2 and wounding 29 men. The enemy's losses are not known.

RESOLUTE WINS THIRD RACE FOR 'AMERICA'S' CUP

Sir Thomas Lipton Reported Not Satisfied With Handling Of Shamrock

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, July 21.—The Resolute today won the third race for the America's Cup on her time allowance. The Shamrock crossed the starting line nineteen seconds ahead of the Resolute.

There was a light south-east wind and the weather was fair. On rounding the half-way mark Resolute was leading by two minutes.

SECOND RACE DESCRIBED

Sandy Hook, July 20.—The resailed second race for the America's Cup, in which the Shamrock scored her second victory, started shortly after noon today.

The Shamrock crossed the line 38 secs. ahead of the Resolute, who however shortly assumed the lead but was repassed three-quarters of an hour later.

The challenger rounded the first mark of the triangular course 600 yards ahead and led by nearly a mile when half the course was covered. She maintained her advantage at the second mark.

While racing homeward a big hole appeared in the Shamrock's baloon jib, whereby she lost several seconds but reached the goal first, winning, according to official time, by 2mins. 26secs. after conceding the requisite allowance to the Resolute.

Captain Burton's skilful handling of the Shamrock, together with her sailing qualities, evoked much admiration from experts.

UNFAVORABLE COMMENT

New York, July 19.—Most of the newspapers today declare that Sir Thomas Lipton intended to change the skipper of the Shamrock, and the manner in which the challenger was handled in the first two races is generally unfavorably commented.

Sir Thomas Lipton is reported to have been perturbed on reading the newspaper statements that he intended to supersede Captain Burton, but he is said to have asserted that Captain Burton will be at the wheel tomorrow, adding: "After that I cannot say, and naturally I won't discuss the subject."

It is admitted that an exchange has been considered but the general belief on board the Shamrock is that Captain Burton has been given one more chance.

◆

Spa Conference Results Described By M. Millerand

French Chamber Passes Vote Of Confidence In Government

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, July 20.—In the Chamber of Deputies this evening, M. Millerand, describing the results of the Spa Conference, said that an attempt had been made by Syria to play off Great Britain against France, but Great Britain had loyally recognised France's position in Syria.

M. Millerand said we wished success to Mr. Lloyd George's pourparlers with the Bolsheviki regarding an armistice with Poland, but M. Paul Cambon had just reported that the Bolsheviki, replying to Mr. Lloyd George, had sent "a note of rare impertinence."

The Chamber cheered M. Millerand's announcement that the Allies would defend Poland with all their forces if the Soviet did not accept the armistice.

The Chamber passed a vote of confidence in the Government by 420 votes to 152.

INTERNATIONAL TROOPS IN ARMORED TRAIN CLASH AGAINST ANFUITES AT FENGTAI, LATTER ARE DRIVEN BACK

Li Shun In Open Combat With Defeated Anfuites

Manifesto Issued By Kiangsu Tuchun Scoring Notorious Gang For Betraying Nation

Shifting the entire blame on the Anfu gang for the trouble in China, Tuchun Li Shun of Kiangsu yesterday issued a lengthy manifesto, urging the Anfuites to abandon their affiliation with the club and consider first their national interests.

Among the charges made by the Kiangsu Military governor against the club are muddling politics, practicing militarism, discrediting patriots, befriending ruffians, intimidating the president, "squeezing" money out of the national treasury and securing Japanese support.

THE MESSAGE

The message follows:

"Since the sudden turn of the political situation, the nation's foundation is shaken and the people's feeling is aroused. Tracing the source of all these troubles, the Anfu Club can not shift the blame. This traitorous club has been in power for years, muddling politics and practicing militarism, discrediting patriots and befriending ruffians. Selling the country is their only ability; and making loans from foreign capitalists is their only living. Their positions as parliamentarians they use as weapons of intimidation: and obtaining official influence is their method of stealing. They squeeze money through criminal ways and they spend it for illegal purposes. Millions of dollars from the national treasury have been thus spent during the past few years. And yet all this is the hard-earned money of the innocent people. The whole nation has been long poisoned by this ever-traitorous Anfu Club.

"The latest crime committed by the Club is the intimidation of the president summoning troops to Peking and threatening both the officialdom and the populace. The president's orders have been disregarded. The fate of the nation is at stake. I have been fearing all the time that as long as the traitors are in power, there will never be any real union in China, and as long as the true patriots do not come out there can never be any practical reconstruction. Looking at the future of China, the prospect is dark and hopeless. My patience is at an end. I have decided to perform the supreme duty.

UNSPARING BLAME

"I have been following my compatriots all the time, swearing that we must drive every traitor out of the country. I have taken this attitude, because I have been in the hope that these traitors would wake up some day, change their tactics and work together with the rest of us. Stubborn and unrealistic as ever, the Anfuities dare to fight against the Army of Salvation creating the situation of a house divided against itself. However, victory or defeat depends on where right and justice are, and on nothing else. Human beings after all possess conscience; and all conscientious men will not do anything against their conscience. News has been forthcoming during the past ten days, telling us the stories of the Anfu army divisions, some of them surrendering without fighting and some of them disarmed and disbanded. The fate of the battle is in sight. Yet the Anfuities are still gathering whatever forces under their command, ready to fight to the last ditch.

"If we should allow them to raise more armies and to wage a longer war, we will be considered as disloyal to the nation and unfaithful to the public. If I do not come out to support the patriotic cause, I shall be regarded as a coward for thousands of years to come. To protect the surrounded President and to seek for national safety, I like to declare my attitude once more to all of my fellow-countrymen. We must co-operate and fight to the finish, until the traitors capitulate.

"All those who are in sympathy with our cause are our supporters and will be welcomed by us, and those who dare to take a stand against the public sentiment, we shall treat them as the enemy of the nation, and we shall unite all forces of the country to destroy them.

ENEMY SURROUNDED

"In the north where the battles are being waged, the Anfuities and their armies are surrounded by our forces. It is only a matter of time when the traitors will receive their deserved fate. When they are driven out, the nation will be in a free position to undertake works of reconstruction once more. The president's freedom, his power and his prestige will be restored. Civil rule over military rule will be the order. The people's voices can then be heard and taken as a guide for reconstruction. Law will be the only ruling force again. And civilisation will once more take its way of progress and advancement.

"Unless we make this fundamental clean-up, it is hard to see any future hope for China. It is indeed true that fighting within the family itself is a matter to be greatly regretted. It is also true that when the question of right and justice is involved, we must make costly sacrifices. Fighting within the family is sometimes an imperative necessity, if we want to preserve the peace and order in the family. I sincerely hope that all our friends among the Anfuites will seriously think about their duty toward the country and change their affiliation. We are Chinese one and all. Some of us are only misled for the time being. We are not permanent enemies. Therefore I beg those in the ranks of our enemy to pay serious attention to the cause that we are fighting for."

Archbishop Mannix Receives Freedom Of New York City

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, July 19.—Archbishop Mannix of Melbourne has received the freedom of the city. In the course of a speech, he declared that, while America did not need Australia, the latter might need America.

◆

Shipbuilding In Britain Increases

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 21.—Lloyd's state that British merchant bottoms being built during the quarter ending June 30 amounted to 3,578,000 tons, an increase of 184,000 over the previous quarter. American shipbuilding figures show a decline of 467,000 tons for the same period.

British shipbuilding increased sixty percent during the last fifteen months, while the American output was reduced by one half.

First List Of Women Justices Posted In England

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 20.—An official list has been published of 240 women Justices of the Peace in different parts of the country. The list includes a number of peeresses, wives of bishops and wives of ex-Ministers.

Mrs. Mary MacArthur, Secretary of the National Federation of Women workers; Miss N. Adler, member of London County Council, and Mrs. Bramwell Booth, the wife of the Salvation Army leader, are amongst those who have been appointed.

◆

Miners Demands Refused In England

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 21.—The Board of Trade has decided against the miners' demands for an increase of wages of two shillings a day and a reduction in the price of household coal.

It is expected that the miners will ballot on the question of a strike.

MACHINE GUNS SILENCE ANFU FORCES AFTER SLIGHT BATTLE

Allied Men Fire On Chinese As Demand To Confine Their Activities Is Ignored

SCENE IS HISTORICAL

Important Stragetic Point Saw Bloodshed Just Three Years Ago

By NATHANIEL PEFFER

(*Staff Wire to* THE CHINA PRESS)

Peking, July 21.—The body of international troops conveyed by the military train from Peking clashed today against the Anfu troops at Fengtai following the latters' refusal to comply with conditions of the 1902 protocol in limiting their activities within the prescribed zones. Machines guns were turned on the Anfuites who were driven back in disorder.

The troops above referred to are the 50 soldiers sent by the British, American, French and Japanese Legations at Peking in an attempt to reopen the railway line on Tuesday. They were accompanied by officials of the Ministry of Communications.

Fengtai is the first railway station south of Peking along the Peking-Tientsin Railway. It figured also as a military strategic point in the march against Chang Hsun of Marshal Tuan just about three years ago.

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, July 21 (3:30 p.m.)—The armistice is operating effectively. Attempts at mediation have so far produced no definite results.

Meanwhile the Anfuite military organisation is falling to pieces.

◆

DENY REPORT ON INTERFERENCE BY JAPS AT YANGTSUN

Officials Say Allegation Is Absolutely Without Any Foundation

The Japanese Legation in Peking and the Japanese Consulate at Tientsin have both denied the truth in the report carried by Reuter's and other news agencies in connection with the alleged Japanese interference with the internal strife at Yangtsun.

The denial is contained in a letter addressed to protesting local bodies yesterday by Mr. K. Yamasaki, Consul-General for Japan at Shanghai.

THE MESSAGE

The message follows:

"With regard to your telegraphic message sent to the Japanese Minister at Peking, I have the honor to inform you that I am directed by His Excellency Monsieur Obata to communicate to you the following:

"I am in receipt of a telegram from the Chinese Cotton Mill Owners' Association and eleven other associations in Shanghai stating that, according to press information, Japanese soldiers interfered with Chinese forces during the battle at Yangtsun, that these soldiers' action is contrary to my recent announcement of Japanese non-interference and that the Associations trust that I may take steps to strictly preclude any interference with internal strife in China.

"You (Consul-General) are instructed to acquaint the above Associations, in reply to their telegram, that the allegation mentioned therein is absolutely without foundation."

"I may add that the Japanese Consul-General at Tientsin has investigated the alleged Japanese intervention at Yangtsun and is satisfied that no such incident has taken place."

◆

TURK CABINET RESIGNS

(*Reuter's Service*)

Constantinople, July 20.—The Turkish Cabinet has resigned.

REDS RENOUNCE ONE TIME HEAD

Soviets Declare Triapicin Worked For Self; Not For Russia

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Vladivostok, July 21.—The Priamur Communists have passed a resolution with regard to the Nikolaievsk incident, stating that Triapicin did not represent the Soviets, although he acted in their name.

"His actions," the resolution adds, "were for self-interest and were detrimental to the interests of the Soviets. Such affairs, in which many women and children were murdered, were only possible in view of our insufficient influence with the masses.

"The whole affair was entirely due to foreign intervention. This matter must be gone into and Triapicin and his followers handed over to a court-martial.

THREATENS ACTION

"In the future very severe action will be taken against self-interested individuals, who are dangerous to the Soviet cause."

A telegram from Grodekovo states that at the Cossack Assembly the Priamur and Zabaikal representatives passed a resolution, informing the Chita and Vladivostok Government that they would not recognise them and would remain out of the Government. The Cossacks are considering means of joining up with the peasants.

The Japanese have broken off negotiations with the Verkhne-Udinsk Government, owing to the latter's insistence on recognition as an "All-Eastern Government." The Japanese evacuation of the Zabaikal has consequently been postponed.

◆

RECEPTION AT "Y" FOR GLEE CLUB

Visitors From California To Be Entertained Saturday By Students

The Western Returned Students Union, the Chinese Y.M.C.A., and the World's Chinese Student Federation will jointly give a reception to the popular California Glee Club on Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock in the Lobby of the Boys' Building of the Y.M.C.A. 120 Szechuen Road.

Mr. M. Y. Chung, Director of the Mint, and President of the Western Returned Students' Union, will preside at the reception, and Dr. Fong F. Sec, President of the National Committee of Young Men's Christian Association will give a brief address of welcome.

Following the reception, promptly at eight o'clock the Glee Club will give a concert in the Y.M.C.A. Auditorium. The program will be composed of a selection of the best numbers taken from their previous performances. Admission to the reception will be by special invitation. Tickets for the concert, however, may be obtained at the office of the Student Federation or the Y.M.C.A., and are $1.00 for reserved seats and fifty cents for general admission. It is expected there will be a large attendance to welcome the U. of C. men.

There has been some confusion owing to the fact that another concert has been advertised to be given by the Glee Club at the Olympic theater that same evening. Both entertainments will be held as advertised.

◆

Harry Naughton Here On Venezuela

Mr. Harry J. Naughton, Pacific Mail man, whose name is known wherever ships travel in the Pacific and who in recent years has been agent of the company at Honolulu, is passing through Shanghai today with Mrs. Naughton, both passengers in the steamer Venezuela.

Mr. Naughton is on his way to San Francisco having been transferred from Honolulu to the post of Assistant General Passenger Agent at the California port. He is making the round trip on the Venezuela to renew acquaintances with his wide circle of friends and again to say good-bye.

◆

Band Concert

The following program will be played, weather permitting, by the Band in the Hongkew Recreation Ground this evening beginning at 9 o'clock p.m.:

March—Le Pere la Victorie	Ganne
Overture—Crown Diamonds	Auber
Waltz—Artists Life	Strauss
Selection—Eugene Onegin	Tschaikowsky
Intermezzo—The Love Dance	Hoshna
Waltz—Love's Proposal	Tobani
Song—Heart Throbs	Arnold
Selection—Carmen	Bizet

R. Dramis,
Musician-in-Charge.

Corsica Celebrates Anniversary Of Napoleon's Death

The little Isle of Corsica appropriately observed the hundredth anniversary of the death of Napoleon, who died May 6, 1820. Here is shown a native woman of Corsica about to go a-marketing. Perched comfortably atop of the family burro, with her knitting, she starts on her journey.

Attempt To Release Wu Fails; Kinhan Resumes

(Continued from Page 1)

Hankow to assist in defense work here.

Accordingly General Feng Yu-hsiang took his men down river by a flotilla of junks. The troops arrived here on July 14, just three days before Wu Kwan-hsin started the fire by an attack on Hankow.

General Feng, like General Tsao Kun, similarly pressed General Wang Chan-yuan for a clear attitude respecting the Anfu-Chihli combat. At the same time he intimated that in case he remained neutral or silent on this matter, General Wu Pei-fu, now occupying the Peking-Hankow line, might send troops here and clear all Anfu and pro-Anfu elements from the spot.

MOBILISES TROOPS

General Wang was awakened as to the serious situation. He resolved upon an anti-Anfu plan, and gave up the neutral stand which he had thitherto taken. But General Wu had been working hard in concentrating his troops in feverish haste in Hankow and the Kinhan terminus when this turn of General Wang's policy was effected. He mobilised all his troops in the upper Yangtsze for which he is the Inspection Commissioner. He moved his troops from one place to another without consulting General Wang. This gave rise to the suspicion that he was attempting to attack General Wang.

Wu Kwan-hsin's scheme was to make a sudden attack on General Wang and oust him from Hupeh by uprooting the Chihli power here. Wang, however, was keeping a vigilant watch on the whole course of Wu's movement from beginning to end. When appointed Inspection Commissioner of Hunan with the mission to recapture Hunan by the Peking administration, Wu did nothing in that direction. At the same time he was always kept busy making military preparations which were then obscure to most observers.

General Wang remained silent. He knew clearly what Wu Kwan-hsin was about. He reassembled the broken troops of Chang Ching-yao from Hunan, and reorganised them and placed them under his own control. But apparently he had the fear that Chang Ching-yao, being an Anfu general himself might join in Wu Kwan-hsin's scheme with his broken seventh division that was responsible for the loss of Hunan. Again General Wang concentrated his troops in these cities, quartering them at all important military posts in adjacent districts.

WU KWANG-HSIN STARTS

It was Wu Kwang-hsin who started the fire. Being anxious to do away with Wang he attempted his murder. On July 15, Wu invited to dinner General Wang, Civil Governor Ho Pei-yung and all important officials in Wuchang, Hankow and Hanyang at the Manchurian Guild in Wuchang. Nearly all officials came promptly. But the very person Wu wanted to get did not come. Wu was impatient and got nervous. He planted at the Manchurian Guild strong guards armed with pistols and bombs to welcome the guests.

Wang by that time knew everything about Wu's scheme to attempt his murder. Prior to the invitation, he had been informed through telephone by a subordinate in Hankow as to what was to happen at the dinner table. Wang had this news confirmed at several places. So instead of attending Wu's dinner at the Manchurian Guild, he sat himself up in the yamen waiting for report from the guild.

Suddenly Wu Kwang-hsin rushed into his yamen with four guards and demanded an interview with him. On being refused, Wu burst into anger and scolded the tuchun. The latter's guards came out to the hall where Wu and his men were, and arrested them.

WU'S GUARDS HAVE BOMBS

Bombs were found hidden in the pockets of Wu's guards and Wu himself. Thus the contemplated murder was confirmed. Wang then ordered Wu to be caged at his yamen under strong guards. Although in imprisonment, Wu has all luxuries and comforts of life provided by Wang for him.

After Wu's arrest and detention at the Tuchun's yamen, Wang sent out orders to have his headquarters in Hankow searched. Simultaneously, troops were sent to the Manchurian Guild where Wu intended to murder Wang. All officials fled on the approach of the troops. The corps of Wu's guards planted at the guild were searched. They were found all equipped with bombs and pistols.

Wang's troops ordered them to surrender their arms. This they refused to do. Wang's troops immediately seized them and more than 80 were sent to the Tuchun yamen.

The discovery of bombs on the guards at the dinner hall of the Manchurian Guild furnishes another corroboration of the attempt on Wang Chan-yuan's life by General Wu.

TROOPS MOVE ON HANKOW

All this happened in the day of July 16. On hearing of the arrest of their commander, Wu's troops began to move toward Hankow. A clash was imminent. But the people were not aware of it until the proclamation of martial law at nightfall.

Having got news of the action of General Wu's troops along the Kinhan line, General Wang ordered strict defense measures be taken by the Occupation Commissioner of Hankow, Lieut. Doo Sain-chun and by General Li Kwei-yuan.

By 8 o'clock in the evening, the full strength of police and defense troops were out on parade in streets. This gave rise to panic in the city. People began to remove to foreign concessions post-haste.

As your correspondent was coming home from the telegraph office at 9:15 he saw some 60 soldiers running with a machine gun and a large box containing munitions down the Chinese horse road evidently toward the Kinhan line near the suburb. Five minutes later, as he got off from ricksha, firing of machine-gun was heard from the quarter toward which the soldiers had been running.

The soldiers were from the barracks of Lieut. Doo. When they reached the railway line, they were just on the eleventh hour and met the troops of Wu Kwang-hsin who were just getting off from trains.

ORDERED TO SURRENDER.

Wu's soldiers were ordered to surrender. Instead they started firing. Doo's troops who had been prepared for action responded with machine-gun. The exchange of firing lasted for about 20 minutes without cessation.

The people of Hankow were seized with terror. They began to remove to the foreign concessions; but it was already too late. Swarms of people fled to churches, guilds and Chinese Red Cross buildings for refuge. The whole city was set in motion. There was no rest for that whole night.

At the end of firing, 14 soldiers were found dead, and three hurt on Wu's side and two hurt on Doo's side. Just at the moment of fighting, which took place near the Noor Troupe, a favorite summer garden in Hankow, unusual panic was caused inside the garden. Haunters there struggled for life by rushing through the overwhelming crowd. Seven of them were killed either by shot or by being trodden down by the crowd. Two men in the Chinese city were hurt by bullets.

Obituary

The Jewish community of Shanghai learns with deep regret the death of Mr. H. Finkelstein 39 years of age who died at Tsingtao on July 20, 1920, after a short illness.

His death will be greatly felt by the various Jewish Societies and organisations of which the deceased was an active member and a great supporter.

Mr. H. Finkelstein was Hon. Treasurer and later was elected President of the "Oheil Moishe Synagogue.

He was also Hon. Treasurer of the Shanghai Hebrew Relief Society and Shelter house, and took an active part in the Zionist Association Kadimah. In business circles Mr. H. Finkelstein was known as a conscientious and straightforward business man.

The heart-felt sympathy of the whole Jewish community is extended to his wife and children.

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ROUTE CORNEILLE, near French Park, 5-roomed house, containing dining, drawing and 3 bed-rooms, 2 modern fully equipped bathrooms, hot water service, tiled kitchen and pantry, garden and tennis.
ROUTE VALLON, near French Park, 7-roomed house, containing dining, drawing, and 5 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, garden and tennis.
LAND FOR SALE
2 Mow lot at corner of Rue Corneille and Massenet, near French Park.
3 Mow lot at corner of Rue Lafayette and Massenet, near French Park.
15 Mow lot on Ward Rd. suitable for factory.
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The flavour is so delightfully pleasant that the New Post Toasties may be eaten and relished dry, though of course they are generally served with cream, rich milk, or fruit with a sprinkling of sugar.
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Mixed Court Judgment Given In "Elegante" Case

(Before the Russian Assessor, Mr. Ivanoff and Magistrate Loh).

In the case of Olga Koltzoff versus Vera Mayer the following judgment was delivered today at the Mixed Court:

Mrs. O. Koltzoff was the partner of Mrs. V. Mayer in the business concern known as "Elegante," Broadway, Shanghai, from September, 1918, to July, 1919, having duly paid Mex. Dollars 2,500 as her share in this concern.

According to the recapitulation produced by the defendant the total amount of the receipts for the same time was Mex. Dollars 39,235.64 and the total amount of the payments—Mex. Dollars 38,332.72 which makes a balance of Mex. Dollars 902.92.

The assets amount according to the same document to M. Dollars 6,358.72 (3,612.82 plus 120.00 plus 1,445.90). Therefore, the Court found that up to July, 1919 this concern was in possession of the sum of M. Dollars 7,261.64, 6,358.72 plus 902.92.

The plaintiff as a partner has the right to receive half of this sum i.e. M. Dollar 3,630.82.

The Court cannot recognise the debts of the concern to Mr. Mayer and her husband amounting to M. Dollars 10,507.36 as their is not sufficient evidence to justify such a recognition. The Court takes it that in the beginning of their partnership the capital of the concern was not less than M. Dollars 5,000.00, presuming that Mrs. V. Mayer paid in the same share as Mrs. O. Koltzoff, i.e., M. Dollars 2,500.00. Up to July, 1919, as mentioned above the capital of M. Dollars 5,000.00 is deducted from the above amount, the Court must come to the conclusion that the difference, namely M. Dollars 226.64, constitutes the profits of the concern.

Mrs. O. Koltzoff has taken goods for the value of M. Dollars 3,389.42. Being a partner the plaintiff has, therefore, to pay to the defendant half of this sum, i.e., M. Dollars 4,194.71. The plaintiff actually paid according to the petition of the defendant in the Russian Court M. Dollars 1,405.00 and Rbls. 37,910.00 or M. Dollars 3,411.90 making a there is not sufficient evidence to total of M. Dollars 4,816.90. Koltzoff has the right to recover from the defendant the difference, namely M. Dollars 622.19 (4,816.90—4,194.71).

Therefore, the plaintiff is entitled to receive from the defendant M. Dollars 4,233.01 (3,630.82 plus 622.19). But, on the other hand, the Court considers that she is bound to pay to the defendant according to the accounts produced by the latter the sum of M. Dollars 893.00. This makes a total due to the plaintiff of M. Dollars 3,360.01 (4,253.01—893.00).

The Court cannot recognise the right of the plaintiff claiming from the defendant M. Dollars 2333.00, in exchange of Rbls. 21,000,000. but considers that the defendant has to pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rbls. 21,000,000 in "Kerenski" banknotes of 1,000.00 Roubles each note.

Besides, the defendant is hereby ordered to return to the plaintiff her jewellery, which the defendant has pawned with a pawnshop for M. Dollars 1,600.00, or to pay in cash the value of the jewellery amounting to M. Dollars 4,000. (four thousand). The defendant is also ordered to return to the plaintiff one earring which was mortgaged by Mrs. Hodukine in payment of her debt to the "Elegante."

All other claims of the plaintiff are dismissed, as not sufficient documentary evidence in support of same has been produced in Court.

In view of the above the plaintiff is entitled to receive from the defendant: 1. M. Dollars 3,360.01; 2. 21,000.00 Rbls. in "Kerenski" banknotes (at 1,000.00); 3. Her jewellery or in alternative M. Dollars 4,000.00. 4. One earring of Mrs. Hodukine.

Finally the Court wishes to point out that the book of the concern "Elegante" produced in Court by the defendant was conducted in such manner which cannot be admitted in any concern conducted on business lines.

Messrs. Newman and Heen represented the defendant, Messrs. Lemiere and Davies appearing for the plaintiff.

Mr. Lemiere at once asked the Court for security for the payment of such recognition as judgment gave to the plaintiff.

Mr. Heen objected.

Mr. Lemiere said he was bound to ask for same in the interests of his client and in justice to her. Counsel knew that the property at 6 The Broadway had been disposed of and assigned to the husband on August 19, 1919. Everything, he contended, had been done by the defendant to alieniate the judgment of the Court and to evade the jurisdiction of that Court. He directed attention to the fact that Mrs. Mayer had stated on August 19, that she was the sole owner of the Elegante and now she came to the Court and said it had been assigned to the husband. That placed Mrs. Mayer in a very much worse position. He would be ready to bring her up before that Court for contempt of Court and perjury. He respectfully submitted that this was a case which came and was within the jurisdiction of the Court and until the judgment given had been satisfied there should be security.

Mr. Heen said that the lady was now a British subject, and he must protest against any attempt being made to detain her. In fact if such an attempt were made by any one he would be open to a charge of criminal assault. He cited the case of Biddle a foreign subject, who was before that Court. It that case an application was made for security. His Honor was on the Bench at that time. Security for $2,000 was ordered. It was represented to the Court that that security could not be obtained. Mrs. Mayer had disposed of her property and had no security.

Mr. Davies remarked that the British Consul-General had received an application from Mr. Heen to take the case out of the jurisdiction of that Court. The position had not changed one iota when instructions were received from the British Consulate that it would not interfere. The defendant was exactly in the same position today as during the trial of the case. She was married on June 30 and this case was not tried until after her marriage.

The rule applied in that Court that in lieu of security the defendant must be kept in custody. He cited the case of Frankel v. Aberkovsky. The latter was not registered at any Consulate but later it was found that she was under the protection of the British, having been born on British territory. The British Consul General took exactly the same attitude in the case as he did in the present one. He had submitted to the jurisdiction of that Court. That lady was kept in custody and later her father was detained until judgment had been satisfied. There could be, he held, nothing more ridiculous than that the Mixed Court had the right to enter judgment but had not the right to enforce it. There could be nothing more absurd. That Court had taken jurisdiction and that was the only Court to enforce judgment.

Mr. Newman, in reply, said that Mrs. Mayer made over the goods in that shop to her husband on August 19. Judgment—by courtesy, he might say, of the British authorities—had been entered against the defendant, and there was a civil remedy. According to British law no British subject could be arrested for debt, and for that reason he pointed out that any attempt made by anyone—His Honor would see the difficult position if he ordered her arrest—to detain the defendant would lay himself open to a charge of assault, even if it was in connection with an order of that Court, and such action for assault would undoubtedly be brought.

Mr. Davies; Is that a threat to the Court, Mr. Newman?

Mr. Newman: No.

Mr. Davies: Well, why make it?

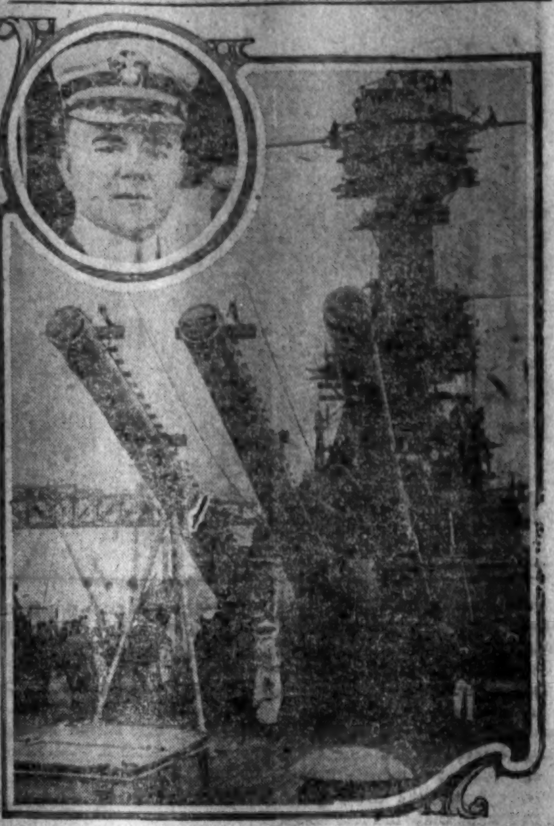
Mr. Newman said that his remarks applied even to any executive officer who acted on the authority of that Court. If Mrs. Mayer had security it would be a different matter, but she was able to do so. The plaintiff had a remedy by bringing an action in the British Court. These difficulties were bound to rise in an international settlement with different people living here. The remedy now was to upset the bill of sale in the British Court. They could not arrest a British subject, and even the British Consul who had left her to the jurisdiction of that Court had no power to seize her for debt.

Mr. Heen pointed out that he had intended to file a petition for a rehearing of the case. Mrs. Mayer had not had a fair hearing, as he had been denied the opportunity to enter her defense.

Mr. Lemiere emphasised the fact that on September 24, 1919, he moved for an injunction in that case. The defendant then said that she was the proprietor of the shop and would not dispose of it, and yet she came into Court now and said she had assigned it to her husband on August 19. She had kept such bad faith that he urged that the ordinary policy and rule of that Court be applied to her. In time there might be a judgment given and a lawyer would jump into Court with a paper and say that the man has no property—his goods have been assigned to somebody else.

After an interval of a few minutes, when the Assessor and the Chinese Magistrate retired, it was announced that the defendant would be given until 3 p.m. that day to find security for $8,000. After that there would be seven days allowed for a petition to be filed for the rehearing of the case.

America's Most Powerful Warship Goes Into Commission



America's largest warship, the superdreadnought Tennessee, was placed in commission at the Brooklyn Navy Yard recently. The ceremony was simple, lasting but a few minutes. One of the most striking things on the new warship is her powerful guns, which consist of twelve in the main battery. The ship is 624 feet long and was launched May 1, 1919. Everything new in warship construction was used in building the vessel. Captain Richard Henry Leigh (inset) is commander of the wonderful craft. The Tennessee is electrically driven. She will not begin actual service until August, when she will start on a practise cruise to Guantanamo, Cuba. She will then join the Pacific Fleet.

LOCAL BODIFS SEND $20,000 TO WU PEI-FU

Demand Dissolution Of Both Parliaments As Peace Movement

Local organisations, headed by the Commercial Federation, the Canton Guild and the Ningpo Guild, have raised the sum of $20,000 to buy presents to be distributed among the troops of Wu Pei-fu, now hailed as the Chihli hero in crushing the Anfu army.

In a message to Peking and Canton, the same organisations yesterday demanded the dissolution of both the defunct and the Anfu Parliaments, pointing out that they are forming the only obstacle to the conclusion of internal peace.

British Ambassador To Japan Given Reception At Kobe

(Reuter's Service)

Kobe, July 22.—The British Association at Kobe gave a reception to Sir Charles Eliot at the Oriental Hotel this afternoon on the occasion of his first visit to Kobe since his appointment as Ambassador to Japan.

RUMANIA WANTS TO HELP

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 20.—The Daily Telegraph understands that Rumania is anxious to participate in the task of pacifying Asia Minor and is ready to place a considerable force at the disposal of the Anglo-Greek Command in the Levent.

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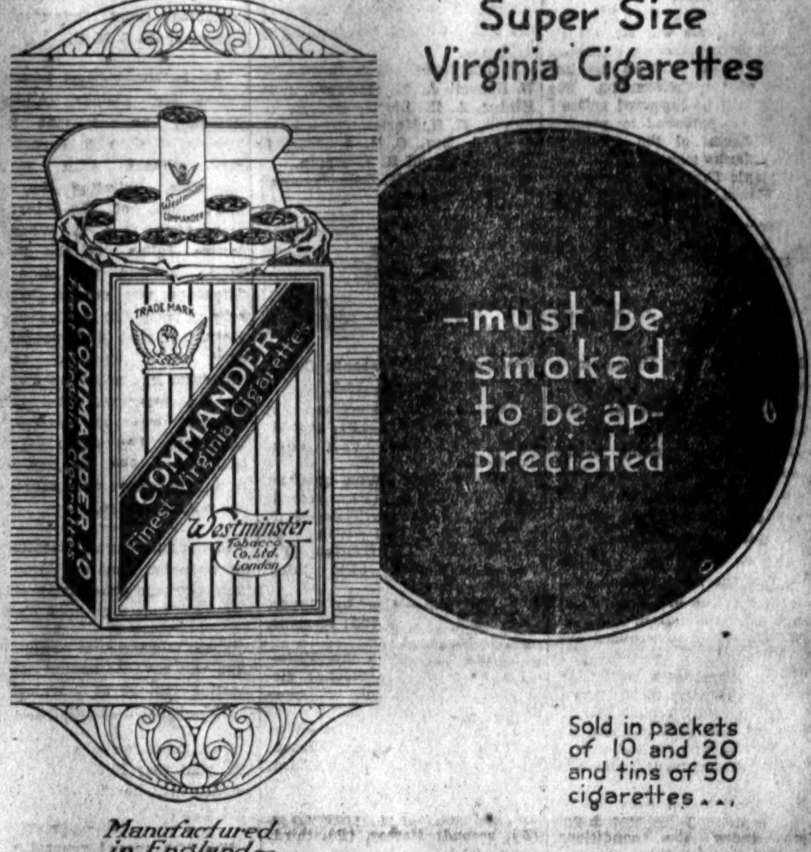

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MINSTREL SHOW IS GLEE CLUB'S BIG ATTRACTION

Request Program To Be Given Tomorrow Night As Final Musical Offering

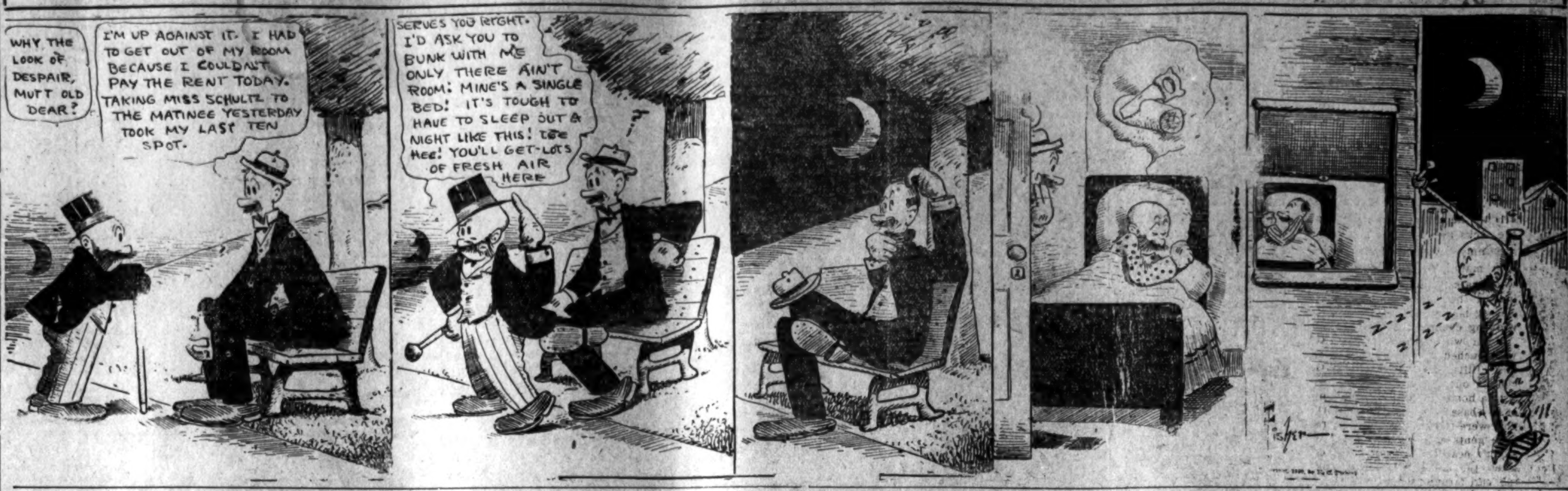
Burnt cork will again prevail at the Olympic Theater tonight when the University of California Glee Club will repeat their version of the American Minstrel Show.

The collegians, converted into negroes last evening, scored a great success in their program of coon melodies and darktown comedy. Sumner Mering and George Douglass as end-men kept last night's audience in one continuous roar of laughter and are expected to repeat their laugh-producing antics tonight.

The introduction of "Swanee" by Jennings Pierce, and the solo work of Irving Neumiller and Cletus Howell were all acclaimed by last night's audience, as was the singing of "Nellie Gray" by Director "Brick" Morse. The string trio—McCoy-Phennig-Strickfaden—shared unanimous applause with Mering and Douglas' "Little Nemo" stunt. In fact, in the opinion of those who saw it, the Minstrel Show was not only the best that the Glee Club has done, but it is the best thing that Shanghai has seen for some time.

Tomorrow night the Blue-and-Gold entertainers will stage their farewell performance in Shanghai. "Request night" will be the last offering of the Californians. The program will be composed entirely of selections requested by prospective members of the audience. Request blanks may be obtained at the Olympic Theater, Moutrie's, the Astor House, and Sullivan's.

MUTT & JEFF — Mean Trick On Mutt's Part, We Calls It — By Bud Fisher


WHY THE LOOK OF DESPAIR, MUTT OLD DEAR?
I'M UP AGAINST IT. I HAD TO GET OUT OF MY ROOM BECAUSE I COULDN'T PAY THE RENT TODAY. TAKING MISS SCHULTZ TO THE MATINEE YESTERDAY TOOK MY LAST TEN SPOT.
SERVES YOU RIGHT. I'D ASK YOU TO BUNK WITH ME ONLY THERE AIN'T ROOM: MINE'S A SINGLE BED! IT'S TOUGH TO HAVE TO SLEEP OUT A NIGHT LIKE THIS! TEE HEE! YOU'LL GET LOTS OF FRESH AIR HERE
?
Z-Z-Z
Fisher

Cricket

The Shanghai Cricket Club will play the Race Club on Saturday on the S.C.C. Ground commencing at 1:30 p.m.

S.C.C. Team.—E. G. Barnes, W. N. Hansell, A. W. Hayward, J. R. Hinton, A. H. Leslie, Dr. H. H. Morris, H. E. Muriel, (Capt.), W. S. Read, Rev. C. E. Spencer, L. Wainwright and R. J. Tippin.

Reserves.—J. R. Robertson and B. W. Duthoit.

Princeton Defeats Yale In Annual Track Meet

May 8 at New Haven in a downpour of rain and on a track covered by two inches of water Princeton defeated Yale 59-45.

Of the eight running events Princeton won six to Yale's two, while the Elis took three field events to Princeton's two. Brown and Captain Erdman each won two events and were the high scorers of the meet. Lourie won first place in the broad jump and second in the hundred, and was next high scorer to Erdman and Brown.

The performances of these three men, in view of the conditions, were really remarkable, as also were the mile run and the two mile run, won respectively by Swede of Princeton and Hilles of Yale.

Halsey's winning shot put of 43 ft. 8 in. was likewise a fine effort under the conditions. Princeton took all three places in the low hurdles and Yale captured every place in both the high jump and the pole vault. Princeton won eight firsts to five for Yale, seven second places to six for Yale, and five thirds to eight for Yale.

The point scoring, as is usual in Princeton-Yale meets, was five points for first place, two for second place and one for third. Captain Erdman appeared fully recovered from pulled tendon which kept him out of most of the indoor meets of the past season, and also prevented him from running in the hurdle event in the Pennsylvania Relay games, which event he had won for the two previous years.

His chances for the Intercollegiates, which he won in 1918, are decidedly promising. The two men whom he will have to beat are Earl Thompson of Dartmouth and Walker Smith of Cornell. In last year's Intercollegiate Meet neither Thompson nor Erdman competed, and Smith won both hurdles rather easily. Brown showed that he is a splendid sprinter. He splashed through the water in 10 2/5 seconds and 22 4/5 seconds respectively, just winning by a few inches from Lourie in the hundred, and by a somewhat larger margin from Clark of Princeton in the furlong dash, with Captain Heffelfinger of Yale third.

Lourie's jump of almost twenty-two feet in the mud was a first rate performance. Tevis Huhn of Princeton took third place with 20 ft. 11 in. Swede's mile in 4.34.4 was a great performance. Reed of Yale led the Princeton winner for three laps of the track, and Swede only passed his rival in the back stretch.

It is, of course, difficult to estimate how much muddy going affected the time of the race, but at a very conservative estimate it must have been seven or eight seconds. Altogether it was a well deserved victory, and prospects for the meet with Harvard appear most promising. Incidentally, if the team goes to England, as there is every hope of its doing, Princeton's prestige will not suffer, even though there is only the slightest chance actually to win from the very strong combined team of Oxford and Cambridge. The summary:

100-Yard Dash—Won by Brown (P), Lourie, (P), second; Cowles (Y), third. Time—10.2.

220-Yard Dash—Won by Brown, (P); Clark, (P), second; F. P. Heffefinger, (Y), third. Time—22.4.

440-Yard Run—Won by Coxe, (Y); Stevenson (P), second; Lambert, (P), third. Time—52.3.

880-Yard Dash—Won by Murray, (P); T. J. O'Brien, (Y), second; Driscoll, (Y), third. Time 2.04.

1-Mile Run—Won by Swede, (P); Reed, (Y), second; Siemens, (Y), third.

2-Mile Run—Won by Hilles, (Y); Martin, (P), second; McCullogh, (P), third. Time—10.12.

120-Yard High Hurdles—Won by Erdman, (P); E. F. O'Brien, (Y), second; Massey, (P), third. Time—16.4.

220-Yard Low Hurdles—Won by Erdman, (P); Trowbridge, (P), second; Massey, (P), third. Time—26.1.

Broad Jump—Won by Lourie, (P), 21.11; Cowls, (Y), second, 21.3; Huhn, Princeton, third, 20.11.

Running High Jump—Landon, Potter, and Reinachert, Yale, tied at 5.7.

Pole Vault—Gardner, Webber and Peterson, Yale, tied at 9.7.

Shot Put—Won by Halsey, (P), 43.8; Cleveland, (P), second, 39.9; Hamill, (Y), third, 38.7 1/2.

Hammer Throw—Won by Acosta, (Y); second, Speers, (P); third, Hudson (Y). Distance—134.8.

S. V. C. Orders

Routine Order, by Lieut. Col. R. Marr Johnson, C.M.G., D.S.O. Commanding, S.V.C.

Shanghai, July 22, 1920.

No. 10.—Extract from the Municipal Gazette, of July 22, 1920:

Staff.—In consideration of long and valued service in the Corps, and upon the recommendation of the Commandant, retired rank of Captain, with the right to wear the prescribed uniform has been conferred on Captain C. H. Godfrey, Engineer Staff Officer, upon his resignation from the Corps which has been accepted with regret.

R. Marr Johnson.
Lieut. Col. Commandant,
S.V.C.

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News Brevities

Mr. John Burnside has been promoted Chief Detective Inspector of the S. M. P.

• • •

At the Mixed Court yesterday before Mr. Tenney, American Assessor, an assistant in a tobacconist shop in Frenchtown was charged with making cigarettes, imitating the trade mark, etc., of the Kingfisher brand of the B. A. T. When Detective Julius, of the French Police, entered the shop the defendant was coming in with rolls of paper for making up the packets. About 300 packets of what were supposed to be Kingfisher cigarettes were seized on the premises. The manufacturer was at present in Yangchow. The defendant was released on $50 security. The B. A. T. interests were represented by Mr. Eldridge.

• • •

The annual general meeting of the Shanghai Amateur Dramatic Club will take place today at the Lyceum Theater at 5:30 o'clock.

• • •

The International Swimming Club will have its annual general meeting tonight at 9 o'clock at the Municipal Swimming Bath.

• • •

The annonymous cup for the Shanghai Clay Pigeon Club competition will be shot off Sunday at 4 o'clock.

• • •

The fifth annual general meeting of the Sungala Rubber Estate, Ltd., will be held at the Royal Asiatic Society Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

• • •

The fourteenth annual general meeting of the Shanghai Dock and Engineering Company, Ltd., will take place Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

• • •

Baron G. Hayashi, the Japanese Ambassador to Great Britain, who is en route to England by the Steamer Iyo Maru, will arrive here today. A son of Marquis Hachisuka, who is proceeding to England for study, is also on board the steamer.

• • •

According to the National Herald, the members of Consular Body in Shanghai has at the request of the Chamber of Commerce, agreed to request their nationals not to sell arms or war material to any of the Chinese factions.

• • •

Further evidence of the appreciation of the native population of Avenue Edward VII which has replaced the former Yangkingpang is now forthcoming. The Ningpo Club, one of the oldest and most respectable Chinese institutions of its kind in the Settlement, has abandoned its old home at No. 1 Pakhoi Road, and removed to new quarters at No. 702-706 Avenue Edward VII. opposite the Great World. The Ningpo Club, includes among its members some of the best known Chinese merchants in the Settlement.

• • •

Reports appearing in the native press indicate that considerable discussion is at present taking place in native circles regarding the shape of a wonderful star which, according to news from the same source, shines brightly every morning in the North East of Shanghai. Some who have seen the star claim that it is octagonal, and others, that it is hexagonal, but all are agreed on its phenomenal appearance. Several native wiseacres see in this strange star a prelude to civil war. The same star is said to have appeared during the revolution in 1911.

• • •

A Japanese paper called Kyokuto Nichi Nichi, which is edited by one Mitsuo Komada, began publication in Vladivostock in June.

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BOLSHEVIKI LOSE BY CLOSE SCORE

Regulars Rally In Seventh Inning And Turn Defeat Into Victory

Once again the Reds were on the short end 8 to 7. And they had the game all but sewn up when the Regulars came to bat in the last of the seventh. With the score 7 to 5 against them and two men put away, Hill poled a shot to the cricket field and galloped around the sacks for the tying score.

Sammy Woods, another player who makes his final bow Sunday, was walked and when Claudue heaved the ball to center field the caddy boy waltzed home with the winning counter.

Ruga who heaved for the Reds was touched up rather heavily, Hill and Bills, having their batting clothes on; led the wrecking crew with a home run apiece and a couple of two-base hits. Terry and Porterfield were the gunners for the greenhose gents and were able to get along peacefully enough except when the makeshift infield kicked the ball around.

The Reds were also handicapped by the absence of several of their players so the game could hardly be called a contest between the Reds and the Regulars due to that reason.

The game today between the Glee Club aggregation and the home side fellows will be played at 4-30. It may not be generally known but the collegians under the watchful eye of Brick Morse have been keeping strict training in preparation for the remaining games of the series. They feel that they are up against a stiff proposition when the two teams meet and while the lads from California are full of confidence as to the ultimate result it is felt by the players that they must play their darndest to get away with it.

The Shanghai men are feeling the same way too so it ought to be an exhibition going a long way to see. Bets are being freely offered on both teams. The fans are awakening to the fact that this is going to be a real ball series. Both teams have been working out earnestly, the Varsity men in the morning and the Regulars in the afternoon. From the pep and action now being shown by both outfits it looks like a real fight.

Doctor Clapp and Pop Guernsey will officiate. All fans should be in their seats by 4-30. The management wishes to announce that the center stands are for the club members and their families. The other stands are for non-members who are cordially invited to occupy them. It is the earnest desire of the Baseball committee to keep the public interested in the game and to that end they invite all desiring to witness the games to be present.

Big League Standings

Standings of Clubs of the big leagues on June 18 were as follows:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	W.	L.	PC.
Cincinnati	29	21	.580
Brooklyn	28	21	.571
St. Louis	30	23	.566
Chicago	27	25	.519
Pittsburgh	23	22	.511
Boston	21	25	.457
New York	21	30	.412
Philadelphia	19	31	.380

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	PC.
Cleveland	35	17	.673
New York	36	20	.643
Chicago	29	24	.547
Boston	26	23	.531
Washington	24	25	.490
St. Louis	25	27	.481
Detroit	18	24	.346
Philadelphia	16	39	.291

"He Skips" The "Shamrock"

Although he is thoroughly familiar with American yachts and yachtsmen, captain W. P. Burton, (right) the amateur yachtsman who is the skipper of Sir Thomas Lipton's challenger, Shamrock IV, has refused to venture any predictions as to the probable result of the races. He is the soul of reticence and fairmindedness, according to the American reporters, and says he did not believe in making a noise about the possible victor; a question which, in his opinion, was beyond the prophesying powers of any man.

"It has been so long since the America Cup has been contested for," he said, "that none of us knows much about the relative merits of the American and British boats. So far as that goes, I would just as soon sail Resoluto as Shamrock, if they stand an equal chance.

"The most important thing, after all, is the sport and exhilaration of sailing them, whether they be English or American boats.

"The only fact I am certain about is that the talk of the 23-meter Shamrock being faster than Shamrock IV. is unfounded.

"All that I think I may say," he remarked, "is that I believe it will be a hit or a miss; by which I mean that we may be surprisingly successful, or distinctly disappointed.

COLLEGE COACHES LIKE BRITISH SHELLS

Haines, Nickalls And Wright May Cause Importation Of British Boatbuilder

Cambridge, Mass., April 24.—Next season may see the importation of a British boat builder to this country. William Haines at Harvard, Guy Nickalls at Yale and Joe Wright of Pennsylvania would be vastly interested in such a venture, for there is now no competition in the building of shells, practically all the best constructors of England having given up business during the war, and only William Davy of this city is doing business in this country.

Davy has more work than he can attend to in consequence. At present he has orders for barges from Yale, Pennsylvania, Harvard and the Cubas, in addition to numerous other contracts. Sims and Rough, English builders, sent quite a few shells to this country before the war, Harvard especially taking to the British shells.

Guy Nickalls recently visited this city to look over the progress made on the shells Davy is making for him. The Yale coach started the Davy vogue when he came to New Haven a number of years ago by ordering boats, and his victories over Harvard were scored with Davy shells.

Indications are that Nickalls is done with thole pins this year. The new Yale shells are being made minus these—in fact, last year Coach Abbott had the Eli varsity row without them and defeated Harvard, whereas his under-crews, using tholes, were not so successful.

Nickalls always liked the Rough boats. He used one of them rowing against Pennsylvania for a victory a few weeks ago. Haines always had a regard for the Rough craft, likewise. The Harvard coach would like backing to bring over a first-class builder and have him locate somewhere in this vicinity. It is taken for granted that Nickalls would not be adverse to buying boats of his own countryman.

Harvard crews will reach this city Monday morning. Haines will start preparations immediately for the regatta next Saturday, with Princeton and Pennsylvania as opponents. The Tigers will reach here late Thursday and put up at a Boston hotel. The Pennsylvanians will be quartered with members of the Harvard crews. The university crews of each college will meet in a mile and seven-eighths race. There is a chance that the freshmen may also have a triangular race, but in the second crew row only Harvard and Princeton are expected to take part.

Lawn Bowls

(BY "SKIP")

Last Sunday two inter-club matches were played and the results were very interesting, that at Hongkew Park where the Junior Golf Club defeated the Yangtszepoo contingent by four points being a surprise packet.

At the Race Course the Lawn Bowls Club only beat the Recs by 20 points in a six rink affair, which speaks well for the visitors as they must have had nearly all their strength out. With the fine weather continuing I notice that several open championship matches have been settled, in the singles C. Richards beat Alb. Taylor in the third round.

In the third round of the pairs Arch Taylor and F. Ferrier beat F. Jones and H. Veitch, (Taylor and Ferrier were last season's winners), G. Campbell and Ross Young beat Stormes and Shaw, and R. Aitkenhead and McMurdo defeated Disselduff and Banham.

In the Rinks all the back games are finished leaving G. L. Campbell's rink to play D. McAllister's rink and Arch Taylor's rink meet G. B. Stormes rink. As I predicted it has turned out to be a one-club one rink business, each rink being from a different Club.

INTERNATIONAL MATCH

On Saturday an International match is scheduled, Scotland challenging the Rest of Shanghai, 8 rinks are selected for each side and the battlefield is the Lawn Bowls Club greens at the Race Course. The dialect should be well in evidence on this occasion and the Rest will have to go all the way to win.

Sunday afternoon will see the "Wallace" Cup competed for four rinks from each Club will take part and all on neutral ground, so that there will be two matches at Hongkew Park, Wayside Park, Recreation Club and Lawn Bowls Club greens. The winner will be the Club that has the biggest margin of points in its favor at the finish. This is a very novel competition and is attracting a deal of attention, being the first of its kind played here although I believe it is extensively played in Scotland, the most unusual feature being the fact that every player has to travel away from home.

'AID TO LONGEVITY'

Lawn Bowls is a game to be highly recommended as an aid to longevity, if to judge by a recent match played at Bournemouth is any criterion. The occasion was a birthday party given by a gentleman celebrating his 97th year of existence to members of his club and a match was played against younger players, the aggregate ages of the eight bowlers that represented the veterans amounted to 597, an average of 73 years for each player.

The veterans won by a narrow margin. This should give the "pear shapes" a little encouragement and something to look forward to. The teams to play in the "International" and also the "Wallace" Cup Skips are as follows:

Scotland: A. Braid (skip), P. M. Scott, D. McInnes, M. B. Anderson versus G. Manwaring (skip), H. Roebuck, T. Havtorn, G. R. May.

G. L. Campbell (skip), G. McCallum, J. A. Dobbie, J. D. Gordon versus W. Gater (skip), W. B. Pitt, H. Peek, T. Brownlie.

J. Munro (skip), Arch Taylor, A. G. Raitt, W. Turnbull versus R. Dorrance (skip), J. Buckley, J. Marshgreen, T. Poignand.

F. Ferrier (skip), A. S. Allan, D. McDonald, J. Grieve versus T. Harborne (skip), B. Anderton, J. Brewer, J. Betley.

J. Disselduff (skip), R. Charles, T. F. Anderson, J. M. Robertson versus F. Jones (skip), F. C. Banham, P. Reeves, G. Wootten.

G. McMurdo (skip), J. Dewar, J. P. Lowe, A. McIntosh versus J. Shaw (skip), H. S. Smyth, E. Thomas, L. W. C. Lorden.

G. Dunlop (skip), W. Crosbie, J. Valentine, Wm Smith versus Alb Taylor, (skip), J. D. Gaines, Dr. Merrins, G. Bloom.

R. C. Aitkenhead (skip), J. S. McGavin, R. H. Brown, M. B. Anderson versus R. G. H. Cole (skip), W. S. Featherstonhaugh, H. G. Manwaring, J. Frost.

Reserves, Scotland: D. McIntosh. Rest of Shanghai: S. Hammond, E. Fanstone, H. M. Gorton, G. Marshall, E. Smith, J. Keefe, J. Ford, H. Landers, G. McSweeney, G. Gilbert, J. Mennell, J. Wheeler, J. O. Barnes, C. Amner, S. Berry.

WALLACE CUP

This competition is to be played on Sunday, July 25, at 4 p.m. the rinks representing the different clubs and skipped by the following players with the green where the match is to be played is as follows, the full teams to be published later, one club not having yet selected.

AT LAWN BOWLS CLUB

J. Shaw (Recreation Club) v. R. C. Aitkenhead (Y.L.B.C.)

G. McMurdo (Y.L.B.C.) v. A. Braid (J.G.C.)

AT RECREATION CLUB

J. Disselduff (L.B.C.) v. A. S. Allan (J.G.C.)

G. L. Campbell (L.B.C.) v. F. Ferrier (Y.L.B.C.)

AT WAYSIDE PARK

G. Manwaring (Recs) v. D. McAllister (J.G.C.)

G. Dunlop (L.B.C.) v. G. B. Stormes (J.G.C.)

AT HONGKEW PARK

Alb Taylor (L.B.C.) v. R. Philips (Recs).

GREENS, RACE COURSE

H. Veitch (Recs) v. C. Richards (Y.L.B.C.)

Any player being not able to play are requested to notify their Club Secretary early on Sunday morning to enable him to arrange with reserves.

Americans Win All Davis Cup Matches

Tilden Described As Greatest Match-Winning Player In World

(Reuter's Service)

Wimbledon, July 20.—The last two singles in the Davis Cup Tie between America and the British Isles were played here yesterday and resulted in wins for the Americans, Mr. Johnston beating Lieut.-Colonel Kingscote 6/3, 6/6, 3/6, 6/4, 7/5, and Mr. Tilden beating Mr. Parke 6/2, 6/3, 6/5.

Col. Kingscote played probably the finest game of his career, and fully held his opponent; who, however, failed to produce his best form.

Ultimately Col. Kingscote's somewhat weak service proved his undoing.

Mr. Tilden played a class ahead of Mr. Parke, winning how and when he chose.

Experts agree that Tilden is the greatest match-winning player that the world has ever produced. His service is harder than that of any player of any period, and his all-round game—driving, volleying and smashing—is superlative.

America has defeated the British Isles by 5 matches to 0 and it is confidently anticipated that she will beat Australasia in the challenge round.

Cricket In England

London, July 20.—Essex v. Middlesex, Match drawn.

Somerset beat Derbyshire by five wickets.

Notts beat Hampshire by four wickets.

Kent beat Yorkshire by 121 runs.

Sussex beat Lancashire by an innings and 24 runs. (Rolf 225)

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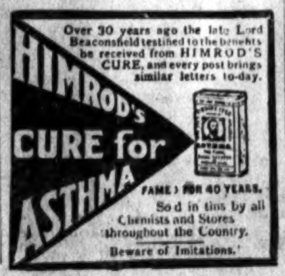

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G. O. P. Platform Means Entry Into The League

Ex-President Taft Says Omission Of Words In Plank Is Only A Verbal Concession To The Bitter-Enders—Crane And The Root Draft—President Wilson's Position

BY WILLIAM H. TAFT
(Republican and Former President)

Philadelphia, Pa., June 15.—The republican platform and the assured republican victory mean that the United States will enter the league with the Lodge reservations.

It would have been better to have been more specific and outspoken in the republican platform as to the league of nations. It would have been better to have pledged the party in terms to the league with the Lodge reservations. For reasons already stated in these columns, it would have aided instead of injured the assuring prospect of republican victory and it would have removed the issue largely from the campaign between the two great parties. But fear of a bolt by Senators Johnson and Borah brought a compromise in which the merely verbal concession was made to the bitter-enders of not using the word league or reservations in the plank describing the international association the party pledges itself to bring about, although nothing but an approval and promise of the league with Lodge reservations can be inferred from the resolutions.

DISCUSSION HEATED

Senator W. Murray Crane brought matters to a head in the resolutions committee by asking a plank approving the league with the proper reservations. He was strongly seconded by Ogden Mills of New York. The discussion grew heated. Mr. Lodge appeared and threw his weight against so specific an approval of his own course by threatening to go on the floor of the convention to oppose it.

Good judges were of the opinion that the more direct course would have been adopted by a majority of the committee, had not Mr. Mills, while supporting Mr. Crane, drawn from his pocket the draft of a plank prepared by Mr. Root which he said accomplished the same purpose. Their opponents found there is no express approval of the league and reservations in terms and accepted it. Mr. Root is in favor of the league with the Lodge reservations and such improvement in the judicial features of the league as is indicated in the plank adopted. He thus drafted a plank which without promising in terms entry by the United States into the league with the Lodge reservations, commits the party to every effort to secure such a result.

MR. ROOT ON LEAGUE

Let us go back in the history of the league. When Mr. Wilson brought it home first Mr. Root wrote a letter to Mr. Hays at the request of the latter in which he commented on the league and suggested certain amendments. He then approved article 10 but thought it should apply only for five years when there should be a revision of the boundaries therein guaranteed against forcible invasion. He recommended a court to pass on justiciable questions as contained in the program of the league to enforce peace and defined what should be regarded as justiciable questions. He criticised the commission in the league of a more satisfactory declaration in favor of the development of the principle of international law and justice by judicial decision.

He approved however, with emphasis the machinery provided in the league covenant for reaching a recommendation for settlement of nonjusticiable controversies. Mr. Root's definition of justiciable controversies was incorporated in the amended league covenant, but only in an advisory way and not as a basis for the fixed jurisdiction of an arbitrate court.

HIS CHANGED ATTITUDE

In a subsequent letter after the treaty was formally submitted Mr. Root changed his attitude as to article 10 and favored a reservation saving the United States from binding obligation under it, and that is what the Lodge reservation effects.

The present league covenant contains a provision directing the council of the league to prepare a plan for the establishment of a court for the league. There is every reason to believe that the English plan for a league contained a provision for an international court with fixed jurisdiction to pass on justiciable questions and that the adoption of this feature was prevented by Mr. Wilson. After the league was organised without the membership of the United States, Mr Wilson exercised no influence, and thus the league was able to select Mr. Root as a member of a strong committee of international jurisdiction to recommend a plan for a court for the league. Mr. Root has accepted and is now at The Hague, where the work is being done.

RESOLUTION INTERPRETED

When these facts are considered and the resolutions of the republican platform are interpreted in the light of them, they leave no doubt that they not only do not declare against the league with the Lodge reservation, but that their pledge cannot be satisfied by the republican president and a republican Senate without ratifying the league with substantially the Lodge reservations. With a republican victory there is every reason to anticipate that enough of the democratic senators who held out because Mr. Wilson insisted (and only seven more democrats than those already committed are needed) will approve the league with such reservations.

The first paragraph of the resolutions on the league reads as follows:

"The republican party stands for agreement among the nations to preserve the peace of the world. We believe that such an international association must be based upon international justice and must provide methods which shall maintain the rule of public right by the development of law and the decision of impartial courts and which shall secure instant and general international conference whenever peace shall be threatened, so that the nations pledged to do and insist upon what is just and fair, may exercise their influence and power for the prevention of war."

This describes exactly what the league of nations with the Lodge reservation does, except as the judicial features of the league need improvement. It declares for an agreement among nations to preserve the peace of the world. How? First by provision for judicial settlement of disputes capable of such settlement, Second, by instant international conference whenever peace is threatened, of nations pledged to do and insist upon what is just and fair, who are to exercise "their influence and power" for the prevention of war. This means the recommendation of fair compromises in nonjusticiable controversies by the league of nations secured by their pledged insistence and the use of their influence and power. It is article 16 and proceding articles strongly approved by Senator Root.

ARTICLE 10 RESERVATION

The second paragraph introduces the reservation of article 10 as follows:

"We believe that all this can be done without the compromise of national independence, without depriving the people of the United States in advance of the right to determine for themselves what is just and fair when the occasion arises and without involving them as participants and not as peacemakers in a multitude of quarrels of the merits of which they are unable to judge."

Article 10 bound the United States with other members to uphold, against forcible aggression, the territorial integrity and existing political independence of every member of the league with force of arms if need be and without regard to the merits of the controversy. The majority (and indeed the minority reservations of the democrats) destroyed this positive obligation and left it to Congress to decide its course when the occasion arose and this is just what the above words provide.

PLATFORM AND ARTICLE X.

The platform continues to animadvert on article 10 as follows:

"The covenant signed by the president at Paris signally failed to accomplish this great purpose and contains stipulations not only intolerable for independent people but certain to produce the injustice, hostility and controversy among nations which it proposed to prevent."

In the next paragraph the criticism of article 10 is continued as well as that of the failure to settle justificable controversies and improve international law by a judicial tribunal rather than by the league council or assembly. Herein also is the reservation of the Monroe doctrine insisted upon.

The words are as follows:

"That covenant repudiated to a degree wholly unnecessary and unjustifiable the time honored policy in favor of peace declared by Washington and Jefferson and Monroe and pursued by all American administrators for more than a century and it ignored the universal sentiment of America for generations past in favor of international law and arbitration and it rested the hope of the future upon mere expedients and negotiations."

This language it is well to note carefully. It does not declare that we must adhere to the "no entangling alliance doctrine of Washington and Jefferson." It only criticises the covenant for departing from it more than is necessary and justifiable in creating a useful association of nations. It thus concedes that a departure is necessary.

CONDEMNS PRESIDENT

Then comes the condemnation of the president for not accepting the league with the Lodge reservations tendered him by the republican majority of the Senate:

"The unfortunate insistence of the president upon having his own way without any change and without any regard to the opinions of the majority of the Senate which shares with him the treaty-making power, and the presidents demand that the treaty should be ratified without any modification, created a situation in which senators were required to vote upon their consciences and their oaths according to their judgment against the treaty as it was presented or submit to the command of a dictator in a matter where the authority and responsibility under the constitution were theirs and not his."

What was it that the president objected to? It was the league with the Lodge reservations. He was not directing his efforts against the absolute repudiation of the league by the bitter-enders. He had no chance to. Indeed he and the bitter-enders were working toward the same end, that is, the defeat of the league with the Lodge reservations. The bitter-enders praised him for his courageous and conscientious stand on principle against the league thus qualified. This condemnation of the president by the platform for refusing to accept the league with the Lodge reservations necessarily and inevitably approves the league with those reservations. The meaning cannot be escaped and it is confirmed incontestably by the language which follows:

"The senators performed their duties faithfully. We approve their conduct and honor their courage and fidelity and we pledge the coming republican administration to such agreement with the other nations of the world as shall meet the full duties of America to civilisation and humanity in accordance with American ideals and without surrendering the right of the American people to exercise its judgment and its power in favor of justice and peace."

These words immediately follow the condemnation of the president for failing to accept the offer of the republican senators to ratify the league with Lodge reservations. What therefore, can the approval of their nation mean but an approval of the league with those reservations which they offer president. It shows clearly what that world agreement is to be, to which the republican party pledges itself in the closing words of the paragraph.

It follows of course that these resolutions repudiate the vociferous attitude of Senator Johnson, Senator Borah, and the other bitter-enders against the league or association of nations at all. The only concession made to them was to omit the specific designation for approval of the league and reservations and this to save their faces; but the substance they yielded by accepting what Mr. Mills and Mr. Root's words offered.

Now look at the matter practically. The 4th of March comes. This new administration wishes to clear the decks for reconstruction legislation. It wishes the benefits of the Versailles treaty as a basis of that peace. The new republican president is a man who voted for the league with the Lodge reservations. The league will have been functioning for a year. All the nations except our late enemies and all our South American neighbors are members as well as our late allies. They are willing to take us with the Lodge reservations. Meantime Mr. Root and his associates will have made their recommendations as to the character and jurisdiction of the league court and the development of international law under its decision. The election will have become a thing of the past. The Irish and pro-German vote will cease from troubling. Mr. Root will return with that great national and party prestige in the foreign affairs which is deservedly his and he will favor entering the league with the Lodge reservations. There can be no doubt therefore of the result under the coming republican administration. The league and reservations recommended by a republican president and repudiated by a democratic president will be a republican achievement and will commend itself as such to the party representatives in the Senate. The practical and consistent friends of the league of nations may look forward to the coming republican victory with confidence in the success of their cause.

Appointed By Lincoln, Still Holds His Job

Captain S.S. Cole, custodian of the National Cemetery at Camp Nelson, Kan., is the oldest employe of the American Government in point of service. Captain Cole is 94 years old, and was appointed to his post by President Lincoln. He enlisted in the American Army in 1845, fought through the Mexican and Civil wars, and later engaged in campaigns against the Indians in the Northwest. Captain Cole is the only Mexican War veteran in the South.

Y. M. C. A. TAILOR SHOP

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PERSIA APPEALS FOR HELP; LEAGUE DEFERS ACTION

Will Await Result Of The Bolshevist Promise To Withdraw Invading Troops

SOVIET SNUBS THE LEAGUE

Has Declined So Far To Permit Investigating Commission To Go To Russia

London, June 16.—Persia received today at a meeting of the Council of the League of Nations held in St. James's Palace assurances of the deep sympathy with which the council regarded her in her troubles with the Soviet Government and its entire approval of her course in bringing them at once before the League.

As Persia, however, was already in negotiations on her own account with Moscow and had not yet received a reply to the wireless she had despatched on June 12 outlining the concessions she wanted Russia to make, the council resolved that it was not yet time for it to intervene, but would do so later if Persia renewed her application.

This decision on what has been described as the "first test case of the value of the League idea," was announced at a public session by Lord Curzon. He was in the chair as representative of the nation entertaining the League, and seated at the council table with him were M. de Fleurian of France, M. Clark of Brazil, Viscount Chinda of Japan, Baron Moncheur of Belgium, Count Catalani of Italy, M. Cadamanos of Greece and Marquis De Faura of Spain. Prince Firouz Mirza, the Persian Foreign Minister, also joined the conclave while his country's appeal was under consideration. He had, Lord Curzon explained, attended the private consultations of the council which had been held on Monday and Tuesday and given full information as to the Bolshevist invasion of Enzeli.

RUSSIA'S ATTITUDE

Russia again came up in a report from the Secretary General, Sir Eric Drummond, on the response of the Soviet Government to the request of the Council for permission to send an international commission into Russia to investigate actual conditions. The reply to this was asked for by the middle of May, and when it was not forthcoming, then by June 15.

A wireless had been received at the end of May, Sir Eric reported, in which M. Tchitcherin, the Soviet Foreign Minister had objected to receiving representatives of the nations which were engaged in fomenting Polish aggression and in supporting such White leaders as Wrangel. To this the Council replied that the members of the commission would represent not their own nations, but the entire League of Nations, and that if the Soviet Government by refusing to receive the commission showed itself opposed to such an important step toward peace, it must be prepared to accept the responsibility. To this Sir Eric reported the Soviet has made no rejoinder.

Dr. Nansen made an interesting report on his work for repatriation of prisoners. There was still, he believes, 250,000 in Russia and as many Russian and other prisoners in Germany and neighboring countries. They were probably better off now than for some time past, but their long absence from home implied acute mental anguish to millions.

The complete breakdown of government and the isolation of Russia and the inability of some States to pay the cost of repatriating their own subjects had made it difficult to save these men, but before Winter the United States and Great Britain ought to have nearly all the Czechs out of Siberia by way of Vladivostok, and there were only 15,000 other prisoners to travel that way.

The Governments of Esthonia and Finland had been helping the International Red Cross to set up an exchange of German and Russian prisoners. It was already in operation at Narva and might be started at Biorko, therefore he hoped 60,000 Russians would be sent home in place of a like number of Germans before Winter set in. Dr. Nansen added that the International Committee for Relief Credits in Paris could help a great deal by providing the funds for the cost of shipping these men, but even if all the prisoners within reach of the Baltic ports were looked after, there would still remain thousands in Turkestan and remote parts of South Russia to be helped.

RED REPLY EVASIVE

Teheran, Persia, June 15.—The Russian Soviet Government in reply to a note from Persia declares that there is no question of an enterprise against Persian independence, but says it was necessary to protect Russian shipping in the Caspian Sea.

The Soviet Government agrees to withdraw from Enzeli, on the Caspian, "when Persian independence is guaranteed and she is no longer under foreign influence."

The Bolshevist forces which landed at Enzelo consisted of one army corps under the command of General Respelanikov, being reinforced later by an escadrille of hydroplanes, according to advices received here. The city proper and its suburbs are occupied by contingents of cavalry.

The advices add that the Russians seized fifteen tank steamers and sent them immediately to Baku.

London, June 16.—The Revolutionary Committee of Persia has issued a proclamation announcing the formation of a Soviet republic at Resht, according to a London Times despatch from Teheran dated June 15. The proclamation gives the names of the commissaries appointed. All of them are inhabitants of Ghilan, the Persian province of which Resht is the capital.

Telegrams have been addressed by the committee to the American and French Legations for communication to the other powers, announcing the birth of the Red Committee and abolition of the monarchy.

DJEMAL PASHA IN MOSCOW

Moscow, June 13 (Associated Press).—Djemal Pasha, a member of the Young Turk Party, who is now in Moscow, has arrived at an understanding with the Soviet Government over points of mutual interest to Russia and Turkey, it is announced here.

Djemal Pasha declared himself today as convinced that Soviet Russia was the only power to which the East could look "for upholding the principles of self-determination, liberty for oppressed nationalities and protection against Western capitalism and imperialism." He thought that Armenia and Syria both would sooner or later reach the conviction that the Entente could do nothing for them and that pourparlers would be undertaken that would end in a neutral understanding among the peoples of Asia Minor.

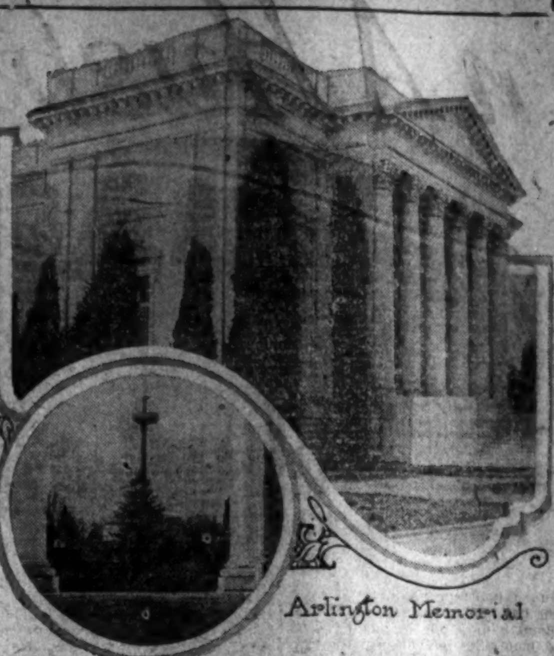
"We are prepared," said Djemal, "to make liberal concessions to Armenia, including the cession of Trebizond, Batum, Bitlis and Van. We are willing also to hold plebiscites in the territories indicated in the recent communique of M. Tchitcherin to the Turkish Government, with the exception of Eastern Thrace, which is unquestionably Turkish."

With regard to the attitude of Turkish leaders toward the possible establishment of a Communist form of government, Djemal Pasha said:

"With us it is not a question of Bolshevism or democracy, but of life or death. A decision in favor of a Soviet could not be opposed by the Young Turks."

He declared that the establishment of close relations between Armenia and Soviet Russia might be expected in the near future as a result of the refusal of the League of Nations to accept the mandate for Armenia and the recent action of the American Senate in declining to consider the recommendation of President Wilson that the United States accept the mandate.

American Memorial To Nation's Dead



Made of American marble and costing almost $900,000, the tribute of America to her heroes of the army and navy was dedicated on Decoration Day. Erected in the Arlington National Cemetery, Washington, D. C., it is in the form of a huge ampitheater and standing in the center one can see through one of the arched openings (see inset) the mainmast of the ill-fated battleship Maine, which was sunk in Havana Harbor.

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A Dangerous Way to Win A Husband

Dr. Edith Hall Smith, of Wellesley College, Explains How Too Short Skirts, Too Thin Waists, Too Bare Backs and Other Suggestive Fashions Attract Only the Worst Kind of Mates—and Describes Her Experiments That Prove It

By Dr. Edith Hale Swift,
Medical Examiner of Wellesley College.

IT is time to adopt new and better modes of dress because the old ones have failed of their purpose.

The girl who sets forth wearing transparent chiffons, bare backs and knee-length skirts on her mission of husband-hunting finds that her ammunition is faulty. Thus equipped for hunting she bags the lesser man.

She may land a husband, but he is at best a poor imitation of the kind of mate she wants. She can attract a worth-while man by the candid parade of her physical charms, but only on the lesser side. She cannot hold him.

She can lead him by a chiffon scarf to the altar—but no further.

Every girl more or less consciously dresses with one object. That is to get a husband. When she finds that the kind of clothes she is buying secures for her only a second or third or fourth class companion on the jog of life, I hope she will abandon the indecent forms of dress.

Recently at the International Conference of Women Physicians, held at the National Board of the Young Women's Christian Association headquarters in New York, I occasioned controversy by these statements.

Mrs. Beatrice Forbes Robertson Hale dissented from my views.

She said women dressed for class. Her view was that cooks sartorially try to imitate queens.

I am willing to grant that the desire to rise in the social scale is a factor in the dress of mature women. But the big, controlling factor in the dress of most women, particularly of the younger members of the sex, is to win the male of the species.

I uttered my warning at the conference of doctors because I have learned in my confidential practice and my observation of life that young women are failing in their primary and worthy purpose. They must find another means of gaining that purpose.

They must stalk their prey from another side.

I have had occasion to do a great deal of talking to girls of many classes. In Boston I have addressed college girls and the wards of the charitable organizations. The intermediate grades of business and professional women have been in my audiences. From all I have drawn the admission that expensive and, in the matter of weight and covering, inconsiderable clothing is chosen because men like it.

Girls whom I have persuaded to be frank have said:

"We would rather wear sensible, durable clothes. But when we do the men don't notice us. When we wear silly, thin-as-paper blouses the men sit up and take notice. It never fails."

I asked some of the girls for whom I am friend and counselor to make the experiment.

"Try another point of attack," I said. "The sex interest is ephemeral. He has many other deeper and more enduring interests. Learn to play a good game of tennis and talk to him about tennis. Read the newspapers and talk about the news."

The girls followed the plan faithfully. Of that there can be no doubt. They applied themselves diligently to the solution of the problem. If they could attract the male and hook a husband without undue outlay of their earnings or allowances and more display of person than modesty permitted they preferred to do so.

But after due trial they reported failure.

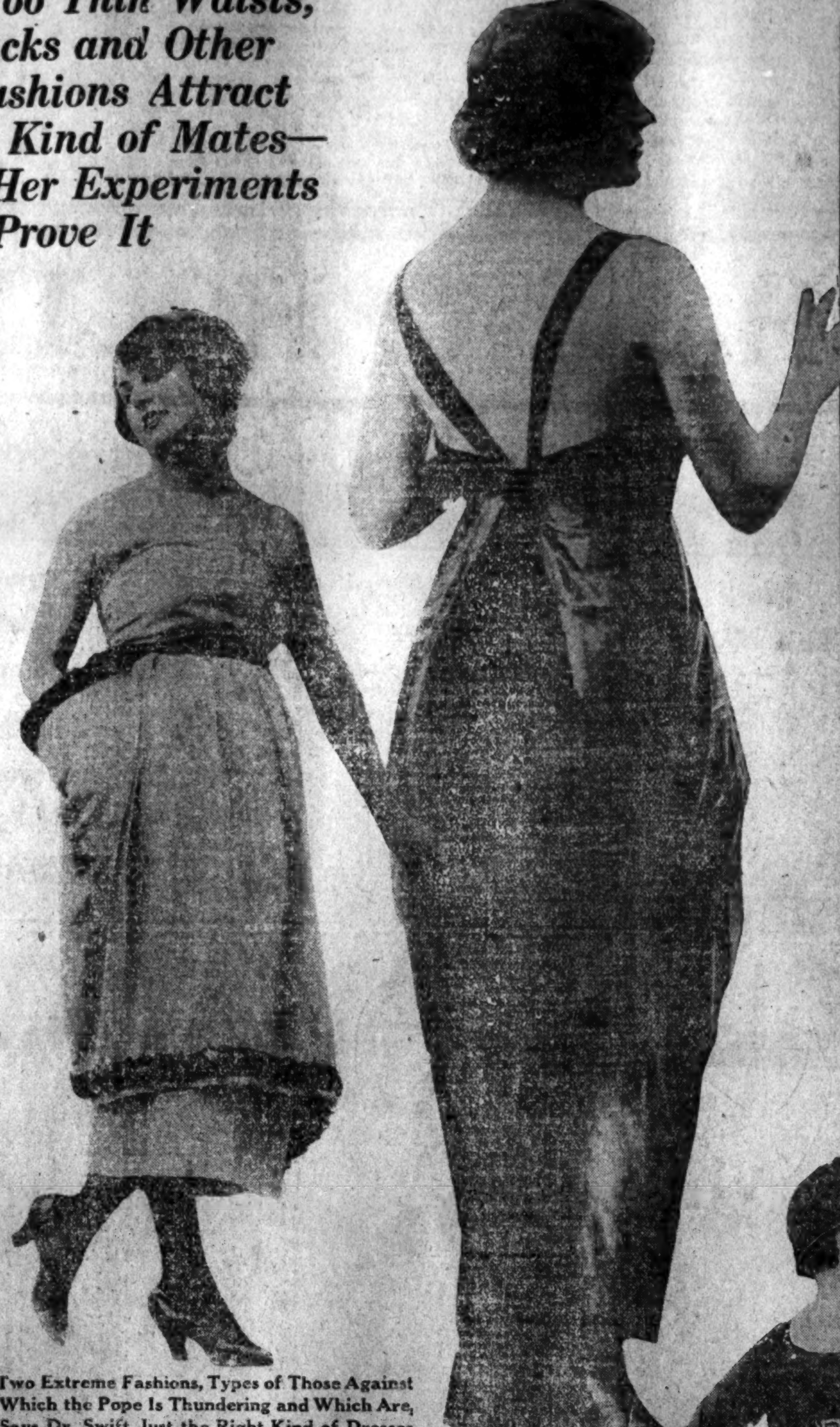
"The girls who wore the flesh-colored blouses so like the skin that you couldn't tell where one ended and the other began got all the attention," they told me.

"The girls who wore their skirts up to their knees grabbed all the partners at the dances. There was a girl who had painted her mouth until it looked like a cherry that was ready to drop to the ground. She had three proposals of marriage at one week-end visit."

Discouraging, but not hopeless.

I asked the girls to describe the men who were thus easily hooked. They were youths who lived on remittances or who earned small salaries. Those whose names signified anything hadn't made them significant. They had inherited the significance. They weren't even strong, physically fit men. They had not distinguished themselves even at athletics.

Then I said:



Two Extreme Fashions, Types of Those Against Which the Pope Is Thundering and Which Are, Says Dr. Swift Just the Right Kind of Dresses to Attract the Worst Kind of Husbands

"Well, girls, granted the vulgar type of dressing does attract all men, and that it is bait upon the matrimonial hook for some of them, would you like to have such husbands?"

Most of them agreed they wouldn't.

A few said: "But a girl is expected to marry. And most girls do. If there aren't enough men of the right kind, we'll have to take the rest."

"That," I replied, "promises badly for the future of our race."

I acknowledged frankly in my talks to the girls of many strata of society that there is an appeal to every man in the too thin, too low at the neck, too short at the hem, too tight at the hip-line attire.

Every woman who knows the truth about her husband knows this. It is true of good husbands as of bad ones.

But I maintained and maintain that the lure is only for their lesser side. It does not last.

To use the phrase of the late David Graham Phillips: "The legs of a man's desire are not long, and they do not carry him far. Women don't know that."

I urged them to adopt substantial methods to win substantial men.

The substantial method is proof of permanent companionableness.

Amiability, intelligence, vivacity, sympathy are better than Georgette waists, knee-length skirts, constricted hips, bare backs and insufficiently brassiered fronts.

The woman who dresses with the primary purpose of sex appeal must pursue that art or business to the exclusion or neglect of all others. She is the bondwoman of the manufacturer. It is not enough that she wear diaphanous garments that leave little to the exercise of the imagination.

She must also make frequent changes. The husband hunt is an expensive pursuit.

"Clothes may be ever so pretty, ever so becoming, but their charm is dulled by accustomedness. They are as a beautiful face that seen across the table three times a day becomes less interesting to the gazer the new and plainer faces.

So in the attire that is for sex appeal there must be change, change, change. That is the root of feminine extravagance. To attract a man one costume, if daring enough, will suffice. But to prolong that attraction boxes must come from the couturiere's with amazing frequency.

It was a professional beauty who knew well her art who required a new hat every week of the year.

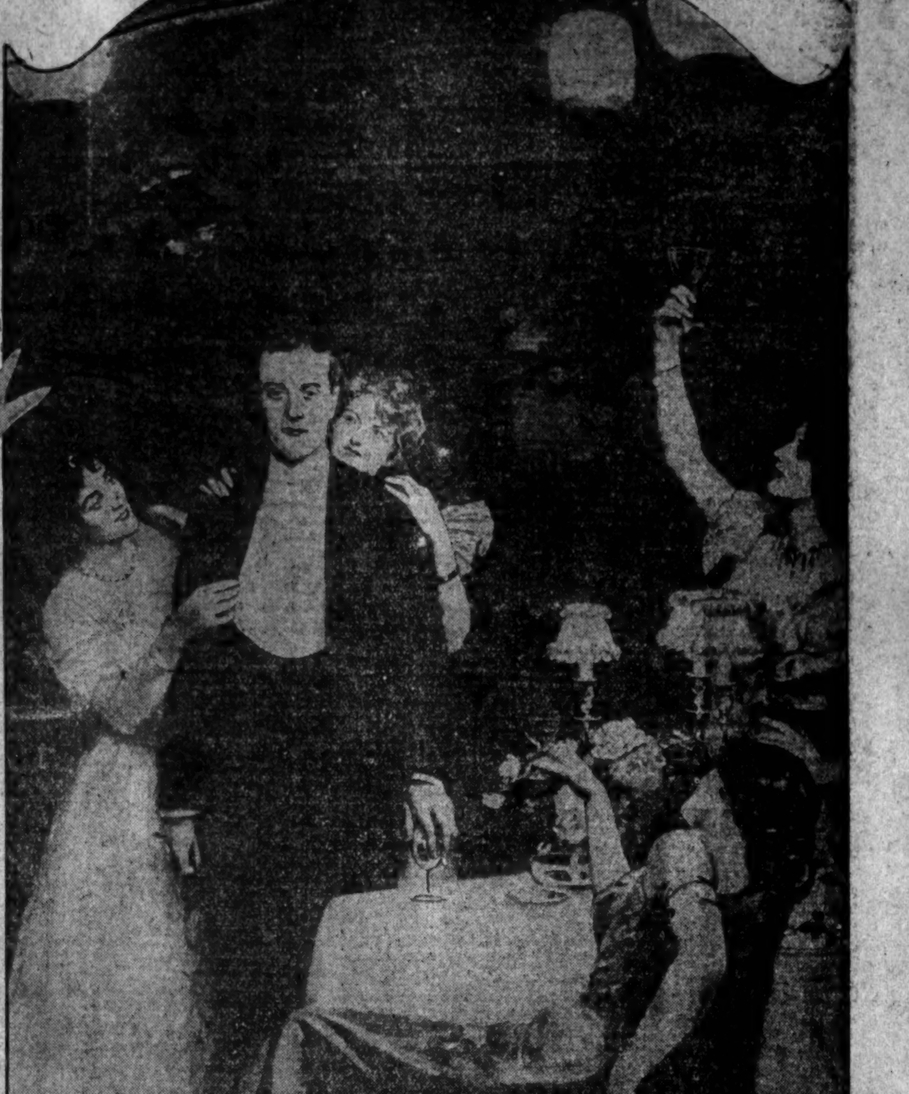
Girls who wish to utilize their brief charm of youth to catch a husband well know that to draw a man's eyes from the charms of other girls she must please his eye. She seeks to do this by the brightest colors, the thinnest fabrics and the most daring designs she can find. That the origin of the imported fashions is the cocotte of Paris, for whom Parisian fashions are designed, does not dismay her. She is intent upon her aim—the securing of a husband.

I do not decry these man hunts, if their object be matrimony. Instinctively, and sometimes unconsciously, a girl is seeking a mate. Acquaintanceship comes more easily, and a kind of feverish friendship follows more quickly, when she wears the latest in fashion, inappropriate though it may be to her life and character.

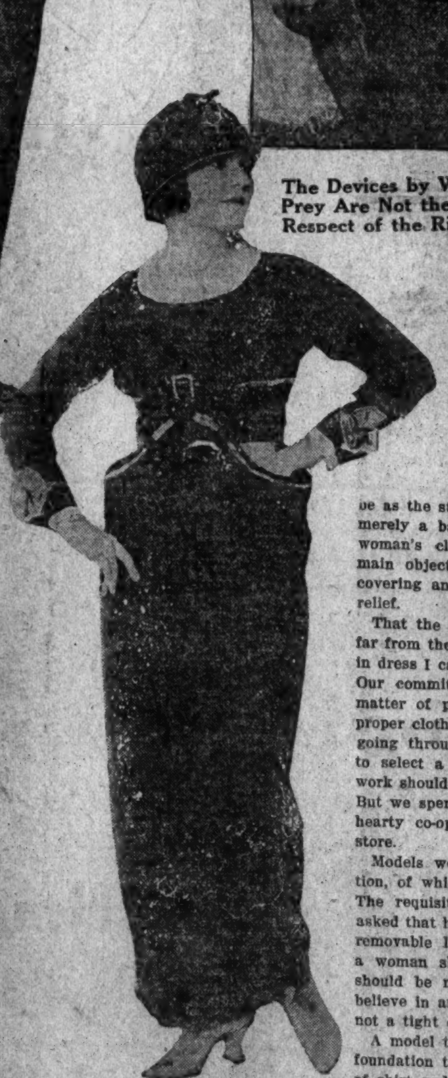
But in the end she defeats her purpose.

I differentiate between proper and improper attire by saying that right attire emphasizes the personality, wrong attire the person.

The best example of dress that avoids any emphasis of the person is the garb of the nun. Full, straight dresses, the weight and fullness of which hang from the shoulders are theirs. Even the hair, which to some has a lure and coquetry, is hidden. You look at, you think only, of their faces. It should be so with the secular attire of women. The costume should be as the stem and the calyx of the rose, merely a background for the flower. A woman's clothes should serve the two main objects. It should be a sufficient covering and should throw the face into relief.



The Devices by Which the Courtesan Ensnares Her Prey Are Not the Kind of Appeal Which Wins the Respect of the Right Kind of a Man or Make Durable Bonds of Matrimony, Points Out Dr. Swift, Calling Attention to Exactly the Same Situation Which the Hon. John Collier Has Symbolized in This Famous Painting—"The Man Hunters."



A Type of Walking Gowns Whose Lines Are Modest Yet Entirely Attractive

The Nun's Modest Garb Which Dr. Swift Believes the Ideal Dress for Women.

That the manufacturers have wandered far from the aims of health and propriety in dress I can prove to you in a sentence. Our committee that had in charge the matter of providing for an exhibition of proper clothing had to spend two days in going through one of the leading stores to select a few suitable costumes. The work should have lasted but half an hour. But we spent two days. And we had the hearty co-operation of every one in the store.

Models were shown at our demonstration, of which we approved in the main. The requisites seemed to be few. We asked that hygiene be served by an easily removable lining. And we insisted that a woman should be clad so that there should be no constriction. Personally I believe in and wear the corset. But it is not a tight one.

A model that pleased us consisted of a foundation that was composed of a union of shirt and bloomers. This easily could be removed, easily could be cleansed. Over this was worn a sleeveless one-piece gown of dark serge. The lines were nearly straight, yet curved gracefully at the waist line. It was slipped on easily and snapped at the shoulders. Over this slip a long, graceful cape could be worn and fastened by a clasp at the neck or breast and by straps crossing beneath the cape at the back.

More elaborate was a second garment. The dress had no lining, for each one was made with a washable blouse. This, too, was a straight garment hanging from the shoulders. It could be trimmed with lengthwise or horizontal rows of buttons, or more elaborately with ruffles. A slip of dark serge or gabardine could be worn in the morning for the street. The wearer on returning to her home could wear over it a dainty coat of crepe or chiffon in any desired color. A short coat or longer tunic could be embroidered or painted at the will and purse of the wearer.

An objection was heard from the audience that a gown that had been worn on the street should not be worn indoors. The germ theory was raised and the protection of the household from bacillic invaders argued.

I should negative that objection myself. For since skirts are short, they will not carry home the germs gathered from the streets. If dust has settled upon the garment a brushing will remove it. At all events, the bacillus is maleficent only in its moist form. Dry, it is innocuous.

I believe that these basic ideas brought out by the clothes demonstration were good. Personally I do not favor a uniform. I would preserve a woman's individuality. But I heartily approve a plan for a basic hygienic style into which a woman may introduce variants according to her taste.

When all women dress modestly and hygienically the husband hunt will proceed upon higher lines and the huntresses will not bag the lesser game.

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1920

Business and Official - - Notices - -

NOTICE

To All Lonely Souls

The Theosophical Society has something to offer you in the way of Spiritual Help. It will show you the Light where before there was Darkness. Its Teachings make Life easier to bear and Death easier to face.

To all interested address inquiries in writing to Secretary, Theosophical Society, Post Office Box No. 15. British Post Office, Shanghai, and a booklet of information will be sent you free of charge.

31017

Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Notice is hereby given that the Register of Shares of the Corporation, at this Branch, will be closed from the 26th July to the 7th August, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares can be effected.

By order of the Court of Directors,
G. H. STITT,
Acting Manager.
Shanghai, 16th July, 1920.

30871

The Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd.

The 14th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ld., will be held at the Head Office, No. 26 Broadway, Hongkew, on Thursday, July 29th, at 5 p.m., when the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended April 30th, 1920, will be presented.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from July 19th to July 29th both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. ARNOLD DAWSON,
Acting Secretary.

30903

SPECIAL NOTICE

S. S. WM. H. WEBB

An examination of broken or ship-damaged cargo per S.S. Wm. H. Webb will be held at 9:30 a.m., Friday, July 23rd, at the China Merchants' Eastern Wharf. Messrs. Eisler and Reeves, Marine Surveyors, will be in attendance.

THE BARBER S.S. LINES, INC.
The Admiral Line, Agents.

31010

NOTICE

The second art exhibition of PEGASUS SOCIETY is to be held at the World Students' Federation, 51 Bubbling Well Road, July 21st to July 27th, 1920 from

1 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Admission Free
Critics welcome.

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31004

Shanghai International Swimming Club

The annual general meeting of the Club will be held at the Municipal Swimming Bath on Friday, 23rd July, 1920, at 9 p.m.

J. H. McGREGOR,
Hon. Sec. and Treasurer.

30983

NOTICE

OWING to great increase in the cost of flour, we are reluctantly compelled to raise the price of Bread from the 16th instant, when the price will be twelve pounds for one dollar.

12 lbs. $1 12 lbs.

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73 & 73A Szechuen Road.

EXPERIENCED American graduate Chinese lady nurse, R.N., New York, will take private cases in general and obstetrical nursing. Quite at home with English language. For terms, please apply to Box 1341, THE CHINA PRESS.

Dr. Furstenberg M.D.

Specialist in urinary, venereal skin and internal diseases.
Hours 11-1 and 4-6 p.m.
25 Avenue Edward VII. Ben Building.

30851

VANCOUVER LODGE

Residential Country Hotel

134 SINZA ROAD

Telephone West 1797

Double and single rooms, hot and cold water service. Garages spacious garden, tennis courts croquet lawn.

TERMS MODERATE.

27746

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

CAFÉ PAULISTA

P448, Nanking Road,
'Phone C. 2930
TIFFIN 75 cts.
DINNER $1.00
also Meals a la Carte.

Cakes of all kinds made to order.

GENUINE BRAZIL COFFEE
Tins 70 cts. lb.,
Tabloids 60 cts. doz.

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET, good offices on ground and first-floors near the Bund. Apply to Box 11, THE CHINA PRESS.

31025 J. 25

TO LET, for immediate occupation, two airy office rooms. Apply to Box 1492, THE CHINA PRESS.

30988 J. 24

TO LET, ground floor offices in central district, containing 680 sq. ft. floor space. Rent Tls. 150 per month. Apply China Realty Co., Ltd.

30982

GODOWN WANTED: American firm requires a fair-sized godown. September occupancy, any district. Apply to Box 1443, THE CHINA PRESS.

30895 J. 23

OFFICES to let near Bund, four very large rooms, immediate occupation. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

30606

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

FOR AMERICAN, BRITISH AND CHINESE

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1895)
SHANGHAI

COPYING PENCILS OF PRE-WAR MANUFACTURE

In 1914 we purchased several hundred gross of these famous pencils and now offer them to you at cut prices. We do not believe you can buy anywhere else in the Far East a copying pencil guaranteed of Pre-War manufacture.

Copying Soft No. 165: $1.50 per doz.
Copying Hard No. 168: $1.50 ,, ,,
Copying Superfine No. 214: $1.80 ,, ,,

SPECIAL PRICE IN GROSS LOTS

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone Central 4778 SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT Cable Add. Mackhauck
22 Nanking Road, Shanghai

Stewart Motor-Driven WARNING SIGNAL

Not an "electric horn" with only a common vibrator, but a WARNING SIGNAL with a REAL MOTOR and a big push button that can be operated by the slightest touch of the hand. arm.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

APARTMENTS WANTED

BACHELOR wants to rent small house, furnished or unfurnished; price no objection. Apply to Box 1491, THE CHINA PRESS.

31011 J 25

WANTED, furnished or partly furnished room, by American. No board, down-town location desired. Apply to Box 3, THE CHINA PRESS.

31008 J. 24

BOARD and lodging accommodation with private family desired by educated young American man. Good residential district. Apply to Box 1484, THE CHINA PRESS.

30974 J. 23

UNFURNISHED room, with bath, wanted by Englishman of quiet and steady habits, with or without board. Apply, giving full particulars, to Box 1459, THE CHINA PRESS.

30966 J. 23

WANTED by young married couple, flat in down-town district, must be modern, furnished preferred, and good location; will lease for six months or one year. Apply to Box 1487, THE CHINA PRESS.

30978 J. 23

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

SITUATIONS VACANT

PLEASANT EMPLOYMENT: One of our Courses in Commercial Illustrating, Newspaper Illustrating, Caricaturing and Cartooning, Magazine and Book Illustrating, Industrial Design, etc., will give you preparation for pleasant and well-paid employment. Increased use of advertising in China demands more Commercial Illustrators. I.C.S. Illustrating Courses include drawing outfits and materials needed. Send for interesting catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, Chinese P. O. Box No. 1.

WANTED, a reliable Chinese all-round office assistant, with knowledge of typewriting, must be quick at figures. Apply to Box 4, THE CHINA PRESS.

31016 J. 25

WANTED immediately, a compradore by an established foreign firm. Must be experienced and able to select a good producing staff and shroffs. Should possess some capital, and be able to furnish a reasonable guarantee. An excellent opportunity for such as can qualify. Apply to Box 10, THE CHINA PRESS.

31023 J. 24

WANTED by an American concern, English-speaking dye shroff. One who thoroughly understands dyestuffs, and who is capable of obtaining orders. Good salary and commission to the right man. Apply to Box 7, THE CHINA PRESS.

31020 J. 25

WANTED, American woman with college or normal training, to teach English in mission boys' school. E. H. Cressy, 38 Quinsan Road, Shanghai.

30806

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SITUATIONS WANTED

EUROPEAN chauffeur, speaks English, four years' experience; all makes of cars. Write to 78 Bubbling Well Road.

31015 J. 25

American returned student, with secretarial experience, conversant with dialects, wishes position with prospect. Apply to Box 9, THE CHINA PRESS.

31022 J. 25

YOUNG foreigner, with perfect knowledge of French, seeks position in any capacity. Experienced salesman, recently arrived from Japan. Apply to Box 1495, THE CHINA PRESS.

30995 J. 24

SECRETARIAL position, with opportunities for advancement, by American girl, age 25, experience seven years; five years secretary to president of large public utility in America, and eighteen months' service in France. Apply to Box 1498, THE CHINA PRESS.

30999 J. 25

CHINESE Electrical Engineer, graduate of University of Illinois, eight years in the United States, one year shop experience, three years as designing engineer with a large electrical manufacturing firm in Pittsburgh, America. Capable of designing power and light plants, machine-shop equipment, cotton mill, mine and all other modern electrical industries. Any good proposition will be entertained. Communications treated as strictly confidential. Apply to Dr. R. A. Parker, 36 Carter Road.

30993 J. 29

ELECTRICAL Engineer seeks permanent position at once. Willing to begin with small salary. A.1. references. Apply to Box 1483, THE CHINA PRESS.

30971 J. 23

FOR SALE: My services and knowledge of my four years' experience in China marketing European products, competent to take charge of territory and produce result. Capable office man, technical knowledge of advertising in all its branches. Firm requiring an experienced energetic salesman. Apply to Box 1482, THE CHINA PRESS.

30968 J. 23

STENOGRAPHER-Secretary: young lady recently from New York, possessing initiative and adaptability, desires position. Apply to Box 1481, THE CHINA PRESS.

30964 J. 23

SWISS, speaking French, German, Polish, Russian, little English and Italian, seeks position as teacher, correspondent, or any capacity. Apply to Box 1490, THE CHINA PRESS.

30985 J. 23

YOUTH, English university graduate, with good practical knowledge of engineering (mechanical and electrical), is open to engagement from September 1st. No objection to outport or interior. Apply to Box 1489, THE CHINA PRESS.

30981 J. 23

AMERICAN, experienced in export-import, good correspondent in four languages, expert codist, open for immediate engagement. Apply to Box 1469, THE CHINA PRESS.

30942 J. 24

ENERGETIC young foreigner, experienced in import and export, seeks engagement. Capable of handing Chinese staff. Expert stenographer, good knowledge of filing, coding, etc., and thoroughly conversant with general office routine. A. 1. references. Apply to Box 1465, THE CHINA PRESS.

30935

YOUNG man, American, age 30 years, who has held executive position for a number of years in the import and export business, in the Far East and America, seeks connection with reliable firm. Capable of taking full charge of business of above-mentioned character and willing to go to Europe or America, or to remain in Far East. Interested firms will please communicate to Box 1451, THE CHINA PRESS.

30917 J. 23

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens
Board — Residence
Apply Mrs. S. POLLOCK.

TO LET with board, August 1st, large, well-furnished room and bath, all modern comforts, tennis, garage and stabling. Apply to Box 1479, THE CHINA PRESS.

FURNISHED room with bath, without board, very central. Apply top floor, 9 Ezra Road.

31013 J. 25

ROOMS, with full board to let, verandah, bathrooms. Western district. Apply 78 Bubbling Well Road.

31015 J :

FURNISHED room to let, with board, for one month or little longer, in western district. Splendid opportunity, only $70. Apply to Box 1, THE CHINA PRESS.

31006 J. 24

WELL-furnished rooms, with excellent board, to let, at No. 103 Bubbling Well Road. Phone west 805, or call personally.

30992 J. 27

BOSTONIA, 61 Carter Road, to let, July 24th, one large room with verandah, tennis court, garden; American management. Phone west 883 or Central 975.

30987 J. 28

TO LET, one furnished room, with board, and private bath. Please apply to 28 Carter Road; telephone west 1912.

31001 J. 24

TO LET, on Avenue Road, near Ferry, room with bathroom and verandah attached. Call West 240.

31009 J. 25

TO BE LET, from 1st September next, three large rooms with verandah, one small room and lavatory, suitable for offices or club, on ground floor. Centrally situated. Electrical fittings must be taken over. Apply to Box 1477, THE CHINA PRESS.

30994 J. 27

TO LET, furnished bed and sitting-room with verandah, from August 1st. Board optional, 7 Wayside Road.

30976

TO LET, nicely furnished room, with board, bath, hot and cold water, etc., close to business district. Apply No. 49 Bubbling Well Road.

30949 J. 24

FLAT consisting of two rooms, bathroom and large verandah, vacant July 20th, facing South-East. Apply to Mrs. Weinstock, 15 Quinsan Gardens. Phone: North 482.

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED from 1st September, four or five-roomed unfurnished house, western district or French concession. Rental about Taels sixty. Apply to Box 1499, THE CHINA PRESS.

31003 J. 23

WANTED by first of October, furnished or unfurnished house in western district or French concession. Modern sanitary conveniences preferred. Apply to Box 1493, THE CHINA PRESS.

30989 J. 28

WANTED, nice, comfortable house, furnished or unfurnished, 10 to 14 rooms, western district or French concession preferred. Would take furniture over, if necessary. Phone Central 3244, or apply to Box 1496, THE CHINA PRESS.

30997

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, furnished house from August 1st to November 30th. French concession. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd.

30970

PROFESSIONAL

MINING ENGINEERING: In your own home you can receive complete training in Metal and Coal Mining, Prospecting, Smelting, etc. I.C.S. Textbooks easy to study and apply in practice. Necessary supplies such as Blowpiping, Drawing Outfits, etc., carried in stock by China Agency for convenience of students. Write for information today. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, Chinese P. O. Box No. 1.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED to exchange, two first-class tickets on Tenyo Maru, August 14th, for same on Empress of Russia, August 28th. Apply to Box 6, THE CHINA PRESS.

31014 J. 23

LOST OR STOLEN

ON Road to Kuling, purse containing a return ticket on s.s. Ningshao from Kiukiang in name of Mrs. Grier. A duplicate has been applied for and will be issued by the Company and the lost ticket will be useless.

30979 J. 23

EXCHANGE AND MART

WANTED, Human hair capnets—40,000 gross 12-38, 60,000 gross 10-38 assorted colours. Must guarantee quality. Only genuine offers will be considered. Reply to Box 8, THE CHINA PRESS.

31018 J 27

FOR SALE, 1919 model, electrically equipped, Indian powerplus motorcycle and side-car, hand-horn, speedometer, etc. In first-class running order. Price Tls. 400, Apply 85 Range Road.

31021 J. 25

SAILING YACHT, length 23 ft., beam 7 ft., with outboard, detachable aux. motor, all in perfect condition, with new sails, etc. for sale, owner going home. For further particulars, apply to Box 1497, THE CHINA PRESS.

31000 J. 28

FOR SALE, marble soda fountain. Complete with fixtures. Apply to Box 2, THE CHINA PRESS.

31007 J. 24

FOR SALE, Renault two-seater, in good condition, just overhauled. Apply to Box 1500, THE CHINA PRESS.

31005 J. 22

FOR SALE, one 14" carriage Underwood, and one Noiseless Typewriter, both in good condition. Also new mahogany roll-top desk, table and chair, American make. Prices reasonable. C. E. Masters, 2nd Floor, 22 Kiukiang Road.

30959

FOR SALE, International Savings Society's Bonds, one paid up for 24 months, one paid up for 14 months, one paid up for 13 months. What offers? Owner leaving Shanghai. Apply to Box 1441, THE CHINA PRESS.

30889 J. 23

A POODLE NAMED TOODLE

Not many days ago a poodle named "Toodle" got the idea in his noodle that he wanted a vacation, and soon after he was numbered among the missing.

To find a lost dog in a large city might seem to be a difficult undertaking. But a "Lost and Found" ad, phoned to THE CHINA PRESS, quickly located the peripatetic pup.

When you lose a cherished pet,
A Want Ad is the one best bet.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£2,000,000
Reserve Fund	2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£2,000,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:
Amritsar
Bangkok
Batavia
Bombay
Calcutta
Cawnpore
Canton
Cebu
Colombo
Delhi
Haiphong
Hankow
Hongkong
Iloilo
Ipoh
Karachi
Klang
Kobe
Kuala-Lumpur (F. M. S.)
Madras
Manila
Medan
Peking
Penang
Puket
Rangoon
Saigon
Seremban
Shanghai
Singapore
Sourabaya
Tientsin
Tavoy (Lower Burma)
Taiping
New York
Yokohama

Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital ....Frs.	48,000,000.00
Reserve ....Frs.	50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:
Bankok
Battambang
Canton
Djibouti
Pondichery
Haiphong
Hankow
Hanoi
Hongkong
Mengtze
Noumea
Peking
Papeete
Pnom-Penh
Saigon
Shanghai
Singapore
Tientsin
Tourane

Bankers:

in France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.

in London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital	Yen 10,000,000
Head Office	Peking.

Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling	£1,500,000
Silver	$23,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
G. M. Dodwell, Esq.
G. T. M. Odkins, Esq.
A. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H.. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
A. O. Lang, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:
Amoy
Bangkok
Batavia
Bombay
Calcutta
Canton
Colombo
Foochow
Hankow
Harbin
Iloilo
Ipoh
Johore
Kobe
Kuala Lumpur
London
Lyons
Malacca
Manila
Nagasaki
New York
Peking
Penang
Rangoon
Saigon
S. Francisco
Shanghai
Singapore
Sourabaya
Tientsin
Tsingtao
Vladivostock
Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

G. H. STITT.
Acting Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund........	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	Kup-Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:

London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.

Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.

Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:
Bombay
Chanchun (Kwanchendze)
Chefoo
Dairen (Dalny)
Hailar
Hankow
Harbin
Hongkong
Manchouli
Newchwang
Nicolayewsk O/Amur
Peking
Shanghai
Tientsin
Vladivostock
Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
S. JASTRZEMBSKI.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ...	$1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,808,808.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking
Tientsin
Chanchun
Antung
Dalny
Moukden
Newchwang
Harbin
Kirin
Tsinan
Chefoo
Tsingtao
Taiyuan
Kaifeng
Wuhu
Anking
Hangchow
Ningpo
Nanking
Chinkiang
Hsuchow
Soochow
Wusieh
Yangchow
Shanghai
Hankow
Ichang
Changsha
Nanchang
Kiukiang
Foochow
Amoy
Canton
Hongkong
Swatow
Chungking

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka, Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital ..Fr.	50,000,000
Reserves ....Fr.	12,027,956

Head office: BRUSSELS
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Paris Office: 2 Place de la Bourse
Branches: Cologne, Bucharest, Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking and Tientsin.
Agents:
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Ste Gle de Belgique

Correspondents in all important cities of the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangemements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

The Bank Of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912

Capital subscribed:	£1,000,000
Capital paid up	£850,000

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES
Canton
Batavia
New York
London
Honolulu
Sourabaya
Bangkok
Bombay
Manila
Singapore
Rangoon
Canada, etc.
S.Francisco
Colombo
Samarang
Calcutta
Yokohama

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital ...	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	435,461.90

Head office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Min, Sub-Manager.
Meng Chia, T. D. Woo, Acting Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital and Surplus: $10,000,000
Undivided Profits: $500,000

Owned By
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.
Head Office:
60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E. C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street
Branches:

China
Canton
Hankow
Harbin
Hongkong
Peking
Shanghai
Tientsin
Tsingtau
Dominican Republic
Barahona
Puerto Plata
San Pedro de Macoris
Sanchez
Santiago
Santo Domingo
India
Bombay
Calcutta
Rangoon
Japan
Kobe
Yokohama
Java
Batavia
Sourabaya
Panama
Colon
Panama
Philippine Islands
Cebu
Manila
Straits Settlements
Singapore

Branches of
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina
Buenos Aires
Once (Buenos Aires)
Rosario
Belgium
Antwerp
Brussels
Brazil
Bahia
Pernambuco
Porto Alegre
Rio de Janeiro
Santos
Sao Paulo
Chile
Santiago
Valparaiso
Colombia
Barranquilla
Bogota
Medellin
Cuba
Havana and 22 other cities in Cuba
Italy
Genoa
Peru
Lima
Porto Rico
Ponce
San Juan
South Africa
Cape Town
Spain
Barcelona
Madrid
Trinidad
Port of Spain
Uruguay
Montevideo
Calle Rondean (Montevideo)
Venezuela
Caracas
Ciudad Bolivar
Maracaibo

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	81,425.61
Resources	10,000,000.00

Head Office & Branches;
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimen, and Lanchi.
Domestic Agencies;
Throughout CHINA at principal Cities.
Foreign Correspondents:
London, New York, Amsterdam, Tokio, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodata, Seoul, and Fusan.

Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.

Drafts issued and telegraph transfers effected.

Commercial Credits established.

Loans and Credits granted on approved securities.

Interests allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Pounds Sterling, Gold Dollars, Guilders, Yen, Taels and Dollars according to arrangements.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

Savings Deposits at 4% compound interest.

LI MING, Manager.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Telephone: C. 3145, Mgr's. Office.
Telephone: C. 2147, General Office.
CABLE ADDRESS:
"CHINDUSBANK."

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
14 The Bund.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:
Bandjermasin
Bandoeng
Cheribon
Djember
Djokjakarta
Hongkong
Kobe
Kota-Radja
Langsa
Makassar
Medan
Padang
Pekalongan
Palembang
Penang
Pontianak
Rangoon
Semarang
Singapore
Soerabaya
Soerakarta
Tebing-Tinggi
Tegal
Telok Betong
Tjilatjap
Weltevreden

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

J. J. Staargaard,
Acting Agent.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital ..	£1,500,000
Paid up Capital.....	750,000
Reserve Fund......	750,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
BANK OF ENGLAND
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.
Bombay
Calcutta
Colombo
Delhi
Galle
Hongkonk
Howrah (Calcutta)
Kandy
Karachi
Kota Bahru (Kelantan)
Kuala Lumpur
Madras
New York
Penang
Port Louis (Mauritius)
Rangoon
Shanghai
Singapore

Shanghai Branch.
26 The Bund.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. CHAMPKIN, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital authorised Frs.	250,000,000
Capital subscribed "	150,000,000
Capital paid up .. "	75,000,000
Reserve .... "	30,000,000

One third of the Capital i. e. Frs. 50,000,000 subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11th, 1913.

President: Andre Berthelot
General Manager: A. J. Pernotte

HEAD OFFICE:
74 Rue Saint Lazare, Paris
BRANCHES:
Marseilles, New York, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Shanghai, Vladivostock, Hongkong, Canton Foochow, Yunnanfu, Saigon, Haiphong, Swatow and Yokohama.

BANKERS:
In London: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., London.
In France: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana—Credito Italiano.
In New York: Messrs. Redmond & Co., New York.

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on current accounts in Gold or local currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and exchange business transacted. Savings accounts in Gold and local currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

ASIA
BANKING CORPORATION

CAPITAL $4,000,000 SURPLUS $1,100,000
AN AMERICAN BANK

Head Office: New York City
Head Office for the Far East: Shanghai
Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads

Cables: BANKASIA
Tel. C. 1325

Other Branch Offices:
CANTON, CHANGSHA, HANKOW, HONGKONG, MANILA, PEKING and TIENTSIN

Complete Banking Facilities
Direct Personal Service

Interest on Deposit subject to check, also on time deposits. Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit

BILLS OF EXCHANGE
Bought, Sold, Negotiated or Collected
Financing of Shipments: Mail or Cable Payments and Transfers
RESEARCH BUREAU

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917)

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000.00
Reserve Fund	$ 54,000.00

Managing Director: T. Clarence Sun
Deputy Managing Director: Nieh Chi-wei

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:
Tientsin
Shanghai
Peking
Hankow
Nanking
Yangchow
Hangchow
Pengpu
Changchun
Antung
Kiukiang
Chinkiang
Soochow
Wusieh
Hsuchow
Ningpo
Shaoshing
Canton
Hongkong
Changteh
Chengchow
Tsinkiangpu
Ichang
Changsha
Shasi
Wuhu
London
New York
San Francisco
Boston
Tokio
Osaka
Kobe
Yokohama
Chicago
Philadelphia
Seattle
Baltimore
Cleveland
Detroit
Buffalo
Pittsburgh
Montreal
St. Louis
Cincinatti

And also in other principal cities in foreign countries.

Shanghai Branch:
8441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits, both in taels and dollars, according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. Sun, Manger
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager

PARK-UNION
FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000
HEAD OFFICE, NEW YORK
Owned and controlled By
The National Park Bank, New York Union Bank of Canada
BRANCHES:
SAN FRANCISCO
PARIS
TOKYO
SEATTLE
YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH: 1 Kiukiang Road. Telephone C. 1174

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Exceptional Facilities Offered to STUDENTS GOING ABROAD

Foreign Exchange
Travelers' Cheques
Gold Currency Deposits
Drafts on Foreign Countries

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK, LTD.
9 Ningpo Road, Shanghai

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Deposits	$8,500,000.00

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

Provisions Prices In Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on July 20, 1920.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-20
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	none
Cod	"	16-20
Mandarin	"	30-40
Mackerel	"	18-20
Pomfret	"	20-22
Salmon	"	none
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	none
Whitebait	"	20-24
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	each	50-80
Hare	"	none
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	24-28
Geese	each	60-90
Partridge	"	none
Pheasant	"	none
Pigeons	"	15-18
Plover	each	none
Quail	"	none
Snipe	"	none
Teal	"	none
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	none
Wild Duck	"	none
Wild Geese	"	none
Wild Pigeons	"	none
Plover	each	none
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	8-12
Apples	"	8-12
Bananas	"	5-7
Cherries	per lb.	none
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	7-8
Lichees	per lb.	15-20
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per dozen	$1.00-$1.20
Peaches	per lb.	8-10
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	"	none
Plums	"	8-30
Pumeloes	each	18-20
Pineapples	"	8-10
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	per lb.	none
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	5-6
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Broad Beans	per lb.	4-5
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	none
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Egg Plant	per lb.	4-5
French Beans	per lb.	4-5
Green Corn	each	1-2
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	"	2-3
Parsnips	per bunch	5-6
Peas	per lb.	none
Potatoes	per pic.	$1.60-$2.00
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	"	3-4
Turnips	per bunch	none
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	"	$5.00
Flour, Australian	"	$4.75
Flour, Shanghai	"	$3.00
Rice	200 lb.	$14.00
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	12
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 17.50
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. Kilner,
Chief Inspector.

Shanghai Trust Co.

We undertake the duties of trustees; purchase and sale of property; take charge of rentals; and write fire and marine insurance at lowest current rates.

Shanghai Trust Co.
38 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	$2,000,000
Paid up Capital	2,000,000
Reserve Fund	200,000

Head Office:—2 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.
Shanghai Branch:—30 The Bund.
London Bankers:—The London Joint Stock, London, City and Midland Bank Ltd.
Agencies and Correspondents in the principal Commercial centres of the world.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

Loans granted on approved securities

Fixed and current deposit accounts opened on terms according to arrangement.

R. CHENG,
Acting—Manager.

Financial And Commercial New

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock Banks	Quotations Closing
H. K. and S. B.	$630 B.
Chartered	£80
Russo-Asiatic	Rs. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 395
North China	Tls. 130 B.
Union of Canton	Hk. 190
Yangtsze	$230 B.
Far Eastern Ins Co., Ltd.	Tls. 20
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$128
Hongkong Fire	$310 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$230 S.
Indo-China Pref.	$18
"Shell"	140/-xRxDB.
Shanghai Tug ord	Tls. 50
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 35
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 18 B.
Oriental Cons.	17/-
Raub	$1.30 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	Tls. 150 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 136 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 27 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 180
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 84 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 71 B.
China Land	Tls. 59
Shanghai Land	Tls. 68
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 8
S'hai Hotel Ltd.	Tls. 30 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 59
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 575
E-wo (pref)	Tls. 85
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 400
Oriental	Tls. 200 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 260 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 48½ B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 34½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 85
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 28
China Sugar	Tls. 230 B.
Green Island	Tls. 7.20
Langkats	Tls. 15 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 100 S.
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12½
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	Tls. 80 B.
Moutrie	$25
Watson	Tls. 5.80 S.
Weeks	Tls. 11
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 6
Amherst	Tls. 0.20 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8.35 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3¼ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 20 B.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 0.65 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 1¾ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.65 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.80
Chempedak	Tls. 5
Cheng	Tls. 1¼ B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2 B.
Dominion	Tls. 5½
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 6 ½ B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 13¼ B.
Kamunting	Tls. 3.85
Kapala	Tls. 0.25
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 7.60
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 3 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 13 B.
Padang	Tls. 8
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 2½ B.
Permata	Tls. 1 B.
Repah	Tls. 0.50
Samagaga	Tls. 0.65 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.70 B.
Senawang	Tls. 4½ B.
S'hai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 3
S'hai Malay pref	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1 B.
Sungala	Tls. 0.50
Sungei Duri	Tls. 7 S.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3¾
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.55
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.80
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.65 B.
Tebong	Tls. 15½
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 5 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. & E. Lumber	Tls. 825
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 66 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 14 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 84
Shanghai Mercury	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 69
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 120

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers.

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, July 22, 1920.

Japan Trust Bank Ltd.
Tls. 10.00 August
Nisshi Boseki Kaisha
Tls. 7.40 July
„ 7.70 August
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 31.00 July
„ 31.60 August
„ 32.10 September
Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 26.20 July
„ 26.70 August
„ 26.80 September
Local Yarn for Standard: 16's
Tls. 166.00 July
„ 169.00 August
„ 169.50 September
„ 170.00 October
„ 169.50 November
„ 169.50 December
Local Yarn for Standard: 20's
Tls. 185.00 July
„ 189.50 August
„ 189.50 September
„ 190.00 October
„ 191.00 November
„ 191.00 December
Shanghai Cotton
Tls. 26.00 July
Tung Chow Cotton
Tls. 32.00 July

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, July 22, 1920.

Exchange and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 5/4⅛ = Tls. 3.72
@ exch. 73.2 = Mex. $5.08
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 103⅛ = Tls. 0.97
@ exch. 73.2 = Mex. $1.32
Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 72.9375
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. —
Bar Silver 998 touch ... Tls. 111
Copper Cash .. per tael ¢91.000
Native Interest .... Tls. 06

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	55¼d.
Bank Rate of Discount	7%
Ex., Paris on London	Fr. 46.945
Ex., New York on London T.T.	G.$3.83⅜

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	5/3½
London	Demand	5/3¾
India	T.T.	279
Paris	T.T.	1245
Paris	Demand	1248
New York	T.T.	101½
New York	Demand	101¾
Hongkong	T.T.	71
Japan	T.T.	50
Batavia	T.T.	275
Singapore	T.T.	43¾

Bank's Closing Buying Rates

London	Demand	5/5½
London	4 m/s. Cdts.	5/7½
London	4 m/s. Docy.	5/7¾
London	6 m/s. Cdts.	5/8¾
London	6 m/s. Docy.	5/9
Paris	4 m/s.	1345
New York	o/d. Docy.	104½
New York	4 m/s. Docy.	109¼

Tourists' Exchange

@ Bank's Closing Demand buying Rates
£10 @ exch. 5/5½ = Sh. Tls. 36.64
G.$50 @ exch. 104½ = Sh. Tls. 47.85
Fr. 250 @ exch. —— = Sh. Tls. 19.30

1 Shanghai Tael = Mex. $1.36 at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

BANKS SELLING RATE FOR MARKS

Marks 3,400 .... = Tls. 100
„ 100 ..... = Mex. $4.03

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 17,500 ...... = Tls. 100
„ 100 .... = Mex. $0.78

Exchange Shop Rates

Buying:	100 Old	Roubles	$1.40
„	100 New	„	70
Selling:	100 Old	„	$1.50
„	100 New	„	80

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR JULY

Hk. Tls. 3.52	@ 5/1¼		£1
„ 1	@ 230½	Rs.	3.12
„ 1	@ 1223	Fr.	13.62
„ 0.89	@ 100¾		G.$1
„ 1	@ 51½	Yen.	2.16
„ 1	@ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50
„ 1	@ —	Roubles	—

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, July 22, 1920.

OFFICIAL

Java Consolidated Tls. 14.00
Chinese Eng; & Mining "B" Tls. 18.00
Shanghai Hotels $50.00
Yangtszepoo Cotton Tls. 36.00 Cash
Tls. 38.00 September
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 52.00 Cash
Tls. 55.00 September
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 270.00
Oriental Cotton Tls. 205.00
Tls. 207.50
Ewo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 590.00 September
New Eng: Tls. 27.50
Shanghai Docks Tls. 136.50
Tls. 136.00

UNOFFICIAL

Shanghai Cotton Tls. 285.00 September
Tls. 265.00
„ 270.00 Cash
Yangtszepoo Cotton Tls. 37.50
Tls. 38.00 September
Oriental Cotton Tls. 205.00 July
Ewo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 540.00 Cash
Shanghai Docks Tls. 137.00
Shanghai Gas Tls. 14.50
Sungei Duri Tls. 6.75

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

Shanghai, July 22, 1920.

OFFICIAL

Shanghai Lands Tls. 68.00 Cash

UNOFFICIAL

S.M.C. 7% Debs 1920 Tls. 92.50

The League Is Dead, London Paper Says

Without America, Says The Daily Express, England Cannot Shoulder The Burden

London, June 16.—The Daily Express in an editorial declares that the League of Nations is dead and that the policy of the British Empire must therefore be revised. In its survey of the situation the Daily Express goes back to the Paris Peace Conference, which it says was dominated by President Wilson.

"He offered much," it says. "He promised to stricken Europe financial aid and military force. He undertook to set Europe on its feet with the dollars of his country and to secure behind the sanction of American bayonets a new map of civilisation. In exchange he demanded not only peace between the belligerents, but peace in all the world; not only peace in all the world, but peace on his model in countries made and remade on his principles; not only peace today and tomorrow, here and there, but peace for all time in all corners of the civilised world. He dreamed great dreams, propounded great 'deals and promised to furnish the means by which dreams are turned to realities. Thus it came that the Peace Conference with infinite labor recast the world on the basis of self-determination—a brand new principle—and to the elaborate conditions of peace annexed the covenant of the League of Nations.

"In 1920 we face new facts. Wilson returned to America, and the nation which he represents, acting perfectly within its rights, refused to indorse this policy. Without America, what is the League of Nations? Either a pious aspiration or an unlimited charge upon the British empire, the only power outside America remotely capable of discharging its onerous responsibilities today. Under the crux of all the League, Clause 10, it comes to this, that the coffers and forces of the British Empire must be engaged to the hilt to maintain a constitutional form of Government in Liberia or to secure some nascent kingdom of Vanitaria from the aggression of Ruritania. We cannot afford this unlimited liability; we cannot hope, without America, to police the worldwide avenues of peace.

"In the same way and for the same reasons America has refused to indorse the Anglo-American guarantee of French integrity. That was an act amounting to a defensive alliance between the three countries. It was part of that possibly grandiose ideal of Anglo-American hegemony of civilisation to which the clearest minds on both sides of the Atlantic must always turn, as men turn toward the birthplace of their living faith. It is gone. We can no more dream today of shouldering alone this burden than we can dream of carrying an eviscerated League of Nations on our back."

These new facts call for a new policy, continues the editorial. Great Britain must observe the treaties of peace she has signed and her engagements to France also must secure due observance of her trading rights, as in Persia and the Mesopotamian oil fields.

"For the rest, we cannot afford to meddle in affairs which do not concern us or play God's providence to all peoples of the earth. Our armies and detachments, our fleets and gunboats, should be withdrawn from all lands that lie outside the British Empire. We should have no commitments or entanglements in Europe or Asia outside our just concerns. Within the fixed borders of the British Empire we have all we can do; in the barren wastes outside we dissipate our fortunes and jeopardise our life."

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for week ended July 21, 1920, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1920	1919
Gross receipts	$47,796.24	$39,810.91
Loss by currency depreciation	12,844.37	10,044.60
Effective receipts	$34,951.87	$29,766.31
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	28.25	26.45
Car miles run	94,235	91,807
Passengers carried	2,149,134	1,822,003

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
TIENTSIN

Cable Address
ASTOR

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Fifty Bedrooms with private Baths and Toilets.

First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Registered in England and Hongkong.

A BRITISH COMPANY with a complete organisation throughout Asia, and Assets exceeding

TAELS TEN MILLIONS

HEAD OFFICE
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

LET US FIT YOU
with a pair of these comfortable, beautiful and dainty glasses.

中國精益眼鏡公司
Chinese Optical Company
P.352 Nanking Road

WESTINGHOUSE
FANS
Desk and Bracket - Oscillating 8"—10"—12"—16"
Ceiling 56"
110—220 Volts A.C. or D.C.
We Stock
Motors - Generators - Switchboards - Transformers
Heating and Cooking Apparatus
and
Complete light and power plants up to 100 K. V.
Gaston, Williams & Wigmore E. E. Corp.
Phone: Central 608 - Nantung Bldg., 22 Kiukiang Road

Says Voice And Film Will Be Synchronised

French Scientist Predicts Wireless Telephony Will Develop A New Art

Paris, June 16.—Out of the void into every moving picture theater, synchronised with all the movements shown on the film, will come in the near future the voices of the actors as they play their parts. Such is the dream of Professor Eduard Branly, expert on wireless telephony.

The success of the concert given by Mme. Melba at Chelmsford, England, to all the wireless telephone listeners in London, Paris, Berlin, Rome and Christiana, is his text. Soon, he declares, everyone will be able to stay at home and hear any concert he wishes, and for all the movies one orchestra will be sufficient.

He even goes further. Groups of motion picture theaters, he declares, will throw the same film on the screen at the same instant, while the actors will speak their parts into wireless telephone instruments. With the human voice and by watching the film they can secure the synchronisation which is impossible with the talking machine, and in the days to come the movies will become the serious rivals of the theater.

The only difficulty foreseen seems to be the breaking of the film while the voices go on without action.

Siccawei Weather Reports

21.—The situation is extremely troubled in the South. Manila signals no less than 4 typhoons at the same time: 1, in the Gulf of Tongking; 2, between Luzon and Formosa; 3, to the S. W. and 4 to the N. of Guam. The Nos. 2 and 3 are interesting as they may cause trouble to us, the one across Formosa, the other across the Loochoos, presently they are kept in the S. by the pressures, high in Japan, rising in our Valley.

22.—The pressure continues to increase above the normal level. The monsoon is backing a little to E.S.E. Cloudy and damp but fairly good weather.

DeVilbiss Perfumizers

This illustrates Line No. 2400

DEVILBISS PERFUMIZERS
in all sizes and styles

No.	400	600	1200	2400	36040	800
	$1.00	1.50	2.50	5.00	7.00	9.00

WATCH OUR WINDOW DISPLAY!

AMERICAN DRUG COMPANY
Proprietors of
MAISON DE PARFUMERIE
42 Nanking Road
SHANGHAI.

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Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 9)

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MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2715.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL 6 PER CENT. STERLING LOAN, 1920.

Amount £750,000

Price of Issue £100 per cent.

UNDER the authority of Resolution VII passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 7, 1920, the Council hereby invites applications for Bearer Debentures (with coupons attached) in the 6 percent. Sterling Loan of 1920, which is issued on the following terms:—

(1) Debentures to Bearer, with Sterling interest coupons attached, will be issued at £100 percent in denominations of £1,000, £500, £100 and £50.

(2) The Debentures of this issue will bear interest at the rate of 6 percent per annum, payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year by sterling demand draft on London at par, or in silver (local currency) at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation's Shanghai current demand buying rate on London on date of presentation of the relative coupon. The first payment of interest will be made on December 31, 1920.

(3) Applications, accompanied by payment in full, will be received by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, No. 12 The Bund, on and after May 1, up to and including June 30, 1920, the Council reserving to itself the right of closing the subscription lists on any day previous to June 30, 1920, by Notification in the Municipal Gazette and Public Press of Shanghai.

(4) Payment on application will be accepted in Silver (local currency) at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation's current selling T.T. rate on London and will bear interest from date of payment, or in Sterling by T.T. or Demand Draft on London. Interest on payments made in Sterling will only accrue from the date on which the relative remittances are received by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, London.

The cost of all telegrams involved through payment by Sterling T.T. shall be paid by the applicant.

Payment will be acknowledged by Banker's Receipt pending issue of the Debentures.

In the event of any applicant not being allotted the full amount applied for, the amount over-applied for will be repaid in full, plus interest at the rate of 6 percent per annum from the date payment was received in Shanghai or London to the due date of repayment in Shanghai, as notified to the applicant by special notice from the Council.

(5) The Loan will be redeemed at par on June 30, 1950, but may be redeemed by the Council in whole or in part on June 30, 1930, and/or on any subsequent date or dates on which the half-yearly interest is payable, subject to the Council giving six calendar months' notice in the Municipal Gazette and Public Press of Shanghai. In the event of any partial redemption of the loan the numbers of the Debentures to be redeemed will be decided by drawing. The numbers of such drawn Debentures will be notified in the Municipal Gazette and Public Press of Shanghai not less than three months prior to the date of repayment.

Application forms can be obtained on and after May 1, from the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, No. 12 The Bund, or from the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, 24a Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 29, 1920.

30605

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Municipal Notification

No. 2703

7 PER CENT. LOAN, 1920

Price of Issue until further notice 92½ per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution VII passed at the annual meeting of Ratepayers on April 7, 1920, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1920.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 92½ per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1930.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls 1,000, Tls 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants, but no allotment for a less amount than Tls. 500 nominal will be made except to depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 15, 1920.

30604

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IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JULY 23, 1920

WEATHER

Rough weather on the whole North of the China Sea, where the typhoon inclines to west-northwest. The typhoon of Guam will advance towards the Loochoos. Hot weather with threats of showers. Variable winds along our coasts.

DEATH

FINKELSTEIN.—At Tsingtau, July 20, Harry Finkelstein, aged 39 years.

Japan's Moves In Siberia

THE situation in Eastern Siberia again presents dangerous complications. What Japan's secret intentions are can only be guessed, as the statements issued from Tokio seem to be at variance with the facts of the situation.

For instance the Japanese Government announces that its representatives in Siberia reached an agreement with the Russian Far Eastern Republic Armistice Commissions at Gongota station on July 17. This agreement sets forth that "the commissioners are convinced that the best means for a speedy restoration of peace and its maintenance is to create a buffer state under a unified government independent of armed interference from the outside."

The phrase "armed interference from the outside," we take as referring to armed interference by Japan, for the agreement goes on to say that Far Eastern Russia and Japan have very close mutual interests and the Far Eastern state will naturally expect the utmost amity and assistance from Japan, and that Far Eastern Republic cannot remain independent or isolated economically. The idea apparently is that Japan is to be given free sway industrially and commercially providing she withdraws her troops. The Far Eastern Republic further agrees that the buffer state shall not adopt Communism as its policy.

So far so good. But a telegram from Grodekovo, carried by Reuter's from Vladivostok under date of July 21 announces that at the Cossack Assembly there, the Priamur and Zabaikal representatives passed a resolution informing the Chita and Vladivostok Government that they would not recognise them and would remain out of the Far Eastern Republic. And further that the Cossacks are considering means of joining up with the Peasants.

The telegram further states that the Japanese have broken off negotiations with the Verkhne-Udinsk government, owing to the latter's insistance on recognition of the All Eastern Government and that "the Japanese evacuation of the Zabaikal has consequently been postponed."

Where does this leave the problem? It seems to us that these telegrams show that the Japanese Government, despite the pronounced opposition of its own people to continuance of the dangerous Siberian adventure, is determined to see the thing through on the lines it has followed from the start. It is still using the Nikolaievsk incident to inflame public sentiment in favor of this policy, and at the same time it is announcing agreements for peaceful withdrawal, such as the one reported from Gongota of July 17, in order to allay the suspicions of those who are opposed to its present military operations in Siberia.

The Soviet Government of Russia is paying little head to the developments in Eastern Siberia at the moment, because it is busy hammering the adventurous Poles into some semblance of reason, but it will shortly be through with the Poles, and then it will naturally turn its attention to the Japanese invasion of its Far Eastern territory. And with what result? Japan will be invited to step out and she will have to obey, thereby suffering great loss of prestige, or she will have to face the alternative of war with a united Russia.

Yet there are those who still counsel Japan to try to maintain her military hold on Eastern Siberia, although the attempt to do this will merely unite the Siberians more firmly under the Soviet banner and bring Bolshevism to the very door of Japan. Listen to Dr. Tanaka, of Keio University, as quoted by the Yamato:

"I am opposed to the withdrawal of troops from Siberia. It is for a military expert to ascertain how many soldiers are necessary for a certain place, but it is clear that withdrawal is absolutely wrong. Not only is the withdrawal of troops from the Chita region wrong, but it is urgently necessary that sufficient forces should be despatched to Nikolaievsk to help the Japanese immigrants and the Russians reconstruct the city.

"Some dreamers say that the day of international war is passed, and from this point of view they demand that the Japanese troops should be withdrawn, but in saying so they are merely translating the ideas of foreign Socialists.

"The Nikolaievsk incident is part of the Siberian question, and if the situation is faced with this notion it will be easy to obtain revenge for the 700 victims. The Siberian policy should be based on our colonial policy. It is a glaring fact that the population of this country is yearly increasing at an alarming rate, and the increase can only be diverted by a colonial policy. Moreover, this is a means of effecting national aggrandisement.

"At this grave crisis how can the safety of the lives and property of the Japanese immigrants be ensured if a garrison is not to be maintained? The Empire should declare this aspect of the situation to the world and openly take prompt action."

Never have Japan's foreign affairs been so badly managed as in the last year. This mismanagement seems to arise from the Government's hidden colonial policy as voiced by Dr. Tanaka as opposed to its public policy of friendship for all the struggling nations in the Far East.

By the way, what does Prof. Tanaka mean, exactly, by that last paragraph advising the government "openly to take prompt action." What action?

Correspondence

BRUTAL AMAHS BEAT CHILDREN IN PUBLIC GARDEN

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir: I wish to draw your attention to what I and my daughter saw in the Public Garden, where we sat for an hour this morning. Being a mother and very fond of children I naturally watched the children and their amahs. I think it a shame the way these little ones are treated by the amahs. It was the cries of the little ones that first drew my attention. One little boy in particular, he begged so hard not to be whipped any more. I did wish I could have spoken the Chinese language, I wanted to tell that nurse what I thought of her. I just boiled with rage.

Mothers, what are you thinking of to allow your little darlings to have their bodies abused by these ignorant and brutal nurses as I saw today?

From what I saw I think that it would be a good plan to have a Society for Prevention of Cruelty to European Children in Shanghai—that is, if their mothers do not want to take the trouble to look after their little ones, for it is surely needed. Yours truly,

A. MOTHER.

Shanghai, July 21, 1920.

MASKEE!
By
DOMINO

Dear Mutt: There are about four hundred million Chinese knocking about this country, and at present, from what I can see, they are all fighting for four hundred million different things. The Chinese have quite a nice race club not far from Shanghai, and there is another club called the Anfu. This latter affair has more to do with politics than with ponies but its members seem to make as much out of it as the pari does out of the racegoer.

China has a president but he does not count for much. He says "do this" and they don't; he says "don't do this" and they do; he says to Little Hsu "cut out the rough stuff" and Little Hsu gets rougher than ever. The Anfu Club and its members are a playful little crowd. If they don't like you, or don't agree with you, they just wait till you live somewhere near, and then they hurl a bomb.

The Japs are giving a lot of trouble and a lot of money to the Chinese. They are up to the same game here as they are in California. They want to buy up the world with their yen. Every now and then they are boycotted but they just rub their knees, breathe in through their teeth, and say "Ah! saw-dis-kar." And keep busy! Just at present they are confining their attention to Tsingtau and buying up all the rice.

Mutt, old dear, we have other troubles here beside those political. The infernal troubles of the summer are internal. The center of discord is Tummy, the general who proves most successful in restoring order is C. A. Storoil. We boil our water before drinking; we boil our fruit before eating; we boil our milk before tasting; and we are boiled ourselves all the time. It's a great country, Mutt.

JEFF.

• • •

TODAY'S LIMERICKS

The Tuchuns up north are a case!
They keep losing their heads,—and their face.
If the rest would all go,
From the neck to the toe
They'd be of some help to the race.
—W. P. R.

• • •

With rebellions and troubles galore
Poor China must feel very sore.
If it comes to such pidgin
As shooting the "Widgin"
She'll find it won't pay any more.
—Smilax.

• • •

The subject for tomorrow's limerick is: "Traffic Troubles."

• • •

The best limerick sent in during the week will be published on Sunday morning. There is still time for you to send in your effort and to win the twenty dollars.

• • •

THE LAUGHING PHILOSOPHER

Dickens died fifty years ago but he is still "The intimate of every household." When Dickens looked out of the window he saw a funny world, and because it was funny he understood it must be fairyland. Shakespeare discovered Puck in a Warwickshire wood; Dickens discovered Puck in an Inn-yard in the Borough.

But when the laughing philosopher went out into the streets he found all sorts of institutions and all sorts of men who were intent on destroying laughter and contriving tears. And whenever he found them Dickens contrived to laugh them out of existence. The great moral of the Dicken's novel is that denunciation is far weaker than laughter, and that one of the tragedies of life is that the average reformer has no sense of humor.

When Dickens created Bumble he did more to reform the administration of the Poor Law than all the pamphlets, and all the indignation of half a century. When he locked Mr. Pickwick up in the Fleet and put Mr. Dorrit into the Marshalsea, he ridiculed imprisonment for debt out of existence.

—Sidney Dark.

• • •

Do not hold an umbrella over your heads when the gods rain humor.

• • •

AN EARLY LAP DOG

The great Sheridan, giving his son Tom a lecture, said, "You have been fooling about as a bachelor long enough. You ought to settle down and take a wife." Tom innocently asked, "Whose wife shall I take?"

—Lap.

• • •

MUZZLED

You used to rub your muzzle on my knee
As who should say, "Dear master here I bring
My harassed head that you might set me free.
Where is the use in all this worrying?
I am not mad nor am I like to be,
Save with the fret of this accursed thing!

• • •

And I would answer, "Nay, it is decreed
That you should wear this cage upon your head
Because some fellow of a mongrel breed,
Out in Chapei, went crazy and is dead,
And you and all your like may not be freed
But wear your muzzles till your days have sped."
—Touchstone.

Penetrating Germany

But Foreign Capital Is Tricked Out Of Control Of Business Enterprises

How foreign capital is penetrating Germany—and why—is explained in the accompanying article, reprinted from a recent issue of The New Europe. The writer tells how, by a characteristic German trick, the purchasers of shares in enterprises are being gold-bricked out of control of the concerns. The article is written by Leo Wulfsohn, and is dated Geneva.

For many years before the war Germany paid higher interests than France, Switzerland or Holland, and attracted foreign money to her industry and commerce. But during the last twenty years at least, the foreigner has hardly ever been an active investor in German concerns; he has been a passive bondholder, preferring regular to speculative interests. This type of foreign capitalist was especially welcome, because without his money German penetration in South America, Italy, Spain and the Near East would never have been achieved. The beginning of the war and the first years of nationalist fever saw a diminution of foreign influence in German industry, especially where the foreigner was not only a passive bondholder but an active shareholder claiming his rights on the board.

When the war broke out foreign capital was actively controlling only the following industries: Cigarettes, an American concern; margarine, a Dutch concern; mirror glass, a Belgian concern, and gas works, controlled by a British concern. In all these industries Chauvinist propaganda, helped by the liquidity of money and by the circumstance that the Government was the purveyor of raw material as well as the chief buyer of finished goods, reduced foreign influence during war.

The revolution changed the situation. The German shareholder, who formerly had exercised an active control, chose to become a lazy "rentier," living on interest from neutral investments. This was not only due to the fear of Spartacism and Bolshevism, but was partly the natural reaction after four years of intensive activity and nationalist fever, in their desire to get neutral assets as quickly as possible the German shareholders started selling their securities. The foreign buyer, owing to the depreciated exchange, acquired them at an attractive price. The shareholders of enterprises in the western occupied zones, and in the districts which were likely to become Polish by plebiscite were, of course, the first sellers. The new type of foreign investor in German concerns is therefore no longer the foreign "rentier" but the active, rather too active, foreign speculative gambler.

MOTIVES OF INVESTERS

It is obvious that even high dividends in German marks are not in the least attractive for a foreigner. When a Swiss, a Dutchman, a Frenchman or an American now buys German securities he does not want the income in German money, he wants the factory or plant which is represented by the shares. The aims might be very different. When, for example, French owners of iron mines purchase German coal works they intend to get for their smelting works cheap fuel independent of German governmental export prices or German syndicates; they will even submit to the future regulations of German officials and syndicates as far as export prices are concerned, and it will not be to their disadvantage; they gain as shareholders what they lose as buyers. Dutch firms, again, which purchase oil mills and other factories consuming the raw materials of Dutch colonies bind the German consumer to use only Dutch supplies. In the purchasing of cotton spinning mills on the part of Alsatian and Swiss weavers the intention is to make use of the cheap German labor for a certain process of a production finished in France or Switzerland. Occasionally the buyer of German shares has the intention of acquiring knowledge of secret processes of factories in order to shut down later on and to transfer production into his own country. In the German press cases are often quoted in which foreigners have bought factories and exported the machinery, but these are rare exceptions.

It is an interesting fact that the two big concerns of the Upper Silesian magnates, the Princes of Pless and Donnersmark, have been sold. The mines and estates of the Prince of Pless are said to have become the property of an English concern, and the mines and the plant of Prince Donnersmark the property of Americans. The works of Prince Donnersmark in Stettin, which urgently need Swedish iron, have been sold to a Dutch concern. The German nationalists reckoned that in Upper Silesia an unfavorable issue of the plebiscite would restore the practical economic power to the Germans, and would thus prepare the way for reconquest. They overestimated the patriotism of German princes.

At the last shareholders' meeting of Laurahutte, the greatest shareholder company working in Upper Silesia, there was a majority of foreign capitalists, including American Poles. Several smaller zinc mines and zinc smelting plants in Upper Silesia have been purchased by Belgian firms, who were old competitors. In the interests of Poland's future economic independence, it is better that her part of Silesia should not be industrially controlled by German but by British, American and Belgian capital, although experience in Southern Russia before the war has shown that British and Belgian capitalists in particular are only too ready to trust the chief technical and commercial posts to Germans. It is vitally necessary for a sound reconstruction of Poland that the Polish intellectuals now filling the cafes of Warsaw and Cracow should as quickly as possible find active occupation in industry and commerce.

Dutch concerns, which even before the war owned most of the German margarine factories, purchased the three biggest German oil mills, namely, those of Gross Geerau, Besigheim and Gooch. This monopoly will not be to the advantage of British firms trading with copra, ground nuts, etc., but, on the other hand, one must not forget that the leaders of the German oil mills were the financial backbone of the "Deutsche Kolnoialgesellschaft" and their propaganda, so dangerous for the peace of the world.

In recent months considerable purchases of German hotels and office buildings have been made, as in Frankfort, (Russischer Hof, Frankfurter Hof, Nassauer Hof, Kaiserkeller, etc.) and Berlin (Wertheim Building, Romischer Hof, Hotel Esplanade, Hotel Savoy, etc.). These purchases, made by Frenchmen, Danes and also Americans curiously enough, not by Swiss, the nation known very well for their capacity of hotel managing), are possibly attractive speculations. They will have no influence on German economic life. More interesting are the purchases of hotels in Bremen (by an English shipping company), in Hamburg, and especially in Danzig, where Englishmen and Americans have acquired numerous office buildings and hotels. There has been no German merchantile fleet for several years, and it might be advantageous for British shipping companies to own hotels in German ports. Western purchases of land and buildings in Danzig will weaken the German position there. In general, however, foreign purchases of land and buildings in Germany are of minor importance for Germany's economic future, being mere currency speculations or often nothing more than neutral camouflage for German taxation defrauders.

The penetration of French and Dutch capital into Rhine shipping is a remarkable development. Two newly formed French concerns—"La Societe Francaise de Navigation Interieure" and "La Societe d'Etudes pour la Navigation sur le Rhin"—have purchased Rhine vessels and share majorities in German Rhine shipping companies. In Switzerland it is maintained that the Rhine fleets of Mannheim, Ludwigshafen, Mainz and Kehl entirely belong to French capital, and the bulk of the Rhine fleet of Ruhrort and Duisburg to Dutch concerns. It is significant to remember that the control of the Rhine shipping was the instrument with which Thyssen, Stinnes and others formed the concerns in German coal production which had great influence, not only economically but politically, in killing free coal trade with South Germany. As to the fleet of Elbe, its acquisition by the Czechs seems a fait accompli—at least as regards the Saxon part of it.

As regards the penetration of the banks, it is remarkable that the French show the greatest activity. The "Banque du Rhin," a new Alsatian concern keenly backed by Paris finance, has created important branches in Frankfort, Mulheim, Cologne and Neustadt, everywhere acquiring large buildings. The French "Banque National de Credit" in Paris created branches in Mainz, Wiesbaden and Ludwigshafen. The "Credit Rhenan," also a new and keen concern, has opened offices in Sarrebruck, Aix-la-Chapelle, Cologne and Mayence. The "Societe Naceene le Credit" formed the "Landesbank des Saargebiets" with numerous branches. The German bankers state that the local manufacturers and merchants receive from these Franch banks those credit facilities in francs which are necessary for all imports, and they therefore leave their German bankers, who have only marks.

In Germany, as a rule, the manufacturer depends entirely, even to the extent of his political and national attitude, on a banker, who practically is nothing else than his sleeping partner. A French control of numerous industrial enterprises on the left bank of the Rhine would surely change the political attitude of the bourgeoisie within a few years; the fact that the Socialist press of this zone becomes daily more chauvinist rather proves indirectly the new political orientation in the bourgeoisie of Rhineland. It seems improbable, on the other hand, that the British banks in Cologne, which are not as keen in offering credit as the French, will have any political effect at all.

ENGINEERING AND MINING

The following engineering concerns in the Rhineland are said to be now entirely controlled by the French and Belgians: Jul. Sichel & Co., Eisenwerk Frauenlautern, Kraemer in St. Ingbert, Fafnir-werke Aachen, Felten-Guillaume-Carlswerk. These names before the war appeared in the list of the financiers of Pan German propaganda. The attempts of foreign capitalists to get hold of the Buderus works in Wetzlar and the Daimler works in Stuttgart, two pillars of the budget of every Pan Germanist paper, are said to have failed.

Several Western mining and smelting concerns are stated to have come under the control of foreign—chiefly French and Belgian—capital. Gelsenkirchen sold "Rote Erde" and "Eschweiler" to a French-Belgian group, thereby transforming a German concern which used to have great political influence into a holding company of French and Belgian securities acquired with the selling price of the mines in Rhineland, Luxemburg, etc. Franz Meguin in Dillingen, the Tellus concern in Frankfort, the Karl Alexander in Aix-la-Chapelle, all three important owners of mines, are fully controlled by French and Belgian capital. Even in the Harpener concern there is already a majority of foreigners, French and Dutch.

It will be impossible in the future to create in Germany combines politically and economically stronger or more influential than the Government itself, such as the "Stahlwerkaverband" or the "Schiffstahlkontor," the industrial agency of Tirpitz. The formation of syndicates for the purpose of raising prices and limiting production will be course continue, and the French, Belgian and Dutch shareholders will also look for their profits as did German predecessors. But it will be impossible for purely economic concerns to have political aims in the sense of German imperialism. It would be shortsighted to suppose that Pan Germanist tendencies in Germany will die owing to the fact that the financial source of the "Schwerinqustrie" has dried up.

But the political character of Pan Germanism in home policy must change. The new moneygivers will be the feudal owners of the big estates. The "liberal" wing of the Pan Germanists, which is controlled by the financial help of the "Schwerindustrie," the so-called "Generalanzeigerpresse" of the industrial towns and districts, is thus weakening. It is doubtful whether the conservative wing of the Pan Germanists will be cleverly enough managed to hide from the town folk the selfish economic aims of the Junkers. The left wing of Pan Germanism, the "Nationalliberale," attracted the middle classes of the towns and even part of the industrial labor class. Enjoying future only the subsidies of the Junkers, the Pan Germanists might easily become an openly reactionary party even in problems in which they hitherto showed themselves more progressive than the Junker parties.

The penetration of foreign capital into the most powerful German concerns has been made the excuse for an unfair method of defense. In order to save the German character of concerns, the Government regularly grants a license to issue preferential shares of nominal character with a very low maximum dividend, but with a cumulative right of voting, which in many cases often makes the existing shares quite powerless. The people who form the board are thus able to remain masters after having sold their shares to the foreign buyers. The majority of the really paid-up shares of the German aniline dyestuff concern, for instances, are the property of French, Dutch, and especially Swiss capitalists, but the latter will never have any representative on the board, being outnumbered by preferential shares issued under a Government's license practically without payment. The so-called patriot who first betrays his fatherland by selling his shares later on becomes a patriot again in order to steal from the foreign buyers their right of voting.

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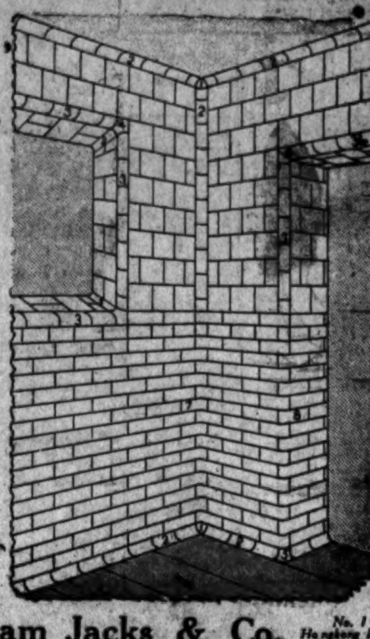

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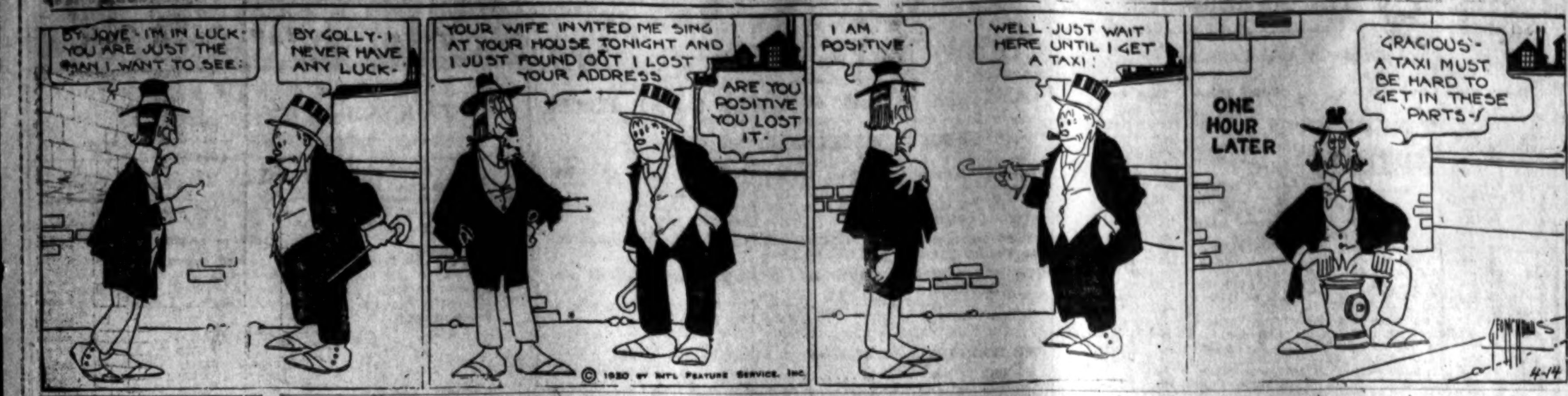
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ONE HOUR LATER
GRACIOUS - A TAXI MUST BE HARD TO GET IN THESE PARTS -!
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McMANUS
4-14

In Theocratic Japan

Children Are Put Through Military Drill At Mikado's Shrine

When an American offered to endow a chair in American history at the Imperial University in Tokio it was declined, and a chair in Shintoism—Emperor worship—was established instead. The incident is mentioned casually as a single brush stroke in the picture Sydney Greenbie paints of "Japan, Real and Imaginary," just being published by Harper and Brothers.

It must not be supposed, from this instance, that the picture is unjust to the point of selecting only such incidents as are unfavorable to the Flowery Kingdom. "Most people who write about Japan," the publishers observe acutely, "have either been there too long or not long enough—they are either propagandists or mere tourists." Mr. Greenbie is neither. He traversel 40,000 miles of the Pacific, studying its strange congeries of people, before he approached Japan, and he lived and worked there as an observer at the outset unprejudiced. It was to be expected that the factory conditions there would shock an American. It was to be expected that an American could have little sympathy with a theocratic government. But "when all is said and done," Mr. Greenbie confesses, "one suffers a twinge of conscience; for, returning from Japan, where one acquires the habit of criticising everything and praising nothing (justified as that may be in detail), one soon finds that one can do just as much in his own country [the United States]."

THEOCRATIC GOVERNMENT

"It is common knowledge that readers in the Japanese primary schools instill with not a little vim, faith in the divinity of the Emperor," Mr. Greenbie says in discussing the educational system. "All books used in the early years of childhood cannot be other than those copyrighted by the Government and passed by it. In the other schools greater liberty is allowed, and I am indeed surprised at the liberality in selection of books for reading (in English) which may be found in higher school libraries, the Life of Bebel, La Salle, Socialism, etc.

"But any serious criticism of Japan is summarily suppressed. Every Japanese child is said to know about Washington and Lincoln, but as heroes only, not as democrats. Of course, all Governments the world over are arbitrary in the choice of books permitted in the education of the young, but Japan certainly seems to go as far as it is possible. One of the outstanding features of the Japanese educational system is the stress it lays upon the teaching of such morals as it deems advisable. 'A constitutional spirit' and 'national morality' are constantly reiterated in Government reports of educational work, and the establishment of young men's societies (there are over 20,000, with a membership of about 3,000,000) and their effects are given account of in frequent newspaper reports. 'From the point of view of a statesman,' says the last (forty-third) annual report, 'the development of these societies is most desirous on account of their contributing so much to the advancement of localities. If we observe how Boy Scouts in foreign countries have been developed, and see, further, how they are of use to the State, we realise that more pains must be taken to promote young men's societies in Japan. To this end the Minister of Education, in co-operation with the Minister of Home Affairs, despatched instructions to every local Government to foster these societies most suitably, according to local circumstances, and to encourage in the members the spirit of loyalty and filial piety.'

"These societies have become one of the most reactionary forces in the country. The extent to which the Government goes out of its way to foster imperialistic ideals is, to the Western way of thinking, amazing. Just before leaving Japan I made a 'pilgrimage' to the national Shinto shrines at Yamada Ise. These are the shrines of the Mikados. An empire of school children marched past, class by class, halted, right-faced at command; the instructor-driller took five paces in front of them, left-faced, bowed jerkily a twenty-degree bow, took three long goosey strides, kicked his heels together in German fashion, made a forty five degree bow, his hands stiffly at his knees, giving to his arms a mechanical motion, retreated three steps, bowed again—at which all the youngsters also bowed—left-faced, strutted to the end of the line, and ordered his 'army' to march. They turned about face to the left, straightened out their line again, and repeated the bowing in the opposite direction.

"Beyond the hill stands the greater shrine of Naiku. Every year thousands of the little children of the empire are taken in long trains from all the ends of the dominion to pay homage to these shrines of the Mikados.

"With a people like the Japanese this most likely works famously, nor can any one complain so long as in achieving their own national ideals they do not affect the ideals of other nations. There is still not a little of the clan spirit obtaining in Japan, and the Government aims to supplant the disintegrating influence of loyalty to one's feudal lord by loyalty to the Emperor. How these countercurrents sometimes result in tragedy is seen in the fate of Viscount Mori, Minister of State for Education in 1888. The Minister was a radical, yet he was a great leader. He dared to push aside the white sheet which hangs before the shrine at Ise to show his disregard of Shintoism and its goods. Two years later, on the day of the celebration of the granting of the Constitution, February 11, 1889, Arinori Mori was treacherously assassinated. The murderer became the hero of all Japan.

"When one contemplates these strange turns Japan psychology takes, one is simply horrified and looks with fear upon a nation so set in superstition. For not only was that the sentiment of the moment. To this very day the murderer is exalted, and Marquis Okuma, the 'Grand Old Man' of Japan, last year praised his act.

"The path of the foreign instructor in Japan is not more the path of glory. The days when he was the idol of new Japan are gone. Today he is an inconsequential drudge. He carries his "professorship" with what little pride is left to him, and is grateful to the gods that his years of patient effort are not being rewarded with a medal and dismissal, as has been the case with sea Captains, engineers and all other foreigners who have educated Japan. One of all that vast troupe of educators alone is still the monarch of the regeneration of Japan—and he is the teacher of English. For whatever the genius of the Japanese may be along other lines, when it comes to learning English it meets its Waterloo. So that the way of the English instructor, though minus all the romance and prestige which garlanded his predecessor's way, is still one of leisure profusely mixed with pain. His days are numbered, however, and some are no more."

During the World War the United States saw newspaper and periodical censorship in full working order, and drew a breath of relief when the pressure began to relax. In Japan that pressure is not a matter of war emergency, as many observers have testified, but a day-to-day matter of fact. It could not but impress Mr. Greenbie, part of whose time was spent in newspaper work, yet his fairmindedness in commenting on it is worthy of note.

PRESS CENSORSHIP

"Whether Japan is better or worse than any other country in her effort to keep thought in check is debatable," he says. "One thing she is beyond measure—unique. We of the West do not exempt a man from punishment because he doesn't know the law, but we generally so promulgate our laws as to make it possible for the law-abiding to steer a safe course. Not so in the case of publicity in Japan. There, no matter how willing a person may be to respect certain existing statutes, their interpretation in accordance with whim makes obedience well-nigh impossible.

"Publishing news in Japan, like every thing else in Japan, is an altogether new thing. During Japan's seclusion from world contact there was no news to publish. Even curiosity was killed. If on occasion some leading Lord had a quarrel with another Lord and one of the Lord's heads came off, well, it was not such an unusual event as to require large type. That little world could live and wait until some historian-playwright would turn the incident out in dramatic form. Then another would print it, a third would memorise it and proceed to recite passages from it to such crowds as dared to gather. And copies would be sold.

"The trials of the foreign editor above described are not phrases of racial discrimination. The native editor knows as little what he may do with his paper as does anybody else. So true is this that each newspaper which regards its editor as more useful in the office than in jail keeps a 'dummy editor' on the job, who, though seldom in the office, is ready and pleased to be in jail as occasion demands.

"It doesn't always pan out that way, as Mr. Maruyama of the Osaka Asahi (Osaka Morning Sun) can bear witness. When the questions of sending troops to Siberia came up, he—plain, ordinary unknowing editor and proprietor (or President) of the largest newspaper in Japan—dared to say that he didn't approve of this expedition. And he said it without honorifics. Well, did his 'dummy editor' just quietly go to jail? Alas! things have changed in the Land of the Rising Sun. There is now a group of young ruffians called the soshi whose patriotism knows no bounds. They will die for their Emperor and the Government—even if they have to take some erring Nipponese along with them for judgment before the divine ancestors. And so these soshi young and sprightly, made an attack on the venerable Mr. Maruyama, beat him up as far as their courage held out, and went their ways.

"Mr. Maruyama had them arrested. A number of them were found 'guilty' and sentenced to three years' imprisonment. And when all the form was duly carried out and all the available honorifics exhausted to soothe the injured feelings of Mr. Maruyama (his bones needed some more substantial balm), their sentence was stayed on promise of good behavior. Considering that their organisation is fostered by the Government, one need not exert much mental energy to decide on the meaning of good."

Strikes are continuing to harass Japan as much as here in America, if not more, Mr. Greenbie says. "The Government is changing its attitude on suppression of labor organisation," he adds, "is tussling with the problem by direct and indirect methods, is giving earnest consideration to the acute and intensified problem of the housing of the poor, and establishing public markets of unexpected magnitude. As an indication of the awakening, there is already considerable difference of opinion among laborers since the return of Mr. Masumoto.

WHAT JAPAN NEEDS

"Japan has done many remarkable things for herself in the past fifty years, but notwithstanding her trains and her telegraphs and all her modernism, Japan is still very far from being a perfect country. Inefficiency is as rife in the practical affairs as in political methods. The Post Office went as near complete disorganisation as it could have done. Letters posted to one's neighbor took days and weeks to reach the address, and packs of them were delivered whenever the boy chose to leave them. The confusion was so great that hundreds of cases of delay were reported from day to day in a special column run by the Japan Chronicle. The officials came down and we gained the information that insufficient pay was the first cause—and stupidity the second. The railroads are now so crowded that travel with comfort is impossible. Telegrams have been sent from Kobe to Tokio by train, that method being safer and more rapid. Telephones cannot be secured at a premium, many firms having waited years for installations. The roads simply aren't in Japan. The list could be made as complete as could be desired. . . .

"Japan may keep her Emperor for years to come if the monarchy survives the difficulties ahead of it. But the surest way for Japan to bring about her own eclipse as a great nation is by obstructing her people in their effort at self-uplifting. Japan cannot be excused because, as some one said, the Japanese do not lie awake at night plotting to extend their country's sway. They must—lie awake—and plot their own development.

"One might forgive the various administrations which have run the Government during the last few years if they had at least so bettered internal conditions as to justify their aggressive foreign policies. But while leading the country into serious international difficulties, they are giving the people at home little or nothing with which to console themselves for their sacrifices. Two things remain for Japan to do if she is to solve her domestic problems: She must institute universal suffrage and remove the ban on effective organisation."

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The breeze on the roof of the World affects the fur of the Tibetan Fox. The result is long heavy lustrous Fur. The locality here in some places more than 15,000 feet above the level of the sea, produces fox coats of long dense downy fur and over-hair of exquisite fineness and beauty, and in instances of great value. Only the prime skins are selected for you and no skin sent out less than 45 inches in length pelt and tail. You can have one of these Tibetan Fox skins by sending a Chinese Post Office Money order for $25 to Mr. Elly Widler, Ta Tsing-lu, Szechwan Province, and he will immediately mail you one of these specially selected Tibetan Fox Skins.

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THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1920

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
Swatow and Hongkong	Chenan	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Chenan	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	E. of Japan	12.30	..	..	..	..	12.00
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	do		12.30			..	12.00
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok & Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Manila and Hongkong	Venezuela	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Shinyue	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	Hsinkong	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Tungshing	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	Kwanglee	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Manila direct	Venezuela	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
W'wei, C'foo and T'tsin	Fengtien	8.30	..	..	..	..	8.00
H'kong, Straits, India and E'pe, via Suez	Iyo Maru	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
W'wei, C'foo, and T'tsin	Fengtien	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan Ports	Kaiyan	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Sunday, July 25.							
Japan, Canada, U. S. A., & Europe, via U.S.A.	China		E14.00				
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	China	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Monday, July 26.							
Hongkong	Suiyang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	Suiyang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Tuesday, July 27.							
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Tungchow	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Tungchow	13.30	..	..	..	..	13.00
Japan Ports	Kumano M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Wednesday, July 28.							
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sinkiang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Thursday, July 29.							
Amoy and Hongkong	Sinkiang	..	8.00	..	..	..	..

B Letters and boxes with declared value at 7:30 p.m. Parcels at 4 p.m. and money orders at 3 p.m.

E Registered articles at 5 p.m. on previous day.

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Tuckwo**, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, July 23**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain Sheel, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, July 23**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, July 24**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kiangfoo**, Capt. J. N. Ninnes, will leave on **Sunday, July 25**, at midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking**, Capt. K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, July 26**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Capt. C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, July 27**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, 2,925 Tons, Captain Findeison, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Tuesday, July 27**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINF, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passenger Departments.

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shantung**, Captain Monkman, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Tuesday, July 27**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain G. D. S. Mills, will leave on **Wednesday, July 28**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, July 29**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French French Bund on **Friday, July 30**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIDE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Saturday, July 31**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Capt. A. E. Edwardes, will leave on **Friday, July 23**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO & POOTOO.—The Str. **Hsinfung**, Capt. W. S. Ross, will leave on **Saturday, July 24**, at 3:30 p.m. For Freight or passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwanglee**, Capt. A. P. Sangster, will leave on Saturday morning, **July 24**. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain P. R. Purslow, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, July 24**, daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, July 27**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No.

AMOY, HONGKONG, CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sinkiang**, Capt. C. W. Puckett will leave from the French Bund direct for the abovt ports on **Thursday, July 29**, at 9 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, July 31**, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN Direct.—The Str. **Hsinming**, Capt. Mackinnon, will leave on **Friday morning, July 23**. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str. **Hsinkong**, Capt. A. B. Baines, will leave on **Saturday morning, July 24**. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

VLADIVOSTOK.—The Steamer **Shinyue**, Capt. Puchert, will be despatched from Shanghai on **Saturday, July 24**. The tender conveying passengers and mail will leave the Customs Jetty on **Friday, July 23**, at 9 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund (Telephone Nos. Central 4702 and 3059).

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Capt. Wm McDonald will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday July 24**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien** Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, July 24**. at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, July 27**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shuntien**, Captain Walker, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, July 31** at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain A. V. Harrison, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, July 31**, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Foreign Ports

VANCOUVER, B. C., via NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA & VICTORIA, B.C.—The R.M.S. **Empress of Japan** will leave Woosung on **Friday, July 23**. The tender will leave the Customs Jetty with passengers and hand baggage only at 1:30 p.m. on the same day. For Passage, apply to G. M. JACKSON, Palace Hotel Building, 19A Bund. Tel. C. 182. For Freight, apply to N. LESS SMITH, Corner of Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Tel. C. 181.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, Kobe, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Manila Maru**, Capt. H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on **July 26**, For Freight or Passage, apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

NEW YORK, via JAPAN PORTS, SAN FRANCISCO & PANAMA.—The Str. **Altai Maru**, Captain K. Mori, will be despatched from Shanghai ——— on **July 29**, at ——— For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name*	Flag	Agents
July 23	—	Portland	W. Nomentum	Am.	Ch. P. Co.
July 23	—	Vancouver	†E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July 25	—	San Francisco	†China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
July 26	—	Tacoma, etc.	Manila Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
July 28	—	New York	Lisbon Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July 30	—	San Francisco	Higho	Am.	Dollar Co.
July 31	—	Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug. 14	—	San Francisco	West Cadron	Am.	Dollar Co.
Aug. 14	—	San Francisco	†Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 14	—	San Francisco	†Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Aug. 15	—	Baltimore v. Suez	Elkridge	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 16	—	Vancouver	†Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug. 22	—	Vancouver	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Aug. 23	—	San Francisco	†Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 25	—	Seattle, etc.	†Kashima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug. 28	—	Vancouver	†E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug. 31	—	San Francisco	†Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Sep. 9	—	San Francisco	†Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Sep. 11	—	San Francisco	†Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Sep. 12	—	Vancouver	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Sep. 16	—	Seattle, etc.	Fushimi	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct. 3	—	San Francisco	†Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Oct. 18	—	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name*	Flag	Agents
July 23	—	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 24	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaki	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 25	—	Moji, Kobe, Y'hama	Kalyan	Br.	M.M. & Co.
July 27	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 28	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 30	—	Kobe	Takada	Br.	M. M. & Co.
July 31	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 3	—	N'saki, Kobe, Yhama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug. 3	—	Kobe	Kaga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 4	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaki	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name*	Flag	Agents
July 25	—	London, etc.	†Iyo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July 30	—	Calcutta	Takada	Br.	M. M. & Co.
July ..	—	London, etc.	West Carnifax	Am.	Adl. Line
Aug. 2	—	London, etc.	†Atsuta Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug. 2	—	Hamburg, etc.	Tatsuno Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 2	—	London, etc.	Prometheus	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 4	—	London, etc.	†Kalyan	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Aug. 5	—	Trieste, etc.	Pilsna	Ital.	Dod. & Co.
Aug. 5	—	Havre & L'pool	Alcinous	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 7	—	Liverpool, etc.	Durban Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug. 10	—	Bombay, etc.	†Dunera	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Aug 10	—	London	†Lahore	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Aug. 12	—	London, ports	Oanfa	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 14	—	London, etc.	Prometheus	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 15	—	Liverpool, etc.	Bellerophon	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 26	—	London, etc.	Protesilaus	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 27	—	London, etc.	Plassy	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Aug. 28	—	London, etc.	†Jeypore	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Aug ..	—	R'dam & Hamburg	Toba	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
Sep. 2	—	Liverpool, etc	Rhesus	Br.	B. & S.
Sep. 9	—	London, etc.	Achilles	Br.	B. & S.
Sep. 10	—	London, etc.	†Khiva	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Sep. 16	—	London, etc.	Mentor	Br.	B. & S.
Sep. 16	—	Liverpool, etc.	Cyclops	Br.	B. & S.
Sep. ..	—	A'dam & Hamburg	Baaran	Dut.	H.C.T. Co.
Oct. 7	—	London, etc.	Peleus	Br.	B. & S.
Oct. 14	—	Liverpool, etc.	Titan	Br.	B. & S.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name*	Flag	Agents
July 23	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi	N.S.S.N. Co.
July 23	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 24	—	Hongkong, Canton	Kwanglee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July 24	3.30	Ningpo, Pootoo	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July 24	—	Manila & H'kong	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
July 24	D.L.	S. H'kong, C'ton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
July 24	D.L.	S. H'kong, C'ton	Tungshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 27	D.L.	Hongkong, Canton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
July 29	9.00*	A. H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
July 31	11.00*	S. H'kong, C'ton	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 1	—	Hongkong	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug. 9	—	Hongkong	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 13	—	Manila, Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name*	Flag	Agents
July 23	—	Chefoo, Tientsin	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 24	—	Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinkong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 24	—	Vladivostok	Shinyue	Chi.	L.V. Lang
July 24	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
July 24	D.L.	Tsingtau	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
July 27	8.00*	Tsingtau, Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S. M. R. Co.
July 27	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
July 31	10.00*	W'wti, C'foo, T.	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
July 31	11.00*	Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name*	Flag	Agents
July 23	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co
July 23	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
July 23	M.N.	Hankow, Ichang	Kiangwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July 24	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
July 25	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July 26	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July 26	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
July 27	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 27	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
July 27	D.L.	Pukow	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
July 28	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 28	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
July 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
July 30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Waishing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
July 31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.

† CARRYING MAIL.
* A. M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT D.L.—DAYLIGHT

Information For Mariners

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1920

High Water at Woosung Bar
(The night tides are higher than the day tides, they are about equal at 4 and 5 o'clock).
Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7 1/2 h.

A.M. Time	A.M. Range	P.M. Time	P.M. Range
5h. 12m.	4ft. 10in	5h. 40m.	5ft. 7in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The night tides are higher than the day tides),
Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M. H	A.M. M	P.M. H	P.M. M
4	19	4	45

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon Rises	Moon Sets	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Daylight	Dark
0 40 p.m.	11 49 p.m.	5h. 10m.	7h. 2m.	4h. 25m.	7h. 47m.

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai For July 29.89in. 754.2mm.

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.
S.S. "NGANKIN" ....sails midnight, July 23rd.
S.S. "WOOSUNG" ....sails midnight, July 24th.
S.S. "SHENGKING" ....sails midnight, July 26th.

Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

FOR WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and PEKING via TIENTSIN).
S.S. "FENGTIEN" ....sails July 24th, 10 a.m.
S.S. "TUNGCHOW" ....sails July 27th, 3 p.m.
S.S. "SHUNTIEN" ....sails July 31st, 10 a.m.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON via SWATOW and AMOY.
S.S. "CHENAN" ....(via Swatow) July 24th.
S.S. "SUIYANG" ....sails July 27th direct.
S.S. "SINKIANG" ....(Via Amoy) sails July 29th.

Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philippines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.

FOR TSINGTAO.
S.S. "TEAN" ....sails July 24th.

FOR NINGPO.
S.S. "HSIN PEKING" ......at 4.30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents,
French Bund.

Tel. No.
Passengers: Central No. 401.
Freight: Central No. 77.

CP OS

Canada - United States - Europe
Through Tickets Issued
Reservations Arranged. Itineraries Planned

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SAILINGS

To Vancouver		To Manila-Hongkong	
Emp. of Japan	July 23	†Monteagle	Aug. 1
Emp. of Asia	July 31	*Emp. of Russia	Aug. 13
Monteagle	Aug. 16	†Emp. of Japan	Sept. 5
Emp. of Russia	Aug. 28	*Emp. of Asia	Sept. 10

*Via Manila
†To Hongkong Direct

Freight Office
Cor. Peking and Yuen
Ming Yuen Roads,
Shanghai,
Telephone, Central 181

Passenger Office
Palace Hotel
19 The Bund
Shanghai,
Telephone, Central 182

CANADIAN PACIFIC
OCEAN SERVICES

THE
ADMIRAL LINE
THE ADMIRAL LINE
P.S.S. CO.
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR SEATTLE
S.S. "ELDRIDGE" ....Aug. 10th

Through Bills of Lading issued to all U.S. and Canadian Overland Points. For Freight and Particulars apply to

THE ADMIRAL LINE
JOHN J. GORMAN,
General Agent
GEO. A. HEYBURN,
Asst. Gen. Agent
Telegraphic Address: "ADMIRALINE."
53 Szechuen Road. Telephone Central 1471.

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO

AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu	For Hongkong via Manila
S.S. Venezuela ... Aug. 14	S.S. Venezuela .... July 24
S.S. Ecuador ...... Sept. 11	S.S. Ecuador ...... Aug. 21
	S.S. Colombia ..... Sept. 18

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

CARGO STEAMERS

	Due at Shanghai	Leave for San Francisco
ARCHER		Aug. 3
WEST NIGER	July 15	Aug. 16
WEST NERIS	July 25	Aug. 22
EIKRIDGE	Aug. 1	

ROUND THE WORLD SERVICE
For Singapore, Colombo, Mediterranean Ports and Baltimore.

MONTHLY SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
WEST MINGO .... July 25

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA

BALTIMORE SERVICE
Sailings from San Francisco via
Central America, Panama Canal, Puerto Colombia and Havana

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
TENYO MARU .... Aug. 14
SHINYO MARU .... Sept. 9
KOREA .... Oct. 2

FOR HONGKONG
SHINYO MARU .... Aug. 21
SIBERIA MARU .... Sept. 30

All steamers of this company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.

Railway transporation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager,
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings.
Telephone No. 3229.

LLOYD TRIESTINO
Fast Passenger Service Regular Sailings
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Trieste and Adriatic Ports
taking cargo on through Bill of Lading
to
Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea and Danube Ports.
Next sailings:—
S.S. "PILSMA" about Aug. 5
* Carrying Passengers.
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
AGENTS
Union Building Telephone Central 1693

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.
PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT
Sailings From Shanghai
SUBJECT TO CHANGE

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
via Japan and Honolulu
S. S. "CHINA" (10,200 tons) * .... July 25
S.S. "NANKING" (15,000 tons) .... Aug. 23
S.S. "NILE" (14,000 tons) .... Aug. 31
*Will not call Yokohama and Honolulu
*Will arrive at San Francisco Aug. 12

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT
S.S. "NANKING" .... Aug. 9
S.S. "NILE" .... Aug. 19
S.S. "CHINA" .... Sept. 15

For further information regarding Passenger Fares, Sailings, Freight Rates, etc., apply to

F. R. BARRETT,
Agent.
Cable address "CHIMAIL" Phone "Central 4773"
Corner Szechuen and Kiukiang Roads.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, Marseilles, London and Antwerp:—

	Tons		
IYO MARU........	12,500	Capt. S. Murazumi,	July 25
ATSUTA MARU	16,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	Aug. 6

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE.

For London, Antwerp, Rotterdam, and Hamburg via ports:—
DURBAN MARU .... Capt. E. Takahashi, Aug. 7

For Marseilles and Liverpool via ports:—
KANAGAWA MARU 12,500 Capt. E. Doki, Aug. 16

VICTORIA AND SEATTLE

For Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama:—
FUSHIMA MARU .. 21,000 Capt. K. Itsuno, Sept. 16

NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

LISBON MARU ..... Capt. T. Shirai, Aug. 1

FOR YOKOHAMA (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe).

YAMASHIRO MARU 7,000 Capt. S. Takano, Aug. 10
KOKURA MARU .... 5,500 Capt. S. Ito, July 27
KASUGA MARU .... 7,000 Capt. S. Iriye, Aug. 3

FOR KOBE AND YOKOHAMA

KAGA MARU ..... 12,500 Capt. K. Asakawa, Aug. 3

FOR SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

CHIKUGO MARU .... 5,500 Capt. K. Hayashi, July 24
KUMANO MARU .... 9,500 Capt. T. Sasaki, July 28
YAWATA MARU .... 7,000 Capt. J. Shinohara, July 31
OMI MARU .... 7,000 Capt. S. Kishimoto, Aug. 4

FOR HONGKONG.

KASHIMA MARU .. 19,000 Capt. K. Stauno, Aug. 3

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG.

FUSHIMI MARU .... 21,000 Capt. M. Machida, Aug. 26

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Manila),
AKI MARU .... 12,500 Capt. S. Shibata, Aug. 18
TANGO MARU .... 14,000 Capt. S. Nishimura, Sept. 22
NIKKO MARU .... 10,000 Capt. J. Kusans, Oct. 20

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
I. MATSUDAIRA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha,
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

FRANK WATERHOUSE & CO.

PUGET SOUND
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
SEATTLE-MANILA via SHANGHAI & HONGKONG
and
NEW YORK SERVICE
Manila-New York.

Operated for account of UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD

For rates and full particulars apply to

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AGENTS

53 SZECHUEN ROAD Telephone Central 944

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

FOR LONDON & ANTWERP
S. S. "WEST CARNIFAX"............... July 25th
FOR LONDON-ROTTERDAM-ANTWERP
S. S. "WEST CAMPGAW" .... August 10th
Operated for Account of U. S. Shipping Board.

For rates and particulars apply to

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THE ADMIRAL LINE, Agents.
53 Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1471

STRUTHERS' & DIXON
INCORPORATED

Pacific representatives and operators
Green Star Line

Due INWARD		Sailing OUTWARD	
Steamer	Date	Steamer	Date
Brave Coeur	Aug. 7	West Ivis†	Aug. 14
West Ivis†	Aug. 11		
		(If sufficient inducement offers)	

* San Francisco † Seattle

Through B/Ls issued to all Overland Points in U.S.A. and Canada
ATLANTIC & GULF PORTS VIA PANAMA SERVICE

Due INWARD		Sailing OUTWARD
Editor	In Port	
Greenland	Aug. 6	
Eastern Crown	Aug. 28	Fortnightly
Fortnightly		

* Baltimore † New Orleans

For rates, space or other particulars, apply to

EXECUTIVE OFFICE
FOR THE FAR EAST,
Shanghai, China.
L. EVERETT, Vice-Pres.

SHANGHAI OFFICE,
7, Jinkee Road,
Tel. Central 2557.
J. S. EMENS, Agent

Telegrams "DIXSTRUTH"

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per C.M. s.s. China July 25

For Europe
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Iyo M. July 25

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru July 23

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. Monteagle July 31

From Europe
Per P. and O. s.s. Dunera, Aug. 3

From Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kokura M. July 24

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender Alexandra conveying passengers and mails on board the C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Japan will leave the Customs jetty at 1:30 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the L.V. Lang s.s. Shinyue will leave the Customs jetty at 9 p.m.

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the N.Y.K. s.s. Iyo Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m.

Monday, July 26, 1920

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 9 p.m.

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S.S. Lines
(Companies Incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP
via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT

S.S. "LAHORE"	August 7th
S.S. "KALYAN"	August 13th
S.S. "PLASSY"	August 25th
S.S. "JEYPORE"	September 3rd
S.S. "KHIVA"	September 10th.

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
S.S. "DUNERA" August 10th

FOR CALCUTTA DIRECT FROM HONGKONG

S.S. "TORILLA"	July 28th
S.S. "TAKADA"	August 14th
S.S. "ARRATOON APCAR"	August 18th
S.S. "JAPAN"	August 25th

FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG
S.S. "EASTERN" August 18th

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: General: Central 169
Passage: Central 2510
Freight: Central 2069

S.S. WEST NOMENTUM
Sailing from Shanghai Friday, July 23rd
CHINA PACIFIC CO.
Agents for
Columbia Pacific Shipping Co.
and
Sudden and Christenson
Cargo Service between
PORTLAND, OREGON
and
SHANGHAI, TSINGTAO, TIENTSIN and DAIREN

Through bills of lading to the principal cities of the United States and Canada.

For information as to freight rates, etc., apply to:—
C. L. Seitz, General Agent
Telephone C. 463
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*ALTAI MARU ..... 15,000 K. Mari, July 27 July 29

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Victoria and Seattle) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.
MANILA MARU .... 15,000 H. Yamaguchi, July 24 July 26

FOR HONGKONG.
AFRICA MARU .... 18,000 H. Yamamoto, Aug. 8 Aug. 9

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).
KEELUNG MARU ... 3,000 T. Fuchigami, July 29 July 31

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).
KOHOKU MARU ... 5,000 M. Tsubaki, Aug. 1 Aug. 3

Those steamers marked* have no passenger accommodation.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, New Orleans, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

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Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec. 6	Chinwangtao	Indigirka	Rus.	R.V.F.
Jan. 21	Japan	Kitune Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Mar. 19	Japan	Kiyo Maru	Jap.	Kaiyosha
Mar. 22	——	Chienan	Chi.	W. & Co.
May 12	Japan	Naotetsu Maru	Jap.	
May 20	Port Wallut	Simferopol	Rus.	R.V.F.
May 30	Japan	Tosa Maru 10	Jap.	
June 16	Liverpool, etc.	Pakling	Br.	B & S
June 22		Waban	Am.	Adl. Line
June 24	Foochow	Rotorua	Br.	N.S.S.N. Co.
June 25		Georgi	Rus.	R. V. F.
June 26	Nanking	Letai		B & S
June 28	Chefoo	Shunchong	Chi.	T.Y.S.S. Co.
July 4	Chinwangtao	Haedan		
July 8	Hankow, etc.	Kwellee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 10	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 12	Cruise	Pingching	Chi.	Customs
July 13	....	West Nomentum	Am.	Adl. Line
July 13	Seattle	West Ivan	Am.	A. T. Co.
July 15	Japan	Justin	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
July 17	New York	Wm. Henry Webb	Am.	Adl. Line
July 17	Chinwangtao	Shinyei Maru	Jap.	K. M. A.
July 17	London, etc.	Glentara	Br.	G. L. E. A.
July 17	Foochow	Childar	Br.	W. & Co.
July 17	Tientsin	Mingshun	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
July 17	New York	Keketticut	Am.	Adl. Line
July 18	Japan	Yei Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
July 18	Balikpapan	Artemis	Dut.	A.P. Co.
July 18		Yoro Maru	Jap.	M. S. K.
July 19	Hongkong	Kwanglee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 19	Los Angeles	West Montop	Am.	L.A.P.N. Co.
July 19	Pukow	Hwahlee	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
July 19	Liverpool, etc.	Alcinous	Br.	B. & S.
July 19	New Orleans	Editor	Am.	S. & Dix
July 19		Friesland	Dut.	
July 20	London, etc.	Glenamoy	Br.	G. L. E. A.
July 20	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July 20	Hankow, etc.	Tafoo Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
July 20	Japan	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 20	Nanking	Demodocus	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	London, etc.	Kalyan	Br.	M. M. & Co.
July 21	Hongkong	Tean	Br.	B & S
July 21	Chinwangtao	Taito Maru	Jap.	K. M. A.
July 21	Japan	West Raritan	Am.	C. Bros.
July 21	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi.	Customs
July 21	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 21	Japan	Chikugo M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 21	Pukow	Tungshing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July 21	Tientsin, etc.	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
July 22	Hongkong	Kanagawa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 22		Bellflower		
July 22	Vladivostok	Shinyue	Chi.	L. V. Lang
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwo	Br.	J. M. & Co
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Tseangtah	Br.	C.I.&E.L. Co.
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
July 22	Foochow	Halvdan	Nor.	N.S.S.N. Co.
July 22	Japan	Soshu Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
July 22	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.N. Co

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July 21	Tsingtau	Hozan Maru	Jap.	H.H. Co.
July 21	Hankow	Fujisan Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Siangyang M.	Jap.	N. K. K.
July 22	Antung	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
July 22	London	Pyrrhus	Br.	B & S
July 22	New York, etc.	Javary	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
July 22	Chefoo, Tientsin	Hwahkuei	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co
July 22	Chinwangtao	Kaiping	Br.	K.M.A.
July 22	Tientsin, etc.	Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 22	A. H'kong, C'ton.	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
July 22	Tsingtau	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S. M. R. Co.
July 22	Ningpo	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July 22	Ningpo	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
July 22	Hongkong	Kanagawa M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 22		Bellflower		
July 22	Vladivostok	Shinyue	Chi.	L.V. Lang
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Tseangtah	Br.	C.I.&E.L. Co.
July 22	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
July 22	Cruise	Colombo	Br.	
July 22	Foochow	Halvdan	Nor.	N.S.S.N. Co.
July 22	Japan	Soshu	Jap.	M.B.K.
July 22	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating	
Y.T.P.D.W.	June 25	Cockchafer	Br.	gun-boat
B I	July 22	Colombo	Br.	cruiser
Y.T.P.D.W.	June 25	Cricket	Br.	gun-boat
F N B	July 5	Desaix	Fr.	cruiser
B N B	July 4	Kinsha	Br.	gun-boat
O.D.W.	June 25	Mantis	Br.	gun-boat
S'chow Creek	Oct. 29	M.A.S. 226	Ital.	sub-chaser
S'chow Creek	Oct. 29	M.A.S. 227	Ital.	sub-chaser
1 C	May 22	Samar	Am.	gun-boat

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Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Tsingtau for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchang left Tientsin for Lungkow, Hongkong and Canton on Tuesday.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Shinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Hector, from Liverpool, left Singapore for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Hsintah left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi will leave Foochow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The P. and O. s.s. Kalyan arrived in Shanghai from London and ports Wednesday morning and is docked at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf. The Kalyan sails for Moji, Kobe and Yokohama at daylight Sunday.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Japan left Hongkong at noon on Tuesday and was due at Woosung at 4 o'clock this morning. The tender Alexandra with inbound passengers is expected to reach the Customs jetty about 9:30 o'clock. The Empress sails for Japan ports and Vancouver this afternoon and the outbound passenger tender will leave at 1:30 o'clock.

Silk shipped from Shanghai on May 29 per s.s. Empress of Japan arrived at New York on June 24.

The P.M. s.s. Venezuela arrived in Shanghai from San Francisco, Honolulu and Japan ports yesterday evening and is docked at the China Merchants' Central Wharf. The Venezuela sails for Manila and Hongkong today.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Kwongsang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Tsingtau on Monday.

The I-C. s.s. Kingsing is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Tientsin and Chefoo on Monday.

The I-C. s.s. Hopsang is expected to arirve in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow next Tuesday.

The P. and O. s.s. Dunera which sailed from Bombay on July 14, is expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Sunday.

The B.I. s.s. Takada, from Calcutta on July 7, is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai next Tuesday.

The H.M.S. Colombo arrived in port yesterday afternoon and moored off Hongkew Wharf.

Vesse's Due

Chekiang, *Hankow*	July	28
China, *Hongkong*	July	25
Chungking, *Hankow*	July	26
E. of Asia, *Hongkong*	July	31
E. of Japan, *Hongkong* ..	July	23
Hector, *Liverpool*	July	26
Hopsang, *Hongkong*	July	27
Hsingfung, *Ningpo*	July	24
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo*	July	23
Hsinchi, *Foochow*	July	26
Hsintah, *Hongkong*	July	28
Hwahta, *Hankow*	July	30
Iyo Maru, *Japan*	July	23
Kianghsin *Hankow*	July	24
Kiangfoo, *Hankow*	July	23
Kiangwah, *Hankow*	July	27
Kiangyung, *Hankow*	July	26
Kingsing, *Tientsin*	July	26
Kokura Maru, *Japan*	July	24
Kumano Maru, *Japan*	July	25
Kwongsang, *Tsingtau*	July	26
Luenyi, *Hankow*	July	29
Loongwo, *Hankow*	July	25
Monteagle, *Vancouver*	July	31
Sakaki M. *Dairen*	July	26
Shantung, *Hongkong*	July	24
Shengking, *Hankow*	July	24
Shuntien, *Tientsin*	July	28
Sinkiang, *Hongkong*	July	26
Suiwo, *Hankow*	July	29
Takada, *Calcutta*, ...	July	29
Tatung, *Hankow*	July	25
Tean, *Tsingtau*	July	29
Tungchow, *Tientsin*	July	25
Tungshing, *Pukow*	July	23
Walshing, *Hankow*	July	28
Woosung, *Hankow*	July	23
Wosang, *Hankow*	July	30
Wuchang, *Hankow*	July	30
Yawata Maru, *Japan*	July	28
Yingchow, *Hongkong*	July	29

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco	
Shinyo Maru	June 21
Nile	June 22
Broad Arrow	June 28
Western Cross	July 2
Sylvan Arrow	July 5
Hyrcania	July 12
Colombia	July 16
Korea Maru	July 16
Satanta	July 16
For Tacoma	
Arabia Maru	July 7
Arizona Maru	July 20
For Seattle	
Miikesan Maru	June 28
Katori Maru	July 12
Tajima Maru	July 12
For Portland	
West Navarin	June 30
For Vancouver	
Empress of Russia	July 6
Mattawa	July 10
For New York	
Toyooka Maru	June 25
Deucalion	July 5
Grace Dollar	July 16
Amazon Maru	July 19
Javary	July 22
For London etc.	
Helenus	June 21
Inaba Maru	June 23
Karmala	June 25
Euryades	June 30
Carmarthenshire	June 30
Elpenor	July 1
Kamo Maru	July 9
Himalaya Maru	July 10
Kathlambe	July 13
Cardiganshire	July 18
Devanha	July 20
Pyrrhus	July 22
For Liverpool	
Orestes	July 14
Knight Templar	July 15
Awa Maru	July 19
Tokushima Maru	July 21
For Hamburg	
Tsushima Maru	July 9
For Marseilles	
Porthos	June 26
For Trieste	
Persia	July 21
For Calcutta	
Gregory Apcar	June 21
Torilla	July 13
For Bombay	
Dilwara	July 13
For Java	
Tjibodas	June 29
Mellon	July 17

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking for Ningpo: Rev. Fathers A. Dejbore and E. Moulis, Mr. Walters, Dr. and Mrs. Chambers.

Per C.N. s.s. Wuchang for Kiukiang: Mr. E. Hoose.

Per C.N. s.s. Sunning for Amoy: Messrs. Chong Eng-soon, A. C. Davis; for Hongkong: Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Edwards, R. H. Bevan, Steffani.

Per K.M.A. s.s. Kaiping for Chinwangtao: Mr. and Mrs. Ladow, Mrs. and 2 Misses Armistead, Mrs. J. W. Hawkings and child, Messrs. J. A. Hayes, E. Teeg, Tuxford.

Per I-C. s.s. Koonshing for Weihaiwei: Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Perkins; for Chefoo: Mr. J. H. Shoemaker, Mrs. N. Jockoreff and child, Mrs. Jaffray, Misses Rudy, Doner, H. R. Almstead; for Tientsin: Mrs. J. Dewey, Dr. Cartuccio, Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Gish, Capt. Bolan, Messrs. Lattimore, Weekes, E. A. Meyerink, Maloney, Fremy, Wood, Smith, Brouyard, Hardviller, Chavannes, Wetherby.

Per I-C. s.s. Kutwo for Kiukiang: Mr. J. W. Ross, Misses L. T. Shephard, A. S. Rhodes; for Hankow: Rev. Fathers Blowick and Galvin, Messrs. Hutchinson, R. T. Williams.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro Maru for Japan: Mr. and Mrs. Busch, Misses M. E. Craver, P. M. Davenport, Mrs. Angus, Mrs. E. Burnip, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. dos Remedios, Mrs. Gerngross and 3 children, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. R. Harris, Mrs. H. E. Haring, Miss Burke, Messrs. Krementsky Verhoeff, V. Dervaniades, G. Guston, A. Hammond, and child, J. M. Lopts, L. Blochman, H. Hart, A. Ducommun, Aleskovsky.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Fengtien from Tientsin: Mrs. T. Takuff, Rev. J. Blowick, Rev. E. J. Galvin, Misses Bianchini, Mantjean, Balltry, York, Mrs. Dyer, Messrs. Skelton, R. T. Williams, A. B. Campbell, W. Boanes, M. Sullivan, J. M. Mitchell, G. W. Evans, Pigott, Pigott, Knight, Dawson, M. F. H. Mansing, J. E. Lucas, W. T. Fueker, E. M. Gull, Mrs. M. Starngman.

Per I-C. s.s. Tuckwo from Hankow: Mr. C. Mabaron; from Kiukiang: Mrs. S. Cherington, Messrs. A. J. Heald, R. Durbin.

Per C.N. s.s. Ngankin from Hankow: Messrs. C. O. Nicholson, G. Nauman.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru from Japan: Messrs. G. Karatigain, A. Rouskakovsky, V. Vykhristoff, B. Strom.

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AUCTION INDEX

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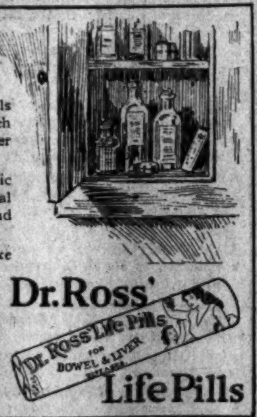
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Lack Of Funds Halts 'Wet' Prosecutions

Chicago, June 17.—Much to the joy of Chicago wets, District Attorney Clyne received telegraphic instructions today from Attorney General Palmer to drop all members of his staff who have been retained to prosecute violators of the Federal prohibition law.

The failure of Congress to pass a measure designed to appropriate $300,000 for the prosecution of prohibition violators makes imperative the removal of at least two Assistant Attorneys here.

Plans of District Attorney Clyne to add ten prosecutors to his staff to clean up the rapidly increasing number of liquor cases on the docket have been stopped. Between 500 and 600 cases are awaiting trial.

Meanwhile Major Dalrymple's men will continue their search for illicit liquor and will continue, they say, to turn over to the Federal District Attorney an average of 500 cases each month. But prosecution, if not entirely dropped, will be slow in action.

Bomb Exploded At Caruso Performance

Six Injured In Havana Opera Panic Due To Resentment Of High Prices

Havana, June 13.—The audience at the National Theater was thrown into a panic this afternoon and six persons were seriously injured when a bomb exploded in the midst of the farewell performance of Enrico Caruso at a popular matinee. Neither Caruso nor any of the other performers was hurt, but hundreds in the audience were bruised and beaten in the rush to get out of the theater.

The bomb, with a pressure of 20,000 pounds, was placed in the washroom of the gallery. It wrecked the acoustic box, three walls of the washroom, and some of the scenery crashed on the stage.

No arrests have been made. Judge Hector de Saavedra is still taking testimony in the lobby of the theater. Caruso was in his dressing room at the time the bomb exploded. He rushed out to see what the trouble was. Rudolfo Bracale, manager of the theater, fearing that another bomb might have been placed, rushed him in his costume for the second act to the Hotel Sevilla in Mme. Navarrete's automobile, which was waiting at the stage door.

The police say they have no explanation, except that seats were selling at a premium and the public had little opportunity to see Caruso, who is a hero here. Anonymous letters received by the management protested against the prices, from $35 up. Today was a popular matinee, and the bomb was taken as a demonstration, not against Caruso and the opera performers, but against the management.

According to Benno Ziruto, Secretary to Caruso, the bomb was timed for the triumphal scene in "Aida" in the last act, but the performance was forty-five minutes late getting under way and the explosion came as Beazanzoni and Escobar were singing the famous duet in the second act.

In a moment the theater was in uproar. Crowds swept aside the police guards in the aisles in the rush for the exits, women fainted and men fought each other.

Scores were trampled in the panic, the gallery audience plunged down stairways to the streets and many emerged with bloody faces and clothes torn to shreds. No complete record of the number injured was obtainable, but hundreds were treated for minor injuries. The police guard accorded for the Caruso performances were unable to handle the situation and reserves were rushed to the scene to hold back the street crowds attracted by the explosion.

The musicians rushed under the stage from the pit, and when several appeared on the street their clothes were bloody and they carried battered violins and musical instruments. The supers, clad in costumes of Egypt, rushed frantically out, making a hectic scene as they were swallowed up in the street throng.

Amusements

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∴ AMUSEMENTS ∴

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∴ AMUSEMENTS ∴

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